

D.C. SUBSTATION PROTECTIVE RELAY

TYPE

U-MLES-PLV-TS
(PLUG-IN)

"ULTRA"

Line

OPERATION MANUAL



CE

1. General Utilization and Commissioning Directions	6
1.1 - Storage and Transportation	6
1.2 - Installation	6
1.3 - Electrical Connection	6
1.4 - Measuring Inputs and Power Supply	6
1.5 - Outputs Loading	6
1.6 - Protection Earthing	6
1.7 - Setting and Calibration	6
1.8 - Safety Protection	6
1.9 - Handling	6
1.10 - Maintenance	6
1.11 - Waste Disposal of Electrical & Electronic Equipment	6
1.12 - Fault Detection and Repair	6
2. General	7
2.1 - Current measurement	7
2.2 - Line voltage measurement	7
2.3 - Frame earth fault current measurement	7
2.4 - Frame voltage measurement	7
2.1 - Power Supply	8
3. Front Panel	8
4. Keyboard and Display	9
5. Icons of Main Menu (Desktop)	10
5.1 - Touch home measures settings (available only via MCom2)	11
5.1.1 - Example	11
6. Signalization	13
6.1 - Display of the last trip	13
6.2 - Leds Configuration	14
6.2.1 - Name	14
6.2.2 - Link enable	14
6.2.3 - Status	14
6.2.4 - Light Prog.	14
6.2.5 - Funct. Mode	14
6.2.6 - Functions	14
6.2.7 - Table 1	15
6.3 - Example: Change settings for "Led5"	17
6.3.1 - "Enable"	17
6.3.2 - "Flashing"	18
6.3.3 - "Latched"	19
6.3.4 - "Functions"	19
7. User Variables	20
7.1 - Name	20
7.2 - User Descr.	20
7.3 - Linked functions	20
7.4 - OpLogic	20
7.5 - Timer	20
7.6 - Timer type	20
7.7 - Logical status	20
7.8 - Example: Setting "User Variable"	21
7.8.1 - "User description" (User descr.)	22
7.8.2 - "Linked Functions"	22
7.8.3 - "Operation Logic" (Oplogic)	23
7.8.4 - "Timer"	23
7.8.5 - "Timer type"	24
8. Home	25
9. Commands	26
10. Maximum Values (available only via MCom2)	27
11. Energy	28
12. Last Trips	29
13. Counters	30
14. ReadOnlyCnt	32
15. Events	33
15.1 - Events on display	34
16. Systems (System Parameters)	36
16.1 - Nominal Values	37
16.2 - Characteristic	37
16.3 - Comm Add Node	37
16.4 - IO board configuration	37
17. Settings	38
17.1 - Modifying the setting of variables	39
17.2 - Password	40
17.3 - Menu: Comm. (Communication)	40
17.3.1 - Description of variables	40

17.3.2 – Front Panel USB serial communication port	40
17.3.3 – Cable for connection from Relay to Personal Computer	40
17.3.4 – Rear serial communication port (RS485)	41
17.3.5 – Rear communication port (Ethernet with Modbus protocol)	41
17.3.6 – Wiring the Ethernet Communication	41
17.4 - Menu: HMI (Human Machine Interface - customize)	42
17.4.1 – Led configuration	42
17.4.2 – WirCB scheme – Scheme configuration	43
17.5 - Function: T> (Thermal Image F49)	48
17.5.1 - Description of variables	48
17.5.2 - Trip and Alarm	48
17.6 - Function: 1I> (First Overcurrent Element F50/51)	50
17.6.1 - Description of variables	50
17.6.2 - Algorithm of the time current curves	51
17.6.3 - IEC Curves	52
17.6.4 - Blocking Logic (BO-BI)	53
17.6.5 - Automatic doubling of Overcurrent thresholds on current inrush	53
17.7 - Function: 2I> (Second Overcurrent Element F50/51)	54
17.7.1 - Description of variables	54
17.8 - Function: 3I> (Third Overcurrent Element F50/51)	55
17.8.1 - Description of variables	55
17.9 - Function: 4I> (Fourth Overcurrent Element F50/51)	56
17.9.1 - Description of variables	56
17.10 - Function: Iis (Instantaneous Current Element)	56
17.10.1 - Description of variables	56
17.11 - Function: 1delta-I (First Current Step Element)	57
17.11.1 - Description of variables	57
17.10.2 - Operation of the Current step monitoring element	58
17.11 - Function: 2delta-I (Second Current Step Element)	59
17.11.1 - Description of variables	59
17.12 - Function: 1di/dt (First Current Rate of Rise Element)	60
17.12.1 - Description parameters	60
17.12.2 - Operation of the current rate of rise monitoring element	60
17.13 - Function: 2di/dt (Second Current Rate of Rise Element)	61
17.13.1 - Description parameters	61
17.13.2 - Operation of the current rate of rise monitoring element	61
17.14 - Function: Rapp (Impedance monitoring - di/dt dependence)	62
17.14.1 - Description of variables	62
17.14.2 - Operation the Impedance monitoring element	62
17.15 - Function: Iapp (Current monitoring with di/dt dependence)	63
17.15.1 - Description of variables	63
17.15.2 - Operation of the "Iapp" element	63
17.16 - Function: 1Ig (First Frame Fault Element)	64
17.16.1 - Description of variables	64
17.16.2 - Operation	64
17.17 - Function: 2Ig (Second Frame Fault Element)	65
17.17.1 - Description of variables	65
17.17.2 - Operation	65
17.18 - Function: RCL (Automatic Reclosure)	66
17.18.1 - Description of variables	66
17.18.2 - Operation	66
17.18.3 - Status indication	67
17.18.4 - Flow chart RCL	68
17.19 - Function: 1U> (First OverVoltage Element F59)	69
17.19.1 - Description of variables	69
17.20 - Function: 2U> (Second OverVoltage Element F59)	69
17.20.1 - Description of variables	69
17.21 - Function: 1U< (First UnderVoltage Element F27)	70
17.21.1 - Description of variables	70
17.22 - Function: 2U< (Second UnderVoltage Element F27)	70
17.22.1 - Description of variables	70
17.23 - Function: Wi (Circuit Breaker maintenance level)	71
17.23.1 - Description of variables	71
17.23.2 - Operation (Accumulation of the interruption Energy)	71
17.24 - Function: TCS (Trip Circuit Supervision)	73
17.24.1 - Description of variables	73
17.24.2 - Operation schema diversa numerazione	73
17.25 - Function: IRF (Internal Relay Fault)	74
17.25.1 - Description of variables	74
17.25.2 - Operation	74
17.26 - Function: RT (First Element Remote Trip)	75
17.26.1 - Description of variables	75
17.26.2 - Operation	75
17.27 - Function: RTX (Second Element Remote Trip)	76
17.27.1 - Description of variables	76

17.27.2 - Operation	76
17.28 - Function: BrkFailure (Breaker Failure)	77
17.28.1 - Description of variables	77
17.28.2 - Operation	77
17.29 - Function: Wh (Energy counter Pulse)	78
17.29.1 - Description of variables	78
17.29.2 - Operation	78
17.30 - Function: Self Trip (Energy counter Pulse)	78
17.30.1 - Description of variables	78
17.30.2 - Operation	78
17.31 - Function: Oscillo (Oscillographic Recording)	79
17.31.1 - Description of variables	79
17.31.2 - Operation	79
17.31.3 - Available on MScCom2	80
17.31.4 - Setting "Oscillo Trigger Logic"	82
17.32 - Function: L/R CB Cmds (Local Remote Close Breaker Commands)	87
17.32.1 - Description of variables	87
17.33 - Function: CB-L (Lock C/B reclosure)	87
17.33.1 - Description of variables	87
17.33.2 - Operation	87
17.34 - Function: LT (Automatic Line Test)	88
17.34.1 - Description of variables	88
17.34.2 - Operation	88
17.34.4 - Display status indication	88
17.34.3 - Flow chart	89
17.35 - Function: ExtReset (External Reset Configuration)	90
17.35.1 - Description of variables	90
17.36 - Function: Switches (Diagnostic C/B position)	90
17.36.1 - Description of variables	90
17.36.2 - Operation	90
17.38 - Function: auxRCmds (Auxiliary Remote Commands)	91
17.38.1 - Description of variables	91
18. Input - Output (Via Keyboard or MScCom2 software)	92
18.1 - Digital Input	92
18.2 - "DI" Configuration parameter available (via keyboard or MScCom2 software)	92
18.3 - Function available	93
18.4 - "InpCfg" Inputs Configuration - via Touch Screen	95
18.5 - "InpView" Inputs Status View - via Touch Screen	95
18.6 - "DI" Configuration - via MScCom2 software	96
18.6.1 - Example	96
18.6.2 - Name	96
18.6.3 - Status	96
18.6.4 - OpLogic	96
18.6.5 - Functions	96
18.6.6 - Example: Setting "Digital Input"	96
18.6.7 - "Functions"	97
18.7 - Outputs Relay	98
18.8 - "OutCfg" Outputs Configuration - via Touch Screen	98
18.9 - "OutCfg" Outputs Configuration - via MScCom2 software	100
18.9.1 - "Example"	100
18.9.2 - "Relay"	100
18.9.3 - "Linked function"	100
18.9.4 - "Operation Logic"	100
18.9.5 - "Logical Status"	100
18.9.6 - "Output Configuration"	100
18.9.7 - "tON - Operation Time"	100
18.9.8 - "Relay Status"	100
18.9.9 - Functions - Operation Mode	101
18.9.10 - Example: Change settings for "0.R1"	102
19. UserVar	105
19.1 - Configuration - via Touch Screen	105
19.1.1 - Selection Gate	105
19.1.2 - "Logic"	106
19.1.3 - "Link" (example without "Logic" assigned)	107
19.1.4 - "Link" (example with "Logic = AND" assigned)	107
19.1.5 - "Timer"	108
19.1.6 - "Preset"	108
19.2 - Configuration - via MScCom2 software	109
19.2.1 - Name	109
19.2.2 - User Descr.	109
19.2.3 - Linked functions	109
19.2.4 - OpLogic	109
19.2.5 - Timer	109
19.2.6 - Timer type	109
19.2.7 - Logical status	109

19.2.8 - Example: Setting "User Variable" _____	110
20. Date and Time _____	115
20.1- Clock synchronization _____	115
21. Healthy (Diagnostic Information) _____	116
22. Info (Device Information) _____	117
23. FW Version (Firmware Version) _____	118
24. Software Application _____	118
25. Display Cal. (Display Calibration) _____	119
25.1 – Set Default Calibration Touch Panel (via software MScOm2) _____	120
26. Battery _____	121
27. Maintenance _____	121
28. Power Frequency Insulation Test _____	121
29. Wiring Diagram _____	122
29.1 – UX10-4 - Expansion Module - Wiring Diagram (10 Digital Inputs + 4 Output Relays) _____	122
29.2 – 14DO - Expansion Module - Wiring Diagram (14 Output Relays) _____	123
29.3 – 14DI - Expansion Module - Wiring Diagram (14 Digital Inputs) _____	123
30. Overall Dimensions _____	124
30.1 - Back _____	124
31. Spare Parts _____	125
31.1 – Main Unit _____	125
32. Tools _____	125
33. Electrical Characteristics _____	126

1. General Utilization and Commissioning Directions

Always make reference to the specific description of the product and to the Manufacturer's instruction. Carefully observe the following warnings.

1.1 - Storage and Transportation

Must comply with the environmental conditions stated in the product's specification or by the applicable IEC standards.

1.2 - Installation

Must be properly made and in compliance with the operational ambient conditions stated by the Manufacturer.

1.3 - Electrical Connection

Must be made strictly according to the wiring diagram supplied with the Product, to its electrical characteristics and in compliance with the applicable standards particularly with reference to human safety.

1.4 - Measuring Inputs and Power Supply

Carefully check that the value of input quantities and power supply voltage are proper and within the permissible variation limits.

1.5 - Outputs Loading

Must be compatible with their declared performance.

1.6 - Protection Earthing

When earthing is required, carefully check its effectiveness.

1.7 - Setting and Calibration

Carefully check the proper setting of the different functions according to the configuration of the protected system, the safety regulations and the co-ordination with other equipment.

1.8 - Safety Protection

Carefully check that all safety means are correctly mounted, apply proper seals where required and periodically check their integrity.

1.9 - Handling

Notwithstanding the highest practicable protection means used in designing M.S. electronic circuits, the electronic components and semiconductor devices mounted on the modules can be seriously damaged by electrostatic voltage discharge which can be experienced when handling the modules.

The damage caused by electrostatic discharge may not be immediately apparent but the design reliability and the long life of the product will have been reduced. The electronic circuits produced by M.S. are completely safe from electrostatic discharge (8 KV IEC 255.22.2) when housed in their case; withdrawing the modules without proper cautions expose them to the risk of damage.

1.10 - Maintenance

Make reference to the instruction manual of the Manufacturer; maintenance must be carried-out by specially trained people and in strict conformity with the safety regulations.

1.11 - Waste Disposal of Electrical & Electronic Equipment

(Applicable throughout the European Union and other European countries with separate collection program).

This product should not be treated as household waste when you wish dispose of it. Instead, it should be handed over to an applicable collection point for the recycling of electrical and electronic equipment.

By ensuring this product is disposed of correctly, you will help prevent potential negative consequence to the environment and human health, which could otherwise be caused by inappropriate disposal of this product. The recycling of materials will help to conserve natural resource.

1.12 - Fault Detection and Repair

Internal calibrations and components should not be altered or replaced.

For repair please ask the Manufacturer or its authorized Dealers.

Misapplication of the above warnings and instruction relieves the Manufacturer of any liability.

2. General

Input quantities are supplied via isolated converters with (0 - 20)mA output (overload 25mA).
For best accuracy and reliability we recommend to use MHIT measuring converters for supply of input.

2.1 - Current measurement

1 Input 0 - 20mA $\equiv$ 0 - 1In
1 Input 0 - 20(25)mA $\equiv$ 0 - 10(12.5)In
Measuring range 0 - 12,5 times the rated input current (12,5In)
Resolution 16 bits

2.2 - Line voltage measurement

1 Input 0 - 40mA $\equiv$ 0 - 2Un
Measuring range 0 - 2 times the rated input voltage (2xUn)
Resolution 12 bits

2.3 - Frame earth fault current measurement

1 Input 0 - 20mA (25mA) $\equiv$ 0 - 1In (0 - 1,25In)
Measuring range 0 - 1 times the rated input current
Resolution 12 bits

2.4 - Frame voltage measurement

1 Input 0 - 40mA $\equiv$ 0 - 2Un
Measuring range 0 - 2 times the rated input voltage (2xUn)
Resolution 12 bits

Make electric connection in conformity with the diagram reported on relay's enclosure.
Check that input currents and voltages are same as reported on the diagram and on the test certificate.
The auxiliary power is supplied by a built-in fully isolated and self-protected unit.

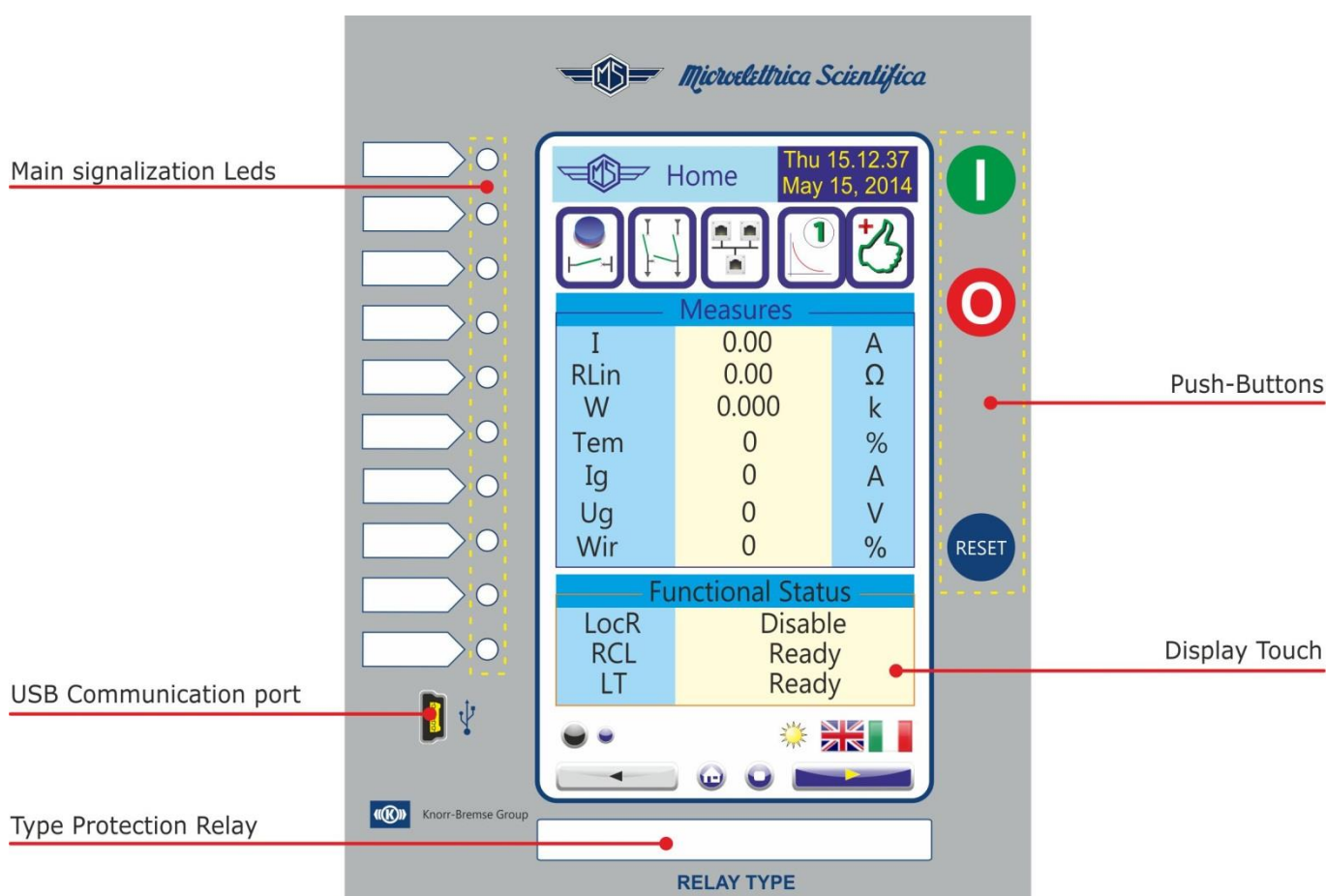
2.1 - Power Supply

The relay can be fitted with two different types of **power supply**:

Type 1	24V(-20%) / 110V(+15%) a.c.	24V(-20%) / 125V(+20%) d.c.
Type 2	80V(-20%) / 220V(+15%) a.c.	90V(-20%) / 250V(+20%) d.c.

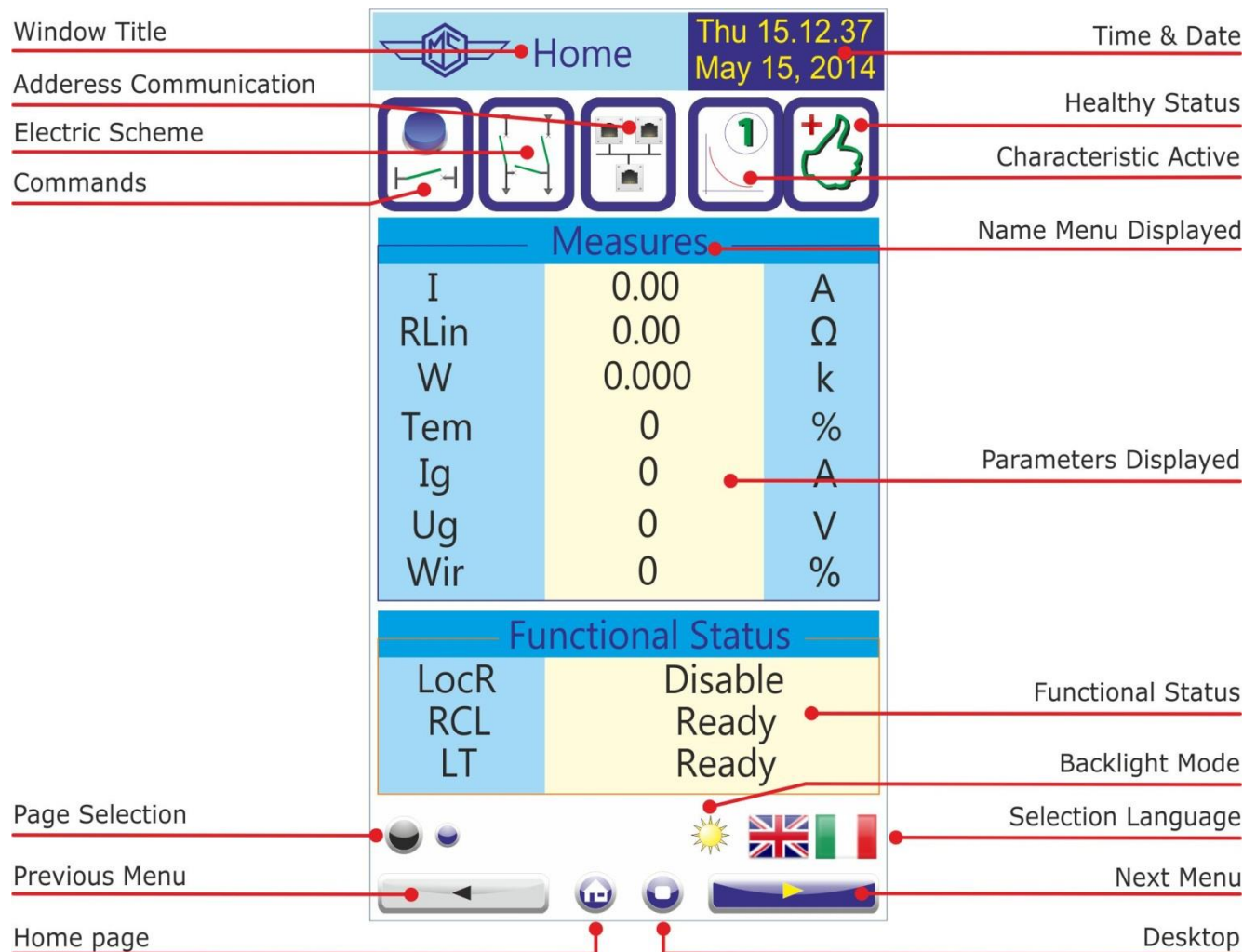
Before energizing the unit check that supply voltage is within the allowed limits.

3. Front Panel



4. Keyboard and Display

The 480x272 pixel LCD Touch display the available information (menu, etc.).



C/B Close control



C/B Open control



Reset

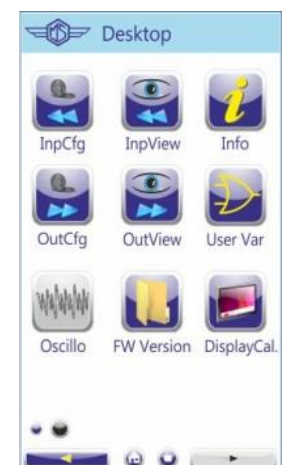
5. Icons of Main Menu (Desktop)

	Energy	Energy Measurements
	ReadOnlyCnt	Total Counter (Read Only Counter)
	Events	Event Recording
	Commands	Local Commands
	Counters	Partial Counters (Resettable Counter)
	Last Trips	Last Trip
	Settings	Function Settings
	Systems	System Settings
	Healthy	Diagnostic Information
	<i>InpCfg</i>	<i>Inputs Configuration</i>
	<i>InpView</i>	<i>Inputs View</i>
	Info	General Info
	<i>OutCfg</i>	<i>Outputs Configuration</i>
	OutView	Outputs View
	User Var	User Variable
	Oscillo	Oscillographic recording (Not Available)
	FW Version	Firmware version
	Display Cal	Display Calibration

Page 1



Page 2



5.1 – Touch home measures settings (available only via MCom2)

Through this menu is possible to set the order of parameters (maximum 30) shows in the home page

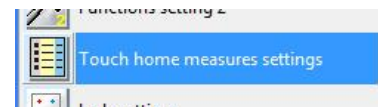
5.1.1 – Example

Open “**MSCOM2**” program and connect to the relay.

Select “Change Windows” from “Menu” button



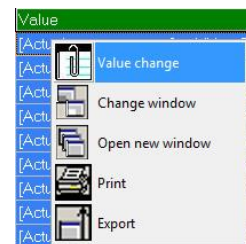
Select “Touch home measures settings”.



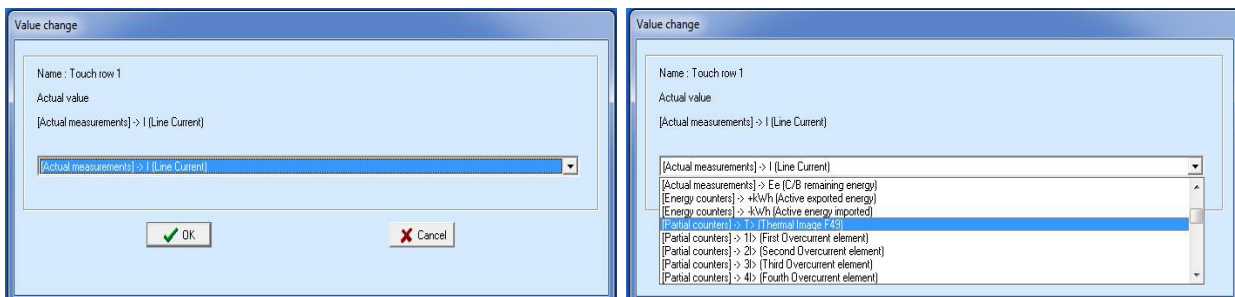
The window configuration will show:

ID	Name	Value
1	Touch row 1	[Actual measurements] -> I (Line Current)
2	Touch row 2	[Actual measurements] -> U (Line Voltage)
3	Touch row 3	[Actual measurements] -> W (Power)
4	Touch row 4	[Actual measurements] -> Tem (Thermal Status %Tn)
5	Touch row 5	[Actual measurements] -> Ig (Frame to Ground fault current)
6	Touch row 6	[Actual measurements] -> Ug (Frame to Ground fault voltage)
7	Touch row 7	[Actual measurements] -> Wir (C/B residual interruption energy)
8	Touch row 8	[Actual measurements] -> RS-G (Resistance Screen/Ground)
9	Touch row 9	[Actual measurements] -> A/ms (Current rate of rise)
10	Touch row 10	[Actual measurements] -> Rapp (Impedance monitoring)

Select “**Value**” related to “Touch row 1” and press right button on mouse, select “Value change”:



Select “**T>**” from combo box and press “OK” (if Password is request, see § Password):



Now on the relay display on line 1 will appear T>.

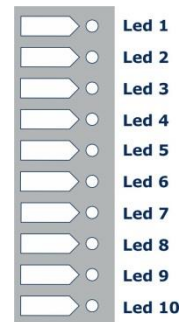
5.1.1.1 - Available parameters

I	Actual Measurements	Line Current	default
RLin	Actual Measurements	Line resistance	default
W	Actual Measurements	Power	default
Tem	Actual Measurements	Thermal status	default
Ig	Actual Measurements	Frame to Ground fault current	default
Ug	Actual Measurements	Frame to Ground fault voltage	default
Vv	Actual Measurements	C/B downstream voltage	default
Vm	Actual Measurements	C/B Upstream voltage	default
A/ms	Actual Measurements	Current rate of rise	default
Rapp	Actual Measurements	Impedance monitoring	default
Ei	Actual Measurements	C/B Remaining energy	default
Ee	Actual Measurements	C/B Remaining energy	default
+kWh	Energy counters	Active Exported energy	
-kWh	Energy counters	Active Imported energy	
T>	Partial Counters	Thermal image	
1I>	Partial Counters	First overcurrent element	
2I>	Partial Counters	Second overcurrent element	
3I>	Partial Counters	Third overcurrent element	
4I>	Partial Counters	First overcurrent element	
Iis>	Partial Counters	Fourth overcurrent element	
1dl	Partial Counters	First current step element	
2dl	Partial Counters	Second current step element	
1di/dt	Partial Counters	First current rate of rise element	
1di/dt	Partial Counters	Second current rate of rise element	
Rapp	Partial Counters	Impedance monitoring di/dt dependence	
Iapp	Partial Counters	Current monitoring with di/dt dependence	
1Ig	Partial Counters	First frame fault element	
2Ig	Partial Counters	Second frame fault element	
RCL	Partial Counters	Recloser	
1U>	Partial Counters	First Overvoltage element	
2U<	Partial Counters	Second Overvoltage element	
1U<	Partial Counters	First Undervoltage element	
2U<	Partial Counters	Second Undervoltage element	
Ni	Partial Counters	Trip number arcs interrupts operation	
Ne	Partial Counters	Trip number electrical contact operation	
Nm	Partial Counters	Trip number mechanical operation of circuit breaker	
Wi	Partial Counters	C/B maintenance alarm	
RT	Partial Counters	Remote Trip	
TCS	Partial Counters	Trip circuit supervision	
IRF	Partial Counters	Internal Relay Fault	
BrkF	Partial Counters	Breaker Failure	
SelfTrip	Partial Counters	Spontaneous protection trip	
AutOp	Partial Counters	Automatic C/B open	
AutCl	Partial Counters	Automatic C/B close	
ManOp	Partial Counters	Manual / Intentional C/B open	
ManCl	Partial Counters	Manual / Intentional C/B close	
OvrOp	Partial Counters	Overall C/B open (automatic + Intentional)	
OvrCl	Partial Counters	Overall C/B close (automatic + Intentional)	
LT	Partial Counters	Line Test	
RTX	Partial Counters	Remote Trip	
DiaCB1	Partial Counters	C/B1 Input position discremancy	
AnCB1	Partial Counters	C/B1 Operation failure	
OpCB1	Partial Counters	C/B1 Openings operation	
CICB1	Partial Counters	C/B1 Closures operation	
DiaCB2	Partial Counters	C/B2 Input position discremancy	
AnCB2	Partial Counters	C/B2 Operation failure	
OpCB2	Partial Counters	C/B2 Openings operation	
CICB2	Partial Counters	C/B2 Closures operation	
DiaCB3	Partial Counters	C/B3 Input position discremancy	
AnCB3	Partial Counters	C/B3 Operation failure	
OpCB3	Partial Counters	C/B3 Openings operation	
CICB3	Partial Counters	C/B3 Closures operation	
DiaCB4	Partial Counters	C/B4 Input position discremancy	
AnCB4	Partial Counters	C/B4 Operation failure	
OpCB4	Partial Counters	C/B4 Openings operation	
CICB4	Partial Counters	C/B4 Closures operation	
DiaCB5	Partial Counters	C/B5 Input position discremancy	
AnCB5	Partial Counters	C/B5 Operation failure	
OpCB5	Partial Counters	C/B5 Openings operation	
CICB5	Partial Counters	C/B5 Closures operation	

6. Signalization

Ten signal leds are provided:

N°	Colour	Default Status
Led 1	Green	Not Assigned
Led 2	Red	Not Assigned
Led 3	Yellow	Not Assigned
Led 4	Yellow	Not Assigned
Led 5	Yellow	Not Assigned
Led 6	Red	Not Assigned
Led 7	Red	Not Assigned
Led 8	Red	Not Assigned
Led 9	Red	Not Assigned
Led 10	Green	Not Assigned



In case of auxiliary power supply failure the status of the leds is recorded and reproduced when power supply is restored.

Reset from Illuminated status is manual (see § Commands)

6.1 – Display of the last trip

When a generic function trip, the display shows a window indicating the last function that has tripped and the number of events that are stored in the memory. The display will show this window until the reset button or external reset are operated.



Number of trip before reset.

Function tripped

Press to erase visualization

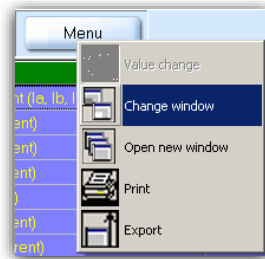
Press to visualization trip parameter

6.2 - Leds Configuration

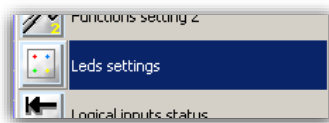
For Leds' programming (only via MScCom2) operate as follows:

Open "**MSCOM2**" program and connect to the relay.

Select "Change Windows" from "Menu" button



Select "Led Setting"



The window for led configuration will show:

ID	Name	Link enable	Status	Light prog.	Funct. Mode	Functions
1	Led 1 (Read only)	Not linked	Light off	Light on	Volatile	11>
2	Led 2 (Read only)	Not linked	Light off	Light on	Volatile	11>

6.2.1 - Name

Led name – for leds position see picture

6.2.2 - Link enable

<i>Linked</i>	=	Enable to operate
<i>No Linked</i>	=	Disable

6.2.3 - Status

<i>Light-OFF</i>	=	Normal condition	See "Light Prog"
<i>Light-ON</i>	=	When cause appear led is illuminated	
<i>Flashing</i>	=	When cause appear led is flashing	

6.2.4 - Light Prog.

<i>Light-ON</i>	=	When cause appear led is illuminated
<i>Flashing</i>	=	When cause appear led is flashing

6.2.5 - Funct. Mode

<i>Volatile</i>	=	When cause disappear led turn-off (Not memorized)
<i>Latched</i>	=	When cause disappear led remain illuminated (memorized)

6.2.6 - Functions

Select the function assigned to specific led (see table 1).
It's possible to configure only one function for each led.
For configuration multiple functions use "UserVar" function.

6.2.7 - Table 1

T>	Tal	(alarm)	Thermal element
	T>	(trip)	
1I>	1I>	(Start)	First overcurrent element
	t1I>	(Trip)	
2I>	2I>	(Start)	Second overcurrent element
	t2I>	(Trip)	
3I>	3I>	(Start)	Third overcurrent element
	t3I>	(Trip)	
4I>	4I>	(Start)	Fourth overcurrent element
	t4I>	(Trip)	
1dI	1dI	(Start)	First Current step element
	t1dI	(Trip)	
2dI	2dI	(Start)	Second Current step element
	t2dI	(Trip)	
1di/dt	1di/dt	(Start)	First Current rate of rise element
	t1di/dt	(Trip)	
2di/dt	2di/dt	(Start)	Second Current rate of rise element
	t2di/dt	(Trip)	
Rapp	Rapp	(Trip)	Impedance monitoring – di/dt dependance
Iapp	Iapp		Current monitoring with di/dt dependence
1Ig	1Ig	(Start)	First instantaneous Frame Fault element
	t1Ig	(Trip)	First time delayed Frame Fault element
2Ig	2Ig	(Start)	Second Frame Fault element
	t2Ig	(Trip)	
RCL	RCL cmd	(Trip)	Reclosure Shot command
	ARP		Autoreclosure in progress
	ARF		Autoreclosure Failure
	ARL		Autoreclosure Lock-out
	AROK		Autoreclosure Ok
	ARE		Autoreclosure Enable
	ARD		Autoreclosure Disable
1U>	1U>	(Start)	First overvoltage element
	t1U>	(Trip)	
2U>	2U>	(Start)	Second overvoltage element
	t2U>	(Trip)	
1U<	1U<	(Start)	First undervoltage element
	t1U<	(Trip)	
2U<	2U<	(Start)	Second undervoltage element
	t2U<	(Trip)	
Is>	Iis>		Instantaneous current
RT	RT	(Trip)	First Instantaneous Remote Trip
	tRT	(Start)	First Time delayed Remote Trip
Wi	Ni		Maximum number of arc chute operation at nominal values
	alNi		Alarm maintenance level of arc chute operation
	Ne		Maximum number of arc contact operation at nominal values
	alNe		Alarm maintenance level of arc contact operation
	Nm		Maximum number of mechanical operation
	alNm		Alarm maintenance level of mechanical operation
TCS	tTCS	(Trip)	Time delayed Trip Circuit Supervision
IRF	IRF	(Start)	Time delayed Internal relay Fault
	tIRF	(Trip)	Instantaneous Internal relay Fault
RTX	RTX	(Trip)	Second Instantaneous Remote Trip
	tRTX	(Start)	Second Time delayed Remote Trip
CB-L	CB-L		C/B reclose Lock-out
BF	BF		Breaker Failure
Wh	+ Wh		Imported Energy counter Pulse
	- Wh		Exported Energy counter Pulse
L/R CB	cmdOpCB		Open C/B command
Cmds	cmdClCB		Close C/B command
	LocRemInc		Local / Remote Inconsistency
	missCBOpe		Missed C/B opening (Digital input missing)
LT	LTPb		Output to operate an external flashing lamp signalling line test in progress
	LTP		Line Test in progress
	LTF		Line Test Failed
	LTOK		Line Test OK
	LTB		Line Test Blocked
	LT cmd	(Trip)	Line Test Command
	Gen.Start		Start Generic
	Gen.Trip		Trip Generic
	UserTriggerOscillo		User Variable for Oscillographic Recording

UserVar<0> to UserVar<48>	User Variable		
MasterOp1	Modbus Master CB1 Open request		
MasterCl1	Modbus Master CB1 Close request		
MasterOp2	Modbus Master CB2 Open request		
MasterCl2	Modbus Master CB2 Close request		
MasterOp3	Modbus Master CB3 Open request		
MasterCl3	Modbus Master CB3 Close request		
MasterOp4	Modbus Master CB4 Open request		
MasterCl4	Modbus Master CB4 Close request		
MasterOp5	Modbus Master CB5 Open request		
MasterCl5	Modbus Master CB5 Close request		
CB1Fail	CB1 Failure		
CB2Fail	CB2 Failure		
CB3Fail	CB3 Failure		
CB4Fail	CB4 Failure		
CB5Fail	CB5 Failure		
CB1MissedOP	CB1 Missed Operation		
CB2MissedOP	CB2 Missed Operation		
CB3MissedOP	CB3 Missed Operation		
CB4MissedOP	CB4 Missed Operation		
CB5MissedOP	CB5 Missed Operation		
Dial	External analog transducer fail (if different from 0-20mA) istantaneous element.		
tDial	External analog transducer fail (if different from 0-20mA) time delayed element.		
SelfTrip	Spontaneous protection		
t-SelfTrip	Self-Trip time delay		
Vcc	Reserved		
Gnd	Reserved		
ResLog	Reset signal logic		
P1	Push-button Open		
P2	Push-button Close		
P3			
0.D1	Digital Input "0.D1"	activated	Digital Input on Main Relay
0.D1Not to	Digital Input "0.D1"	deactivated	
0.D4	Digital Input "0.D4"	activated	Digital Input on Main Relay
0.D4Not	Digital Input "0.D4"	deactivated	
1.D1	Digital Input "1.D1"	activated	Digital input on Expansion Board
1.D1Not to	Digital Input "1.D1"	deactivated	
1.D15	Digital Input "1.D15"	activated	Digital input on Expansion Board
1.D15Not	Digital Input "1.D15"	deactivated	
2.D1	Digital Input "2.D1"	activated	Digital input on Expansion Board
2.D1Not to	Digital Input "2.D1"	deactivated	
2.D15	Digital Input "2.D10"	activated	Digital input on Expansion Board
2.D15Not	Digital Input "2.D10"	deactivated	
0.R1 to	Output relays on Main Relay		
0.R6			
1.R1 to	Output relays on Expansion Board		
1.R14			
2.R1 to	Output relays on Expansion Board		
2.R14			

6.3 - Example: Change settings for "Led5"

Change settings for "**LED5**" : "Enable", "Flashing", "Latched", "1I>".

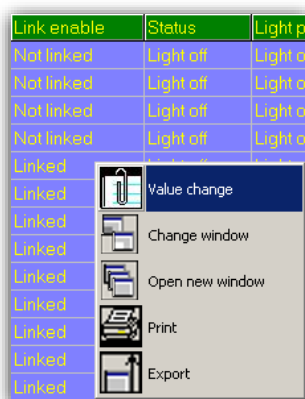
Led 1	=	Read only	(see § Signalization on Main Relay)
Led 2	=		
Led 3	=		
Led 4	=		
Led 5	=	are provided in signalization module	
	to		
Led 53	=		

Main Windows:

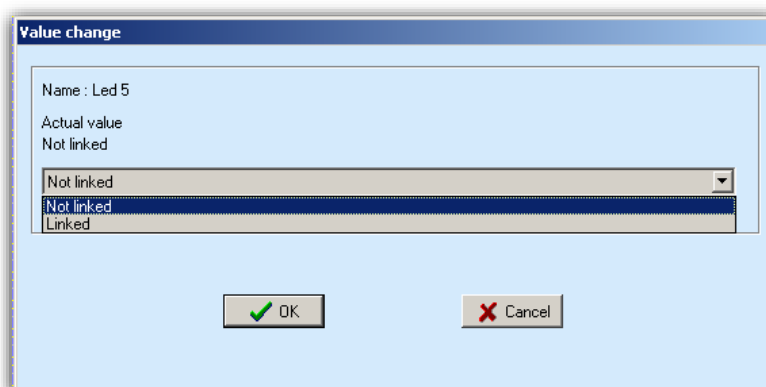
ID	Name	Link enable	Status	Light prog.	Funct. Mode	Functions
1	Led 1 (Read only)	Not linked (0)	Light off (0)	Light on (0)	Volatile (0)	1I> (0)
2	Led 2 (Read only)	Not linked (0)	Light off (0)	Light on (0)	Volatile (0)	1I> (0)
3	Led 3 (Read only)	Not linked (0)	Light off (0)	Light on (0)	Volatile (0)	1I> (0)
4	Led 4 (Read only)	Not linked (0)	Light off (0)	Light on (0)	Volatile (0)	1I> (0)
5	Led 5	Not linked (0)	Light off (0)	Light on (0)	Volatile (0)	1 I1

6.3.1 - "Enable"

Select "**Link enable**" related to "Led 5" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":

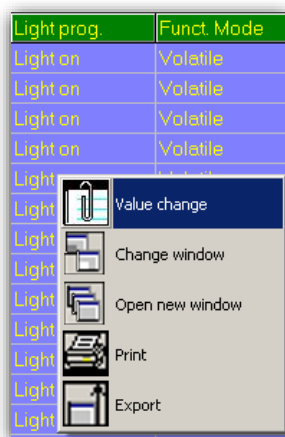


Select "**Linked**" from combo box and press "OK" (if Password is request, see § Password):

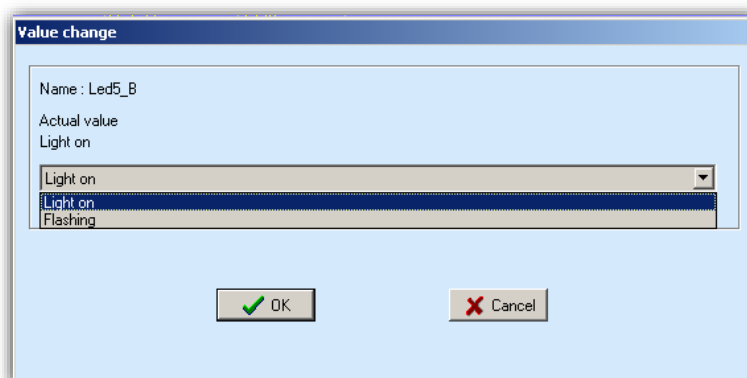


6.3.2 - "Flashing"

Select "**Light prog**" related to Led 5 and press right button on mouse, select "**Value change**":

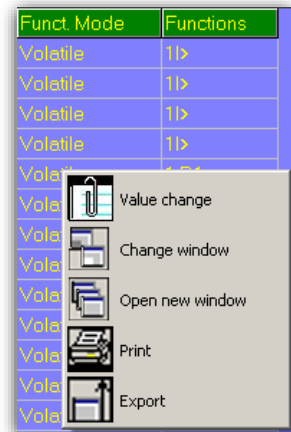


Select "**Flashing**" from combo box and press "OK" (if Password is request, see § Password):

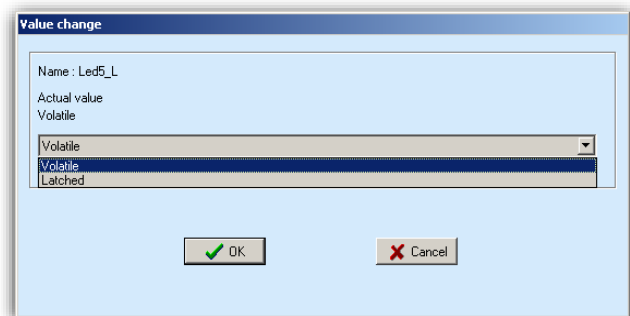


6.3.3 - "Latched"

Select "**Latched**" related to Led 5 and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":

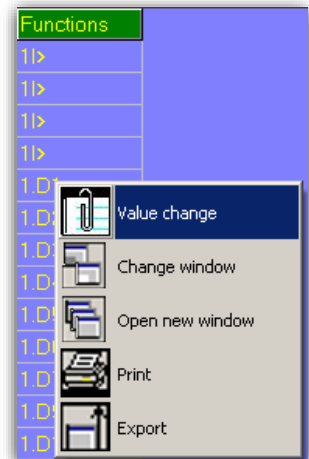


Select "**Latched**" from combo box and press "OK" (if Password is request, see § Password):

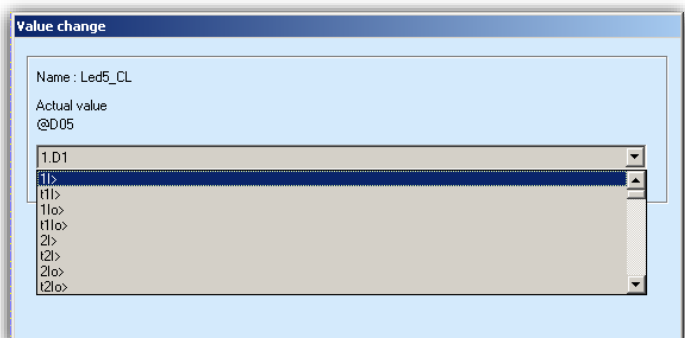


6.3.4 - "Functions"

Select "**Functions**" related to Led 5 and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":



Select "**1I>**" from combo box and press "OK" (if Password is request, see § Password):



7. User Variables

The "**USER VARIABLE**" is a result of a logical operation (Or, AND, ecc...), it can be used like other logical output. This operation is possible only via "MSCom2" software.

Name	User descr.	Linked functions	OpLogic	Timer	Timer type	Logical status
------	-------------	------------------	---------	-------	------------	----------------

7.1 - Name

Internal progressive name

7.2 - User Descr.

Custom identification label for user variable

7.3 - Linked functions

Selection functions

7.4 - OpLogic

Operation Logic = [None, OR, AND, XOR, NOR, NAND, NOT, Ff-SR, Counter, Rise-Up, Fall-Down]

7.5 - Timer

Time delay (0-10)s, step 0.01s

7.6 - Timer type

<i>Delay</i>	= Add a delay on output activation. The "Timer" is edge triggered on rise edge.
<i>Monostable P</i>	= Monostable Positive , the positive length of set signal is determinate by the timer
<i>Monostable N</i>	= Monostable Negative , the negative length of set signal is determinate by the timer
<i>Blinking</i>	= The output blink at the specify period
<i>Delay-Fall-Down</i>	= Delay to change edge

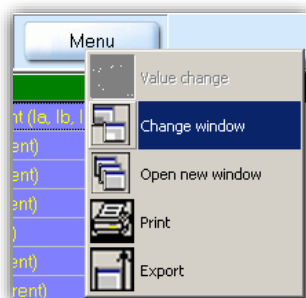
7.7 - Logical status

"User Variable" Logical status

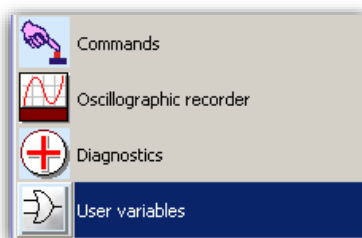
7.8 - Example: Setting "User Variable"

Open "**MSCOM2**" program and connect to the relay.

Select "Change Windows" from "Menu" button



Select "**USER VARIABLE**"

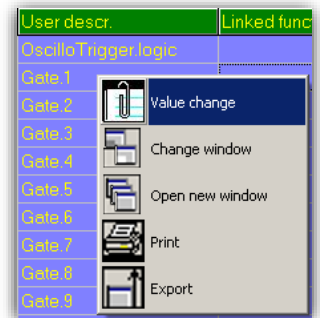


Setting for "**USERVAR<0>**" : "**Current Trip**", "**1I>,2I>,3I>**", "**OR**", "**1**", "**Monostable**".

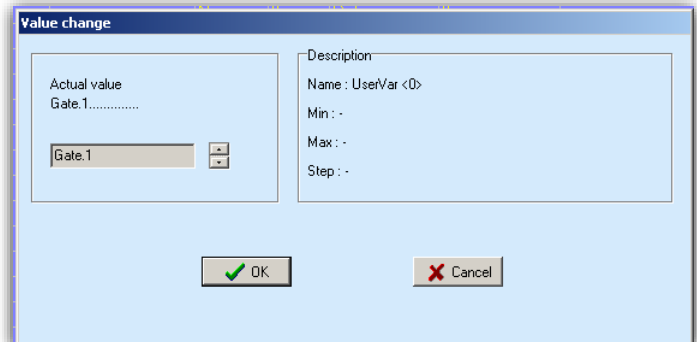
ID	Name	User descr.	Linked functions	OpLogic	Timer	Timer type	Logical status
1	User Trigger Oscillo	User Trigger Oscillo		None	0	Delay	0
2	UserVar <0>	Current trip	1I>,2I>,3I>	OR	1	Monostable	0

7.8.1 - "User description" (User descr.)

Select "**User descr**" related to "UserVar<0>" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":

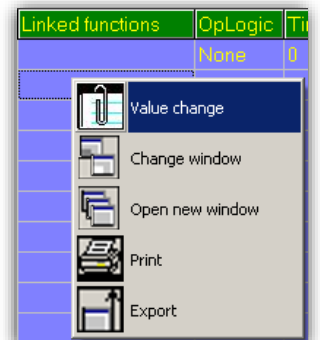


Insert "**Current Trip**" into box and press "OK":

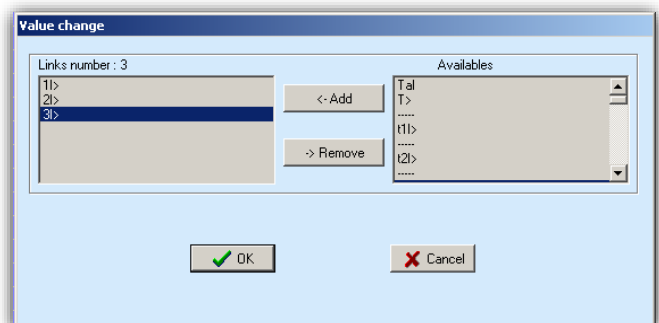
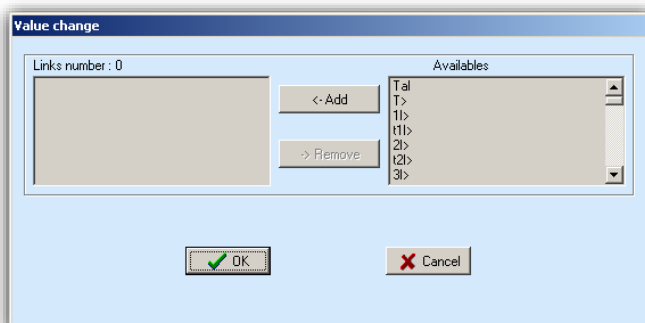


7.8.2 - "Linked Functions"

Select "**Linked Functions**" related to "UserVar<0>" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":

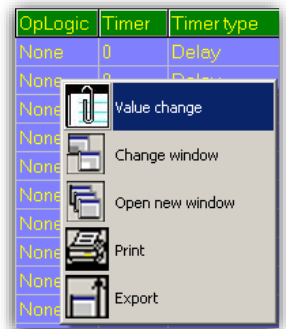


Select "**1I>, 2I>, 3I>**" from "Available" box via push-button "<Add", and press "OK".
For remove functions, use push-button ">Remove".

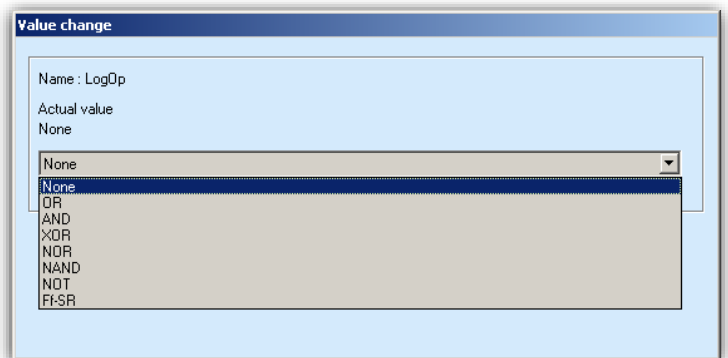


7.8.3 - "Operation Logic" (Oplogic)

Select "**Oper Logic**" related to "UserVar<0>" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":

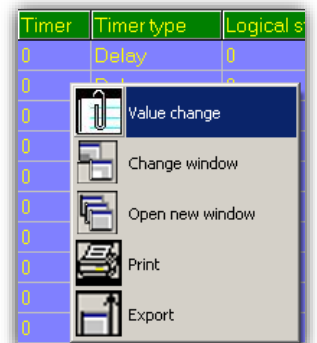


Insert "**OR**" into box and press "OK":

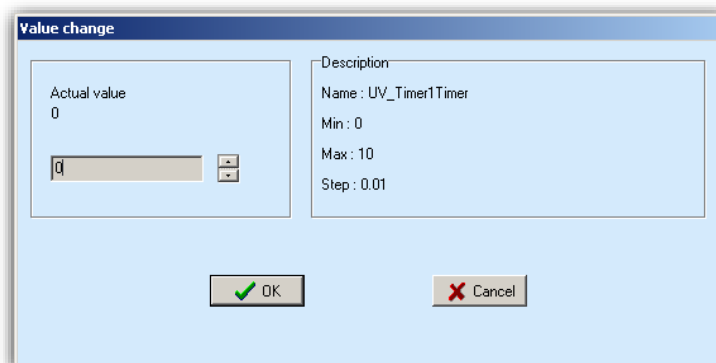


7.8.4 - "Timer"

Select "**Timer**" related to "UserVar<0>" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":

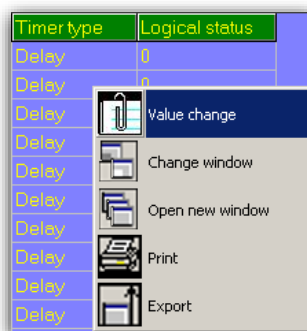


Select "**1**" into box and press "OK":

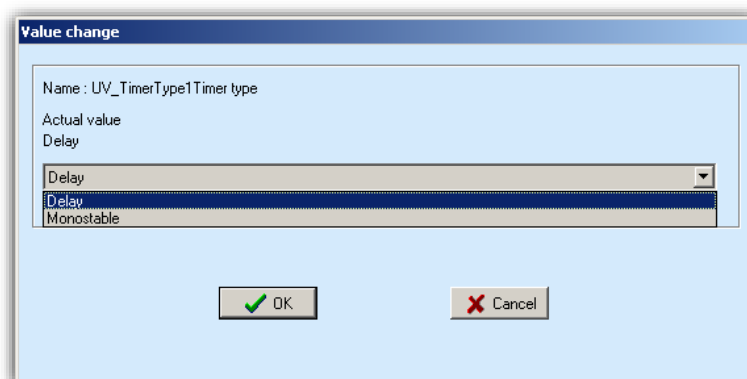


7.8.5 - "Timer type"

Select "**Timer**" related to "UserVar<0>" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":

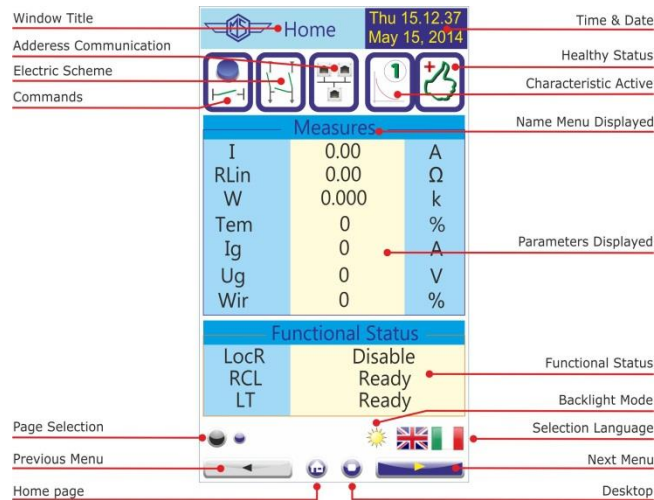


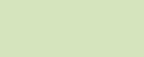
Select "**Monostable**" into box and press "OK":



8. Home

In the "Home" page, is displayed the real time values measured during the normal operation.



Time and Date		Displayed Current Date and Time		
Breaker Status (When pressed opens the menu commands)		Breaker Open		Breaker Closed
Electric Scheme		Shows electric scheme		Shows the measure
Communication (When pressed opens the menu commands)		Communication options		Communication option not present
Characteristic Active (When pressed opens the menu characteristics)		Characteristic "1" Active		Characteristic "2" Active
Healthy (When pressed opens the menu Healthy)		Normal condition		Faulty (see § Healthy)
Page Selection		Page Active		Next page
Menu Selection		Menu active		Next menu
Backlight Mode		Backlight always active		Backlight Off in 2 minutes

Parameters displayed in the Home page:

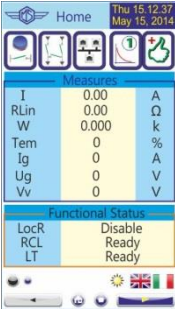
→ I	(0 ± 9999)	A	Line current
→ RLin	(0 ÷ 9999)	Ω	Line resistance
→ W	(0.00÷99.99÷999.9÷9999999)	kW	Power
→ Tem	(0 ÷ 9999)	%T	Thermal status as % of the full load continuous operation temperature Tn
→ Ig	(0 ± 9999)	A	Frame to ground fault current
→ Ug	(0 ± 9999)	V	Frame to ground fault voltage
→ Vv	(0 ± 9999)	V	Voltage before C/B
→ Vm	(0 ± 9999)	V	Voltage after C/B
→ A/ms	(0 ÷ 9999)		Current rate of raise
→ Rapp	(0 ÷ 1000)	Ω	Impedance monitoring

9. Commands

“**Commands**” allow to operate from relay front face controls like Thermal Memory reset, Leds reset, etc.

	Menu	Description	Password
Led	Clear	Reset of signal Leds	No
Relays	Clear	Manual reset of output relays	No
Breaker	Close	Manual C/B closing (conditioned by Password)	Yes
Breaker	Open	Manual C/B opening (conditioned by Password)	Yes
CB	Unlock	Unlock the C/B reclosure	Yes
Reset	Ei	Reset of C/B arc chute remaining energy	Yes
Reset	Ee	Reset of C/B arc contact remaining energy	Yes
OffsetOn	Field	Calculate Offset of current sensor	Yes
Reset	Term	Reset to zero of the accumulations relevant to Thermal Image and Interruption Energy.	Yes
HistFail	Clear	Reset of Internal Failure Historic records	Yes
Event	Clear	Manual reset of Events	Yes
LTrip	Clear	Manual reset of Last Trips	Yes
Counter	Clear	Manual reset of Counters	Yes
Energy	Clear	Manual reset of Energy	Yes
Leds	Test	Signal Leds test	No

To operate one command by the Front Face, proceed as follows (Led Reset in the present example):

- 
 - Press “” for access to the “Desktop” menu with icons.
- 
 - Press “” for access to the menu.
- 
 - Press the Blue *pushbutton* “” to execute the command. (if Password is request, see § Password).
- 
 - The blue *pushbutton* “” change into green “” and execute the command. When command has been executed the display return in the normal position.

10. Maximum Values (available only via MCom2)

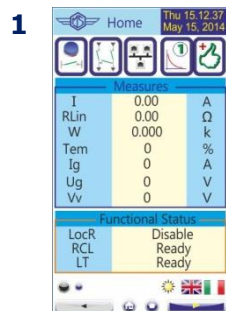
Maximum demand values recorded starting from 100ms after closing of main Circuit Breaker (updated any time the breaker closes).

I	(0 ± 9999)	A	Line current
RLin	(0 ÷ 9999)	Ω	Line resistance
W	(0.00÷99.99÷999.9÷99999999)	kW	Power
Tem	(0 ÷ 9999)	%T	Thermal status as % of the full load continuous operation temperature Tn
Ig	(0 ± 9999)	A	Frame to ground fault current
Ug	(0 ± 9999)	V	Frame to ground fault voltage
Vm	(0 ± 9999)	V	Voltage after C/B
A/ms	(0 ÷ 9999)		Current rate of raise
Rapp	(0 ÷ 1000)	Ω	Impedance monitoring
Ei	(0 ÷ 100)	%	C/B arc chute remaining energy
Ee	(0 ÷ 100)	%	C/B arc contact remaining energy

11. Energy

Real time energy measurements

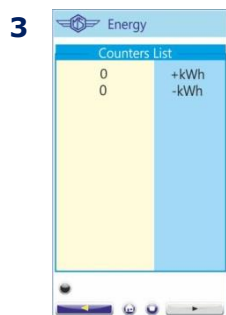
Display	→ + kWh	(0 – 9999999)	Exported Energy
	→ - kWh	(0 – 9999999)	Imported Energy



- Press “” for access to the “Desktop” icons.



- Press “” for access to the Energy parameters.



- Display of Real time Energy measurements.

12. Last Trips

Display of the function which caused the tripping of the relay plus values of the measurement at the moment of tripping. The last 20 events are recorded.

The memory buffer is refreshed at each new relay tripping (FIFO logic).

I	(0 ÷ 9999)	A	Line current
RLin	(0 ÷ 9999)	Ω	Line Resistance
W	(0.00 ÷ 99.99 ÷ 999.9 ÷ 9999999)	kW	Power
Tem	(0 ÷ 9999)	%T	Thermal status as % of the full load continuous operation temperature Tn
Ig	(0 ÷ 9999)	A	Frame to ground fault current
Ug	(0 ÷ 9999)	V	Frame to ground fault voltage
Vv	(0 ÷ 9999)	V	Voltage before C/B
Vm	(0 ÷ 9999)	V	Voltage after C/B
A/ms	(0 ÷ 9999)		Current rate of raise
Rapp	(0 ÷ 1000)	Ω	Impedance monitoring
Ei	(0 ÷ 100)	%	C/B arc chute remaining energy
Ee	(0 ÷ 100)	%	C/B arc contact remaining energy
DI-1	(0 ÷ 9999)	A	First current step element
DI-2	(0 ÷ 9999)	A	Second current step element

Erase

→ See § Commands

- 1 • Press " " to access to the "Desktop" menu with icons.



- 2 • Press " " to access to the Last Trip list.



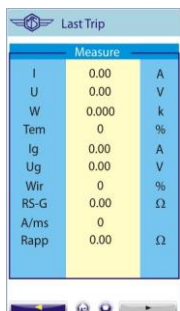
- 3 • Display list.
• Press selected Trip recorded.



- 4 • Select "MEASURE".



- 5 • The display shows the recorded value at the moment of trip.



13. Counters

Partial counters of the number of operations for each of the relay functions.

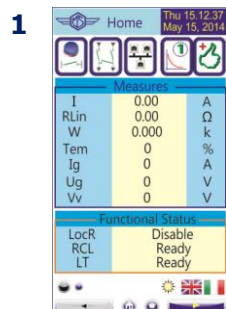
Display	T>	0	Operations counters	Thermal Image
	1I>	0	Operations counters	First overcurrent element
	2I>	0	Operations counters	Second overcurrent element
	3I>	0	Operations counters	Third overcurrent element
	4I>	0	Operations counters	Fourth overcurrent element
	Iis	0	Operations counters	Instantaneous Current Element
	1dI	0	Operations counters	First current step element
	2dI	0	Operations counters	Second current step element
	1didt	0	Operations counters	First current rate of rise element
	2didt	0	Operations counters	Second current rate of rise element
	Rapp	0	Operations counters	Impedance monitoring (di/dt dependence)
	Iapp	0	Operations counters	Current monitoring with di/dt dependence
	1Ig	0	Operations counters	First Frame Fault element
	2Ig	0	Operations counters	Second Frame Fault element
	RCL	0	Operations counters	Automatic Reclosure
	1U>	0	Operations counters	First Overvoltage element
	2U>	0	Operations counters	Second Overvoltage element
	1U<	0	Operations counters	First Undervoltage element
	2U<	0	Operations counters	Second Undervoltage element
	Ni	0	Operations counters	Arcs interrupts
	Ne	0	Operations counters	Electrical contact operations
	Nm	0	Operations counters	Mechanical operations of circuit breaker
	TCS	0	Operations counters	Trip Circuit Supervision
	IRF	0	Operations counters	Internal Relay Fault
	RT	0	Operations counters	First Remote Trip
	RTX	0	Operations counters	Second Remote Trip
	BrkF	0	Operations counters	Breaker failure to open
	selfT	0	Operations counters	Spontaneous protection trip
	AutOp	0	Operations counters	Automatic C/B Open
	AutCL	0	Operations counters	Automatic C/B Close
	ManOp	0	Operations counters	Manual C/B Open
	ManCL	0	Operations counters	Manual C/B Close
	OvrOp	0	Operations counters	Overall C/B Open (Automatic + Manual)
	OvrCL	0	Operations counters	Overall C/B Close (Automatic + Manual)
	LT	0	Operations counters	Automatic Line Test
	DiaCB1	0	Operations counters	C/B1 Input position discrepancy
	AnCB1	0	Operations counters	C/B1 Operation Failure
	OpCB1	0	Operations counters	C/B1 Openings operation
	CICB1	0	Operations counters	C/B1 Closures operation
	DiaCB2	0	Operations counters	C/B2 Input position discrepancy
	AnCB2	0	Operations counters	C/B2 Operation Failure
	OpCB2	0	Operations counters	C/B2 Openings operation
	CICB2	0	Operations counters	C/B2 Closures operation
	DiaCB3	0	Operations counters	C/B3 Input position discrepancy
	AnCB3	0	Operations counters	C/B3 Operation Failure
	OpCB3	0	Operations counters	C/B3 Openings operation
	CICB3	0	Operations counters	C/B3 Closures operation
	DiaCB4	0	Operations counters	C/B4 Input position discrepancy
	AnCB4	0	Operations counters	C/B4 Operation Failure
	OpCB4	0	Operations counters	C/B4 Openings operation
	CICB4	0	Operations counters	C/B4 Closures operation
	DiaCB5	0	Operations counters	C/B5 Input position discrepancy
	AnCB5	0	Operations counters	C/B5 Operation Failure
	OpCB5	0	Operations counters	C/B5 Openings operation
	CICB5	0	Operations counters	C/B5 Closures operation

Erase



See § Commands

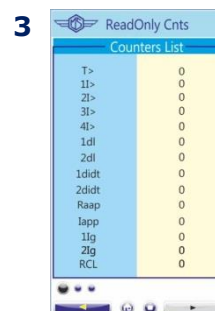
(By the interface program "MSCom2" it is possible to individually reset the counters and set an initial starting number)



- Press "Desktop" for access to the "Desktop" menu with icons.



- Press "Counters" for access to the counters list.



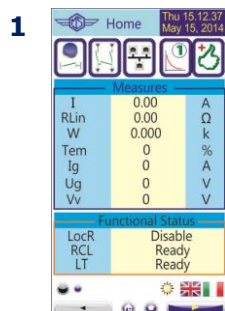
- The display show the list.

14. ReadOnlyCnt

Counters of the total number of operation of each individual function. These counters cannot be reset

Display

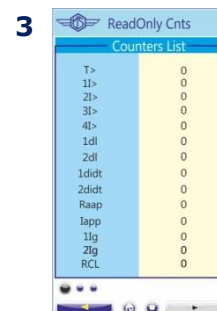
T>	0	Operations counters	Thermal Image
1I>	0	Operations counters	First overcurrent element
2I>	0	Operations counters	Second overcurrent element
3I>	0	Operations counters	Third overcurrent element
4I>	0	Operations counters	Fourth overcurrent element
Iis	0	Operations counters	Instantaneous Current Element
1dI	0	Operations counters	First current step element
2dI	0	Operations counters	Second current step element
1didt	0	Operations counters	First current rate of rise element
2didt	0	Operations counters	Second current rate of rise element
Rapp	0	Operations counters	Impedance monitoring (di/dt dependence)
Iapp	0	Operations counters	Current monitoring with di/dt dependence
1Ig	0	Operations counters	First Frame Fault element
2Ig	0	Operations counters	Second Frame Fault element
RCL	0	Operations counters	Automatic Reclosure
1U>	0	Operations counters	First Overvoltage element
2U>	0	Operations counters	Second Overvoltage element
1U<	0	Operations counters	First Undervoltage element
2U<	0	Operations counters	Second Undervoltage element
Ni	0	Operations counters	Arcs interrupts
Ne	0	Operations counters	Electrical contact operations
Nm	0	Operations counters	Mechanical operations of circuit breaker
TCS	0	Operations counters	Trip Circuit Supervision
IRF	0	Operations counters	Internal Relay Fault
RT	0	Operations counters	First Remote Trip
RTX	0	Operations counters	Second Remote Trip
BrkF	0	Operations counters	Breaker failure to open
selfT	0	Operations counters	Spontaneous protection trip
AutOp	0	Operations counters	Automatic C/B Open
AutCL	0	Operations counters	Automatic C/B Close
ManOp	0	Operations counters	Manual C/B Open
ManCL	0	Operations counters	Manual C/B Close
OvrOp	0	Operations counters	Overall C/B Open (Automatic + Manual)
OvrCL	0	Operations counters	Overall C/B Close (Automatic + Manual)
LT	0	Operations counters	Automatic Line Test
DiaCB1	0	Operations counters	C/B1 Input position discrepancy
AnCB1	0	Operations counters	C/B1 Operation Failure
OpCB1	0	Operations counters	C/B1 Openings operation
CICB1	0	Operations counters	C/B1 Closures operation
DiaCB2	0	Operations counters	C/B2 Input position discrepancy
AnCB2	0	Operations counters	C/B2 Operation Failure
OpCB2	0	Operations counters	C/B2 Openings operation
CICB2	0	Operations counters	C/B2 Closures operation
DiaCB3	0	Operations counters	C/B3 Input position discrepancy
AnCB3	0	Operations counters	C/B3 Operation Failure
OpCB3	0	Operations counters	C/B3 Openings operation
CICB3	0	Operations counters	C/B3 Closures operation
DiaCB4	0	Operations counters	C/B4 Input position discrepancy
AnCB4	0	Operations counters	C/B4 Operation Failure
OpCB4	0	Operations counters	C/B4 Openings operation
CICB4	0	Operations counters	C/B4 Closures operation
DiaCB5	0	Operations counters	C/B5 Input position discrepancy
AnCB5	0	Operations counters	C/B5 Operation Failure
OpCB5	0	Operations counters	C/B5 Openings operation
CICB5	0	Operations counters	C/B5 Closures operation



• Press “” for access to the “Desktop” menu with icons.



• Press “” for access to the counters list.



• The display shows the list.

15. Events

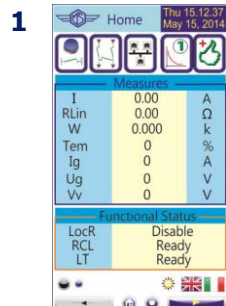
Display of the function which caused any of the following events: - *Status change of digital Inputs/Outputs.* - *Start of protection functions* – *Trip of protection function* – *Function reset.*

The last 50 events are recorded at pick-up (rise) or drop-out (fall).

The memory buffer is updated at each new event.

Erase

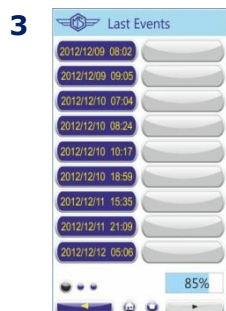
→ See § Commands



- Press “” to access to the “Desktop” menu with icons.



- Press “” to access at the list.



- Select the Events to show.



- Display selected Event.

15.1 – Events on display

Functions	Events Displayed	Events Description MScom2		Status	
T>	Tal	Alarm	Thermal Image T>	Rise	
	T>	Trip		Rise	Fall
1I>	1I>	Start	First overcurrent element F50-51	Rise	Fall
	t1I>	Trip		Rise	Fall
2I>	2I>	Start	Second overcurrent element F50-51	Rise	Fall
	t2I>	Trip		Rise	Fall
3I>	3I>	Start	Third overcurrent element F50-51	Rise	Fall
	t3I>	Trip		Rise	Fall
4I>	4I>	Start	Fourth overcurrent element F50-51	Rise	Fall
	t4I>	Trip		Rise	Fall
Iis	Iis>	(Start)	Instantaneous Current Element	Rise	Fall
1dI	1dI	Start	First Current Step Element	Rise	Fall
	t1dI	Trip		Rise	Fall
2dI	2dI	Start	Second Current Step Element	Rise	Fall
	t2dI	Trip		Rise	Fall
1di/dt	1di/dt	Start	First Current Rate of Rise Element	Rise	Fall
	t1di/dt	Trip		Rise	Fall
2di/dt	2di/dt	Start	Second Current Rate of Rise Element	Rise	Fall
	t2di/dt	Trip		Rise	Fall
Rapp	Rapp	Trip	Impedance monitoring-di/dt dependence	Rise	Fall
Iapp	Iapp	Trip	Current monitoring-di/dt dependence	Rise	Fall
1Ig	1Ig	Start	First Frame Fault Element	Rise	Fall
	t1Ig	Trip		Rise	Fall
2Ig	2Ig	Start	Second Frame Fault Element	Rise	Fall
	t2Ig	Trip		Rise	Fall
RCL	RCLcmd	Autoreclosure shot		Rise	
	ARP	Autoreclosure in Progress		Rise	
	ARF	Autoreclosure Failed		Rise	
	ARL	Autoreclosure Lockout		Rise	
LT	LTPb	Output to operate an external flashing lamp signalling line test in progress		Rise	
	LTP	Line Test in progress		Rise	
	LTF	Line Test Failed		Rise	
	LTOK	Line Test OK		Rise	
	LTB	Line Test Blocked		Rise	
	LT cmd	Line Test command		Rise	
1U>	1U>	Start	First Overvoltage Element F59	Rise	
	t1U>	Trip		Rise	
2U>	2U>	Start	Second Overvoltage Element F59	Rise	
	t2U>	Trip		Rise	
1U<	1U<	Start	First Undervoltage Element F59	Rise	Fall
	t1U<	Trip		Rise	Fall
2U<	2U<	Start	Second Undervoltage Element F59	Rise	Fall
	t2U<	Trip		Rise	Fall
Wi	Ni	Maximum number of arc chute operation at nominal values		Rise	
	alNi	Alarm maintenance level of arc chute operation			
	Ne	Maximum number of arc contact operation at nominal values			
	alNe	Alarm maintenance level of arc contact operation			
	Nm	Maximum number of mechanical operation			
	alNm	Alarm maintenance level of mechanical operation			
TCS	TCS	Start	trip coil supervision	Rise	
	tTCS	Trip		Rise	Fall
IRF	IRF	Start	Internal Relay Failure	Rise	
	tIRF	Trip		Rise	
RT	Start RT	Start	First element Remote Trip	Rise	
	Trip RT	Trip		Rise	
RTX	Start RTX	Start	Second element Remote Trip	Rise	
	Trip RTX	Trip		Rise	
BF	BF	Breaker Failure		Rise	Fall
L/R C/B Cmds	CB Open	Circuit Breaker (CB) intentional open		Rise	
	CB Close	Circuit Breaker (CB) intentional close		Rise	
	LocRemInc	Local Remote inconsistent		Rise	
CB-L	CB-L	Breaker close Blocked		Rise	
	CICBLTreq	Required Line Test for Intentional CB Close		Rise	
	CICBLTfail	Line Test for Intentional CB Close Failed		Rise	
	CICBLTok	Line Test for Intentional CB Close Successful		Rise	

Functions	Events Displayed	Events Description MScom2	Status	
	Vcc	Reserved	Rise	Fall
	Gnd	Reserved	Rise	Fall
	Gen.Start	Start Generic	Rise	Fall
	0.D0	Digital Input	Rise	Fall

	0.D4	Digital input	Rise	Fall

	1.D1	Digital input	Rise	Fall

	1.D15	Digital input	Rise	Fall

	2.D1	Digital input	Rise	Fall

	2.D15	Output relay	Rise	Fall

	0.R1	Output relay	Rise	Fall

	0.R6	Output relay	Rise	Fall

	1.R1	Output relay	Rise	Fall

	1.R14	Output relay	Rise	Fall

	2.R1	Output relay	Rise	Fall

	2.R14	Update Monitor	Rise	Fall

	UpDateMon	Update Monitor	Rise	Fall
	IPU boot	IPU boot	Rise	

16. Systems (System Parameters)

Setting of system parameters.



Nominal Values

Current Input	In → 4000 A (1 ÷ 9999)	step 1 A
	System Rated Current	
Voltage Input	Un → 1000 V (100 ÷ 10000)	step 10 V
	System Rated Voltage	
Ground Current	Ign → 1000 A (1 ÷ 9999)	step 1 A
	System Rated Ground Current	
Ground Voltage	Ugn → 1000 V (100 ÷ 10000)	step 10 V
	System Rated Ground Voltage	
	Rtest → 1 Ω (1 ÷ 500)	step 1 Ω
	Line Test resistance	
	tAdj → 1 ms (1 ÷ 100)	step 1 ms
	IEC850 Sincro Time Adjust value	
	DSPc → 1 Ω (1 ÷ 500)	step 1 Ω
	hRati	
	o	
	xxxxxxxx	



Characteristic

Characteristic-1	Available
Characteristic-2	Available
Characteristic-3	Not Available
Characteristic-4	Not Available



Factors

Not available



System Options

Not available



Comm Add Node

Communication Node Address



IO board config

Input/Output Board Configuration

1



- Press " " to access to the "Desktop" menu with icons.

2

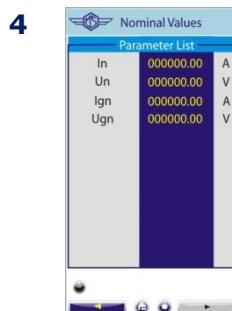


- Press " " to access to the system menu.

16.1 – Nominal Values



- Press icons “”.

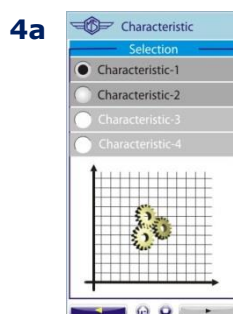


- Press the parameter to modify. (if Password is request, see § Password).

16.2 – Characteristic

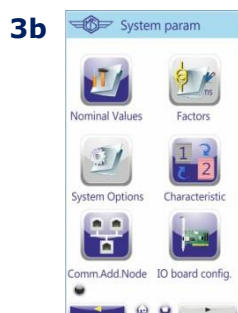


- Press icons “”.

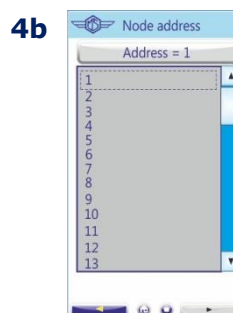


- Press the characteristics that need modify.

16.3 – Comm Add Node



- Press icons “”.

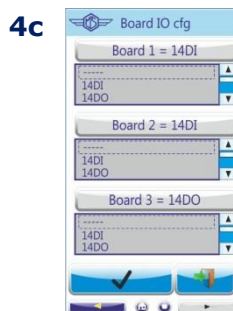


- Select “Address Node”

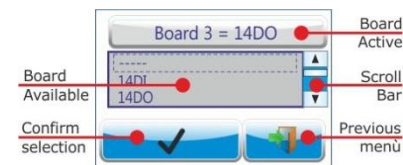
16.4 – IO board configuration



- Press icons “”.



- Select “Board”.



17. Settings

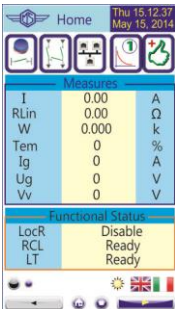
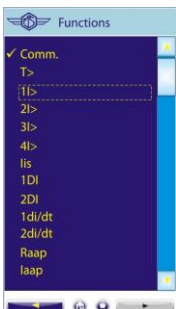
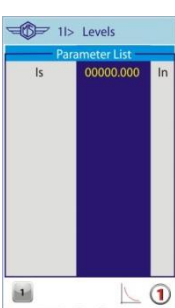
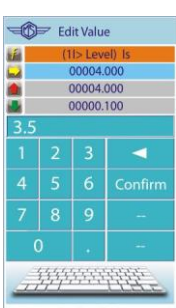
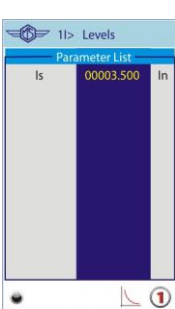
Two complete banks of settings of the programmable variables are available in the "**SETTING**" menu. Both "**CHARACTERISTIC-1**" and "**CHARACTERISTIC-2**" include the hereunder listed variables.

Communic.	Serial communication parameters
HMI	Leds number
T>	Thermal Image
1I>	First overcurrent Element
2I>	Second overcurrent Element
3I>	Third overcurrent Element
4I>	Fourth overcurrent Element
Iis	Instantaneous overcurrent
1delta-I	First current step element
2delta-I	Second current step element
1di/dt	First current rate of rise element
2di/dt	Second current rate of rise element
Rapp	Impedance monitoring - di/dt dependence
Iapp	Current monitoring with di/dt dependence
1Ig	First Frame Fault element
2Ig	Second Frame Fault element
RCL	Automatic Reclosure
1U>	First Overvoltage Element
2U>	Second Overvoltage Element
1U<	First Undervoltage Element
2U<	Second Undervoltage Element
Wi	Amount of Energy to reach the C/B maintenance level
TCS	Setting variables for Trip Circuit Supervision
IRF	Internal Relay Fault
RT	First Remote Trip
RTX	Second Remote Trip
BrkFail	Setting variables for Breaker Failure detection
Dia-I	Diagnostic analog inputs current
Wh	Energy counter Pulse
SelfTrip	Spontaneous trip
Oscillo	Setting variables for Oscillographic recording
L/R C/B Hdl	C/B command Local / Remote setting
CB-L	Locks C/B reclosure
LT	Line Test
Switches	Diagnostic C/B, switches position and statistic
auxRcmds	Auxiliary remote commands
ExtReset	Configuration for external reset input

17.1 - Modifying the setting of variables

To modify any variable setting by the keyboard proceed as follows:

(example: change setting of element "**1I>**", from "**Is 4.000 In**" to "**Is 3.500 In**")

- 1 
 - Press "" to access to the "Desktop" menu with icons.
- 2 
 - Press "" to access to the settings menu.
- 3 
 - Select Characteristic "**1**".
- 4 
 - Select function "**1I>**".
 -  This symbol in the list of the setting indicates that the function is enable
- 5 
 - To enable function, press ""
 - To disable function, press ""
 - Function disabled
 - Function enabled
- 6 
 - Press "" to access to the level setting.
- 7 
 - Press the value (number) to change it.
 - Insert the password (if request).
 - Press the value (number)
 -  Characteristic 1
 -  Characteristic 2
- 8 
 - Insert "3.5"
 - Press "Confirm"
 -  Function
 -  Actual Value
 -  Maximum Value
 -  Minimum Value
- 9 
 - Change done.

The icons grey indicate menu not available



17.2 - Password

The password is requested any time the user wishes to modify any password protected parameter (example "1I>" menu "Setting").

The factory default password is "**1111**".

The password is only modifiable with "MCom2" software (see Manual "MCom2").

17.3 – Menu: **Comm.** (Communication)

Options	→ BRRem	19200	[9600 / 19200 / 38400]
	→ PRRem	Modbus	[Modbus / IEC103 / ModBOnTCP]

17.3.1 – Description of variables

BRRem	:	RS485 remote (Rear terminal block) serial communication speed		
PRRem	:	Remote communication protocol:		
		<i>Modbus</i>	= Rear Terminal Block	If present*
		<i>IEC103</i>	= Rear Terminal Block	If present*
		<i>ModBOnTCP</i>	= Rear RJ45 (Ethernet)	If present*
		<i>SerialOnEth</i>	= Rear RJ45 (Ethernet)	If present*

*RS485 and RJ45 are not available at the same time.

17.3.2 – Front Panel USB serial communication port

A Mini-USB socket is available on Relay's front face for connection.

Through this port - and by the interface program available from Microelettrica Scientifica S.p.A. (MCom2 for Windows XP/Vista/7) - it is possible connect a Personal Computer to download all available information's, operate any control and program the relay; the protocol used is "**MODBUS RTU**".

17.3.3 – Cable for connection from Relay to Personal Computer

The connection cable is a standard

USB-A /mini **USB-B**



17.3.4 – Rear serial communication port (RS485)

From the Relay's back terminal board, a RS485 ports is available for communication with SCADA system with Protocol Modbus RTU or IEC60870-5-103 (optional on request).

The communication interface allows programming all settings, operating all commands and downloading all information and records.

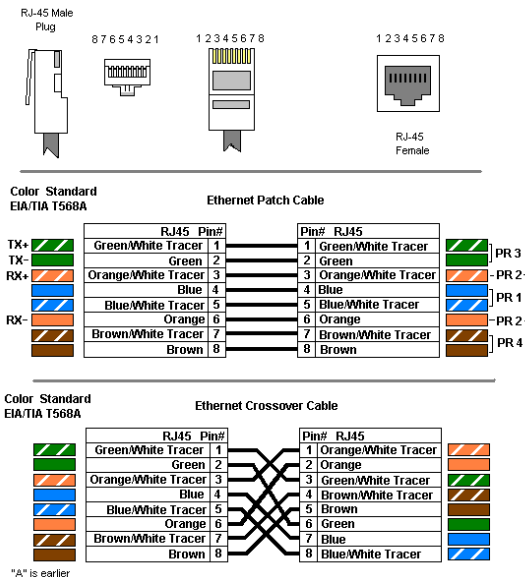
The physical connection can be via a normal pair of wires (RS485) or, on request, via fiber optic.

17.3.5 – Rear communication port (Ethernet with Modbus protocol)

Relay's back Ethernet connection is available for communication in Modbus protocol, the Ethernet connector is a standard RJ45 and can be connected to a PC with a Ethernet "Cross" cable, or it can be connected to a switch with a Ethernet "Patch" cable.

The default IP address is **192.168.0.100** for Modbus on TCPip (**ModBOnTCP**)

17.3.6 – Wiring the Ethernet Communication



The back Ethernet connector is a standard RJ45 connector and can be wired with a normal Ethernet UTP cable in class 5 minimum.

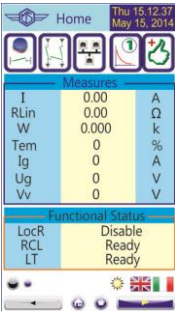
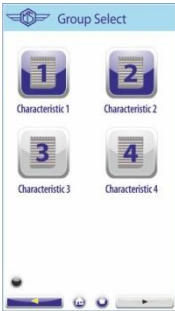
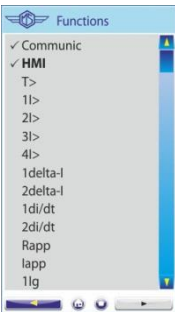
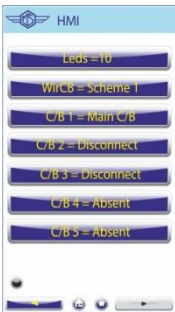
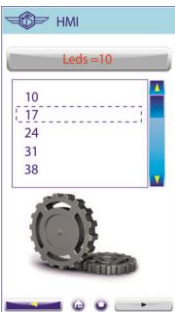
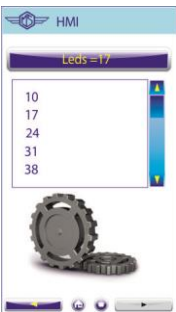
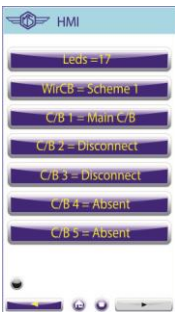
The relay can be connected directly to a PC with a Ethernet "Cross" cable, or it can be connected to a switch with a Ethernet "Patch" cable.



17.4 - Menu: **HMI** (Human Machine Interface - customize)

17.4.1 - Led configuration

In this menu you can customize the number of LEDs used **if you have the additional module Leds** (Default = 10):

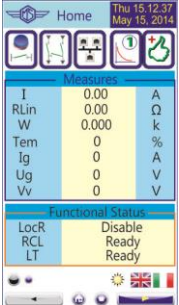
- 1 
 - Press "Settings" or "Settings" to access to the "Desktop" menu with icons.
- 2 
 - Press "Settings" to access to the settings menu.
- 3 
 - Select Characteristic "1".
- 4 
 - Select "HMI".
- 5 
 - Select "Options".
- 6 
 - Select "Leds".
- 7 
 - Select "17".
- 8 
 - The label change color and show the select number of leds "Leds=17".
- 9 
 - Complete setting

17.4.2 – WirCB scheme – Scheme configuration

In this configuration, you can select the scheme that appears on the Home page.

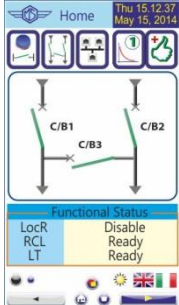
17.4.2.1 – C/B Status

1



- Press “” to access to the scheme

2



- The display shows the scheme.

17.4.2.2 – C/B Status



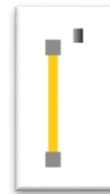
C/B OPEN



C/B CLOSE

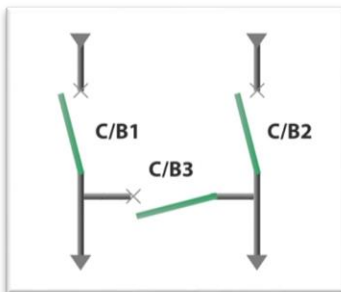


INCONSISTENCY

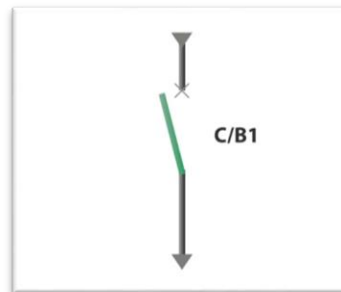


INCONSISTENCY

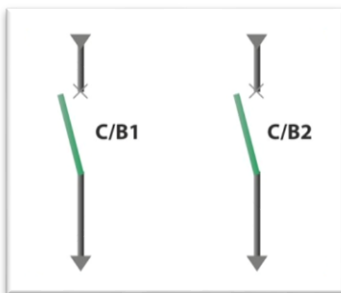
17.4.2.3 - Scheme types



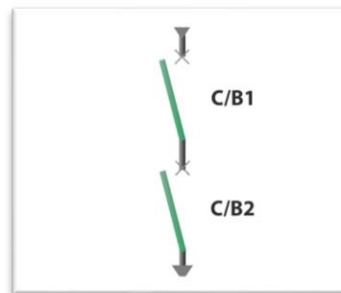
SCHEME 1



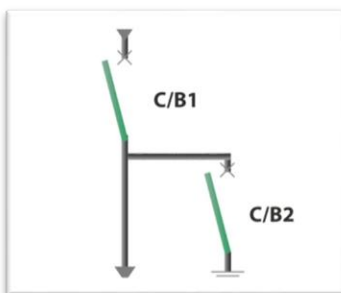
SCHEME 2



SCHEME 3

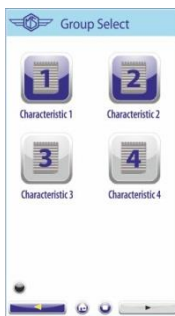
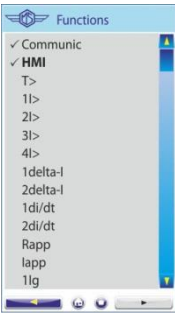
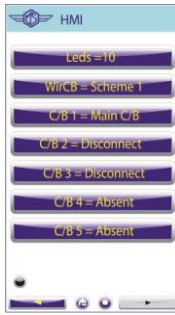
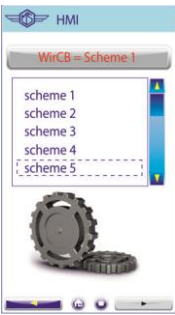
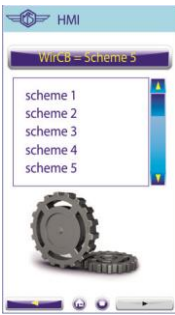
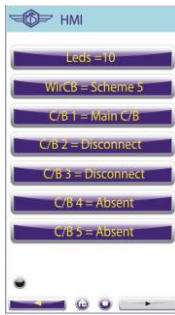


SCHEME 4

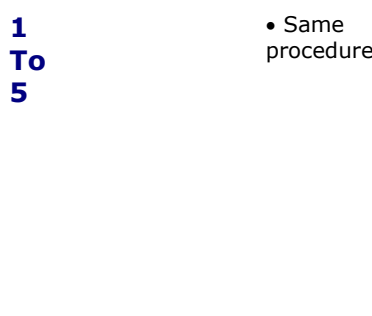
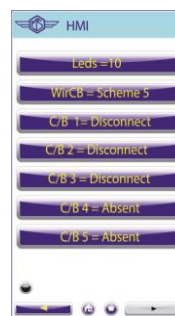
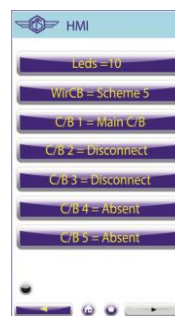


SCHEME 5

17.4.2.4 – Example – Scheme Configuration with Touch Screen

- 1 
 - Press “” or “” to access to the “Desktop” menu with icons.
- 2 
 - Press “” to access to the settings menu.
- 3 
 - Select Characteristic “1”.
- 4 
 - Select “HMI”.
- 5 
 - Select “Options”.
- 6 
 - Select “WirCB”.
- 7 
 - Select “scheme 5”.
- 8 
 - The label change color and show the select number of leds “WirCB=scheme 5”.
- 9 
 - Complete setting

17.4.2.5 – Example – C/B Configuration “main C/B”

- 1 To 5 
 - Same procedure
- 6 
 - Press “” to access to the settings menu.
- 7 
 - Select “Main C/B”.
- 8 
 - The label change color and the C/B active “C/B1= Main C/B”.
- 9 
 - Complete setting

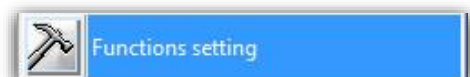
17.4.2.6 – Example – Scheme Configuration with MScom2 software

Open “MScom2” program and connect to the relay.

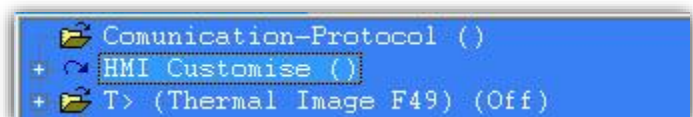
Select “**CHANGE WINDOWS**” from “Menu” button



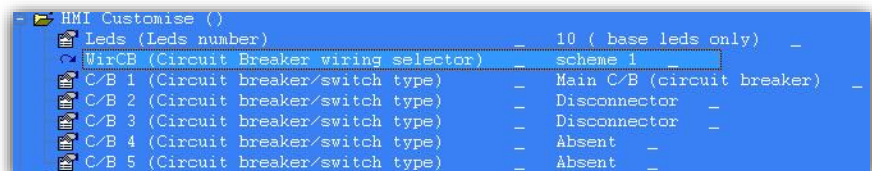
Select “**FUNCTION SETTING**”



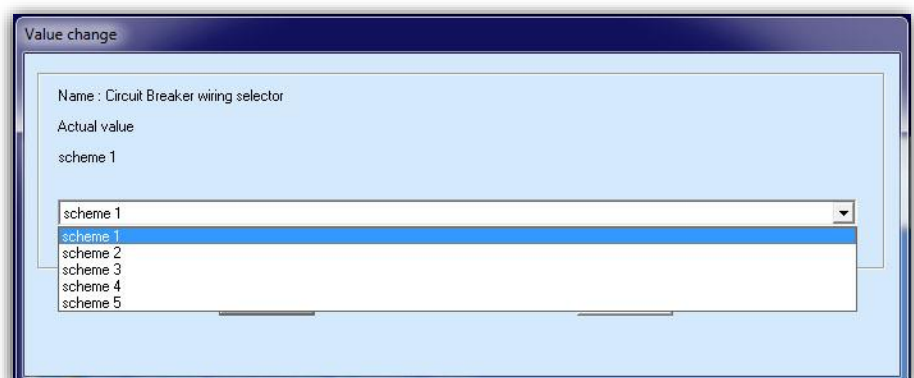
Select “**HMI**” function



Select “**CIRCUIT BREAKER WIRING SELECTOR**”



And select scheme



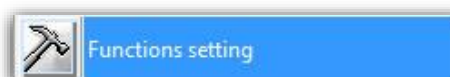
17.4.2.7 – Example – Main C/B Configuration with MScom2 software

Open “MScom2” program and connect to the relay.

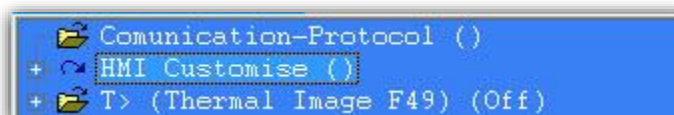
Select “**CHANGE WINDOWS**” from “Menu” button



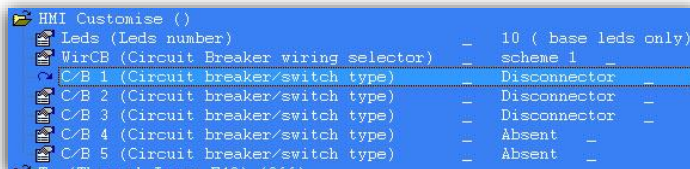
Select “**FUNCTION SETTING**”



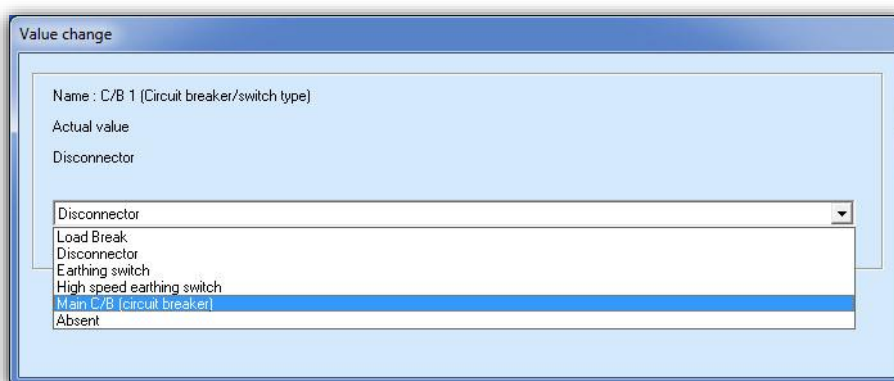
Select “**HMI**” function



Select “**C/B 1**”



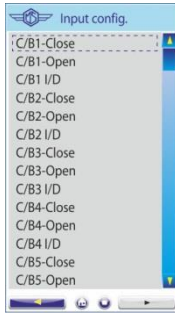
And select “**MAIN C/B**”



17.4.2.8 – Example – Setting Digital Inputs to C/B status with Touch Screen

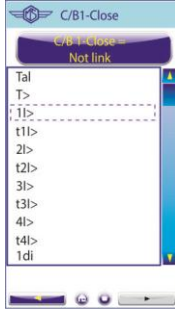
- 1** 

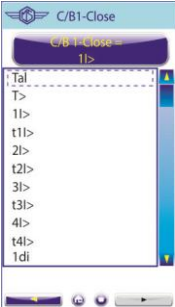
 - Press ""
 - or ""
 - to access to the "Desktop" menu with icons.
- 2** 

 - Press ""
 - to access to the settings menu.
- 3** 

 - Select Characteristic "**C/B1**".
- 4** 

 - Select "**Link**".
- 5** 

 - Load parameters.....
- 6** 

 - Select "**1I>**" from list.
- 7** 

 - The box show "**C/B1-Close= 1I>**".
 - The function is Linked

17.5 - Function: T> (Thermal Image F49)

Status	→	Disable		[		Disable /		Enable]
Oper.Levels	→	Tal	50	%Tn	[10 ÷ 100]	step	1	%Tn
	→	Is	1	In	[0.2 ÷ 1.5]	step	0.01	In
	→	Kt	300	min	[1 ÷ 600]	step	0.01	min

17.5.1 - Description of variables

Enab.	: Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
Tal	: Temperature prealarm level
Is	: Continuous admissible current
Kt	: Warming-up Time Constant of the load

17.5.2 - Trip and Alarm

The algorithm compares the amount of heat accumulated "T" ($\equiv i^2 \cdot t$) to the steady state amount of heat "Ts" corresponding to continuous operation at the continuously admissible current "Is".
When the ratio "T/Ts" reaches the level set for Thermal Alarm "Tal" of the max allowed heating, the relay trips accordingly

17.5.2.1 - Trip time of the Thermal Image Element

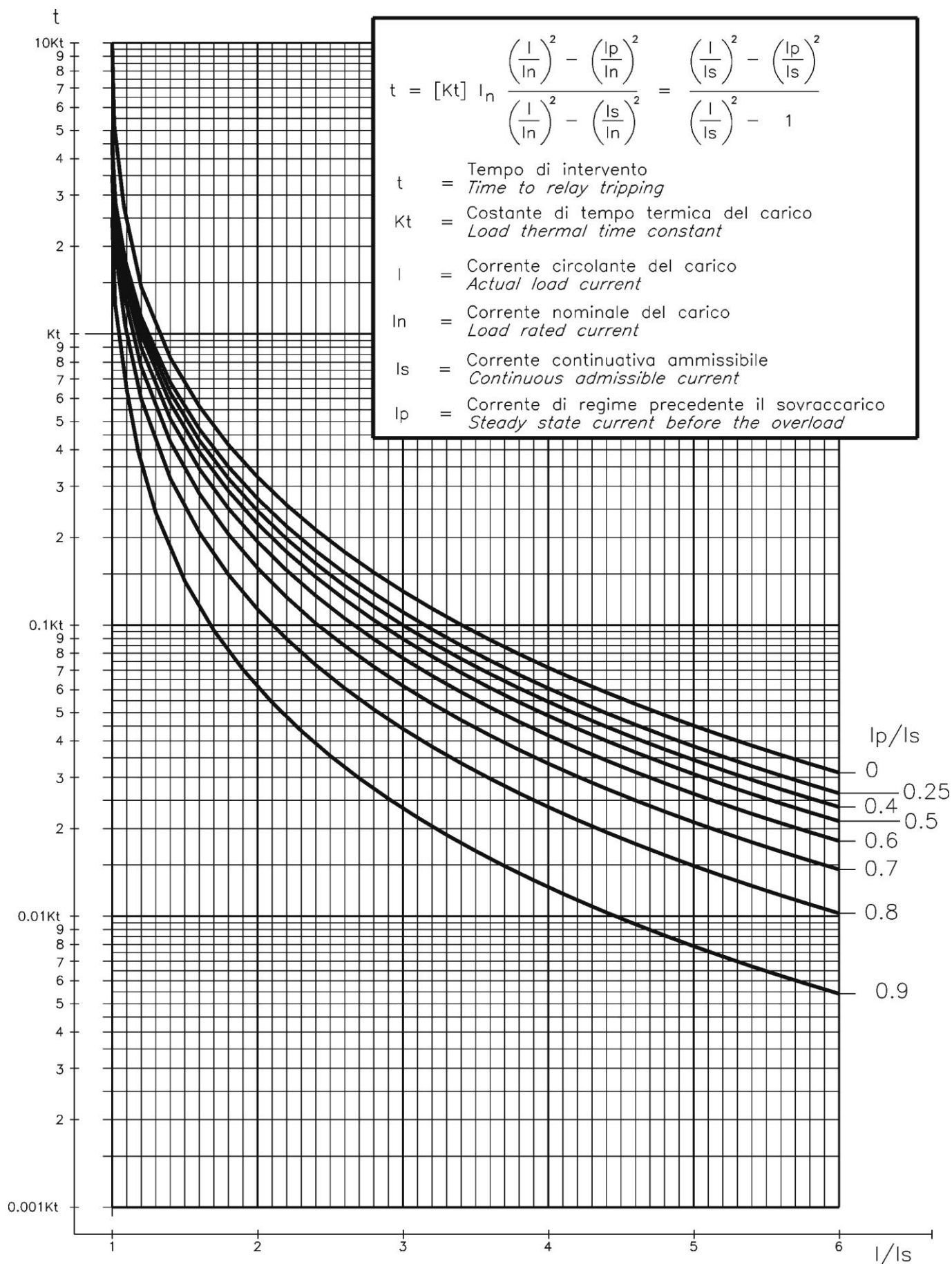
The trip time of the Thermal Image Element is a function of the current "I" flowing into the load and depends on its warming-up Time Constant "Kt", on the previous thermal status "Ip" and on the maximum admissible continuous current "Is" according to the equation:

t	= Time to relay tripping
Kt	= Load thermal time constant
I	= Actual load current
In	= Load rated current
Is	= Continuous admissible current
Ip	= Steady state current before the overload
ln	= Natural Logarithm

$$t = Kt \cdot \ell_n \frac{\left(\frac{I}{In}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{Ip}{In}\right)^2}{\left(\frac{I}{In}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{Is}{In}\right)^2}$$

When the heating exceeds the set alarm level "Tal" or the max. allowed level ("I" > "Is" for the time "t") the output relays programmed for these function will be operated. Reset will take place when the heating will drop below 95% of the trip level.

17.5.2.2 – Thermal Image Curves (TU1024 Rev.1)



17.6 - Function: **1I>** (First Overcurrent Element F50/51)

Status	→	Enab.	  	[   Disable /    Enable]
Options	→	f(t)	Type - D	[D / A / B / C]
	→	tBI	Disable	[Disable / 2tBO]
	→	f(a)	Fw	[Disable / Fw / Rev]
	→	RCL	No	[No / Yes]
Levels	→	Is	4	In (0.1÷4) step 0.01 In
Timers	→	ts	100	s (0.01÷100) step 0.01 s
	→	tBO	0.75	s (0.05÷0.75) step 0.01 s

17.6.1 - Description of variables

Enab.	: Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
f(t)	: Operation characteristic (Time/Current curve): (D) = Independent definite time (A) = IEC Inverse Curve type A (B) = IEC Very Inverse Curve type B (C) = IEC Extremely Inverse Curve type C
tBI	: Blocking input reset time: Disable = Permanent block 2tBO = Set 2xtBO.
f(a)	: Operation mode: Disable = Non Directional Fw = Directional Forward Rev = Directional Reverse
RCL	: If "RCL = Yes", after tripping of the element "1I>" and Opening of the Circuit Breaker, the relay starts an automatic Line Test and a reclosure cycle. If "RCL = No" no test and no reclosure is started.
Is	: Minimum operation level
ts	: Trip time delay
tBO	: Time to reset of the Blocking Output after expiring of the Trip time delay. "tBO" is also the trip time delay of the Breaker Failure function.

17.6.2 - Algorithm of the time current curves

The Time Current Curves are generally calculated with the following equation

$$(1) \quad t(I) = \left[\frac{A}{\left(\frac{I}{I_s}\right)^a - 1} + B \right] \cdot K \cdot T_s + T_r \quad \text{where}$$

$t(I)$ = Actual trip time delay when the input current equals "I"
 I_s = Set minimum pick-up level

$$K = \left(\frac{A}{10^a - 1} + B \right)^{-1}$$

T_s = Set time delay: $t(I) = T_s$ when $\frac{I}{I_s} = 10$

t_r = Operation time of the output relay on pick-up.

The parameters A, B and a have different values for the different Time Current Curves.

Curve Name	Curve Identifier	A	B	a
IEC A Inverse	A	0.14	0	0.02
IEC B Very Inverse	B	13.5	0	1
IEC C Extremely Inverse	C	80	0	2

For the IEC curves, being $B = 0$, the Time/Current equation (1), becomes:

$$(1') \quad t(I) = \frac{(10^a - 1)T_s}{\left(\frac{I}{I_s}\right)^a - 1} + t_r = \frac{Kt}{\left(\frac{I}{I_s}\right)^a - 1} + t_r$$

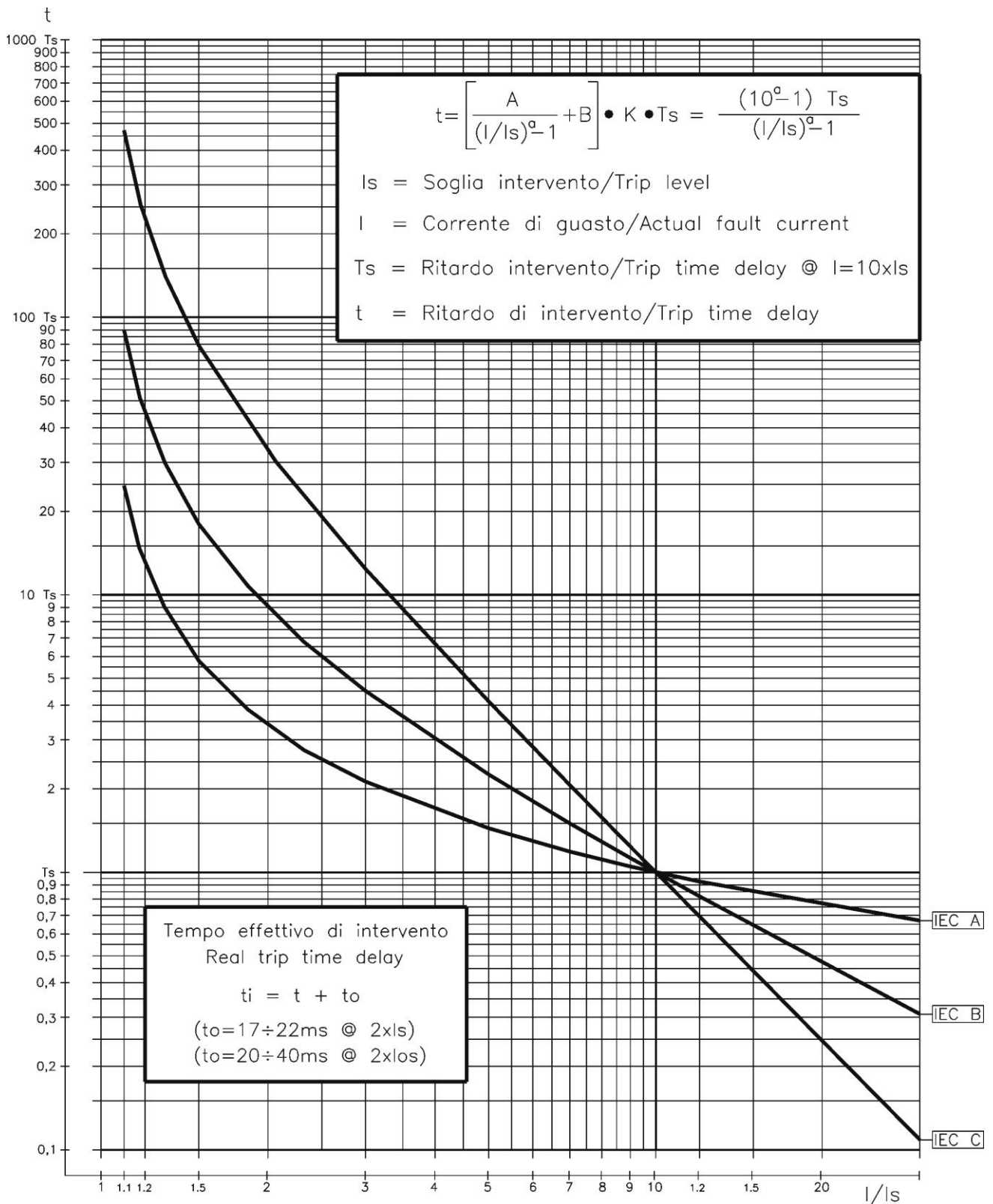
Where $Kt = (10^a - 1)T_s$ is the time multiplier

When "f(t) = D" is programmed, the trip time delay is Definite and independent from the current: excess " $t = t_s$ ".

The maximum measuring current is "40xIn" for phase elements and "10xOn" for the neutral elements.

Trip takes place when the current measured exceeds (no matter how much) the set level " I_s " for the set time " t_s ".

17.6.3 - IEC Curves



Curve Type	A	B	K	a
IEC A	0.14	0	0.336632	0.02
IEC B	13.5	0	0.666667	1
IEC C	80	0	1.2375	2

Max. "I" Phase = $40 \times I_n$
Max. "I" Neutral = $10 \times I_n$

17.6.4 – Blocking Logic (BO-BI)

For each Protection Function it is possible to activate a Blocking Logic allowing for inhibiting their operation by external signals supplied to the Digital Input.

17.6.4.1 – Output Blocking signal "BO"

All the protection functions that can be programmed to operate in the blocking logic mode, element, have an instantaneous element (beside the time delayed) which is operated as soon as the controlled quantity exceeds the set trip level ($I > [I_s]$ for current, etc..) and is instantaneously reset when the input quantity drops below the reset level (normally $0.95I_s$).

The instantaneous element can control one of the user programmable output relays that, by its contacts, makes the signal available for blocking an external element (BO = Blocking Output).

In case, "tBO" sec after the set trip time "ts" has expired, the Protection function is still in operation (current above trip level), the Blocking Output relay (instantaneous element) is anyhow reset to eventually remove the Blocking signal from a back-up protection.

17.6.4.2 – Blocking Input "BI"

For all the functions controllable by the Blocking Logic, it is possible to inhibit the time delayed tripping by an external signal that activates a Digital Input programmed for this functionality.

The programmed Digital Input gets activated by an external cold contact closing across its terminals.

With the variable "tBI" set to "OFF" (tBI=OFF), the tripping of the delayed function is blocked as long as the Blocking Input signal is present at the terminals of the Digital Input.

With the variable "tBI" set to "2xtBI" (tBI=2xtBI), 2xtBI seconds after the set trip time delay of the function has expired the blocking input is anyhow ignored and the function enabled to trip.

17.6.5 - Automatic doubling of Overcurrent thresholds on current inrush

For some of the phase Overcurrent functions it is possible to have the set trip level $[I_s]$ automatically doubled when strong inrush current is detected.

If at circuit Breaker switch-on (i.e. when the input current rises from zero to a minimum measurable value) the current increases from 0 to 1.5 times the rated value $[I_n]$ in less than 60ms, the set minimum pick-up level $[I_s]$ is dynamically doubled ($[I_s] \rightarrow [2I_s]$) and keeps this value until the input current drops below $1.25 \times I_n$ or the set time $[t_{2xI}]$ has elapsed.

This functionality is very useful to avoid spurious tripping of the instantaneous, or short-time delayed Overcurrent elements, that could be experienced at switch-on when energizing the feeder.

17.7 – Function: **2I>** (Second Overcurrent Element F50/51)

Status	→	Disable	  	[   Disable /    Enable]
Options	→	f(t)	Type - D	[D / A / B / C]
	→	tBI	Disable	[Disable / 2tBO]
	→	f(a)	Disable	[Disable / Fw / Rev]
	→	RCL	No	[No / Yes]
Levels	→	Is	1	In (0.1÷4) step 0.01 In
Timers	→	ts	100	s (0.01÷100) step 0.01 s
	→	tBO	0.75	s (0.05÷0.75) step 0.01 s

17.7.1 - Description of variables

Disable	:	Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
f(t)	:	Operation characteristic (Time/Current curve): (D) = Independent definite time (A) = IEC Inverse Curve type A (B) = IEC Very Inverse Curve type B (C) = IEC Extremely Inverse Curve type C
tBI	:	Blocking input reset time Disable = Permanent block 2tBO = Set 2xtBO.
f(a)	:	Operation mode: Disable = Non Directional Fw = Directional Forward Rev = Directional Reverse
RCL	:	If "RCL = Yes", after tripping of the element "2I>" and Opening of the Circuit Breaker, the relay starts an automatic Line Test and a reclosure cycle. If "RCL = No" no test and no reclosure is started.
Is	:	Minimum operation level
ts	:	Trip time delay
tBO	:	Time to reset of the Blocking Output after expiring of the Trip time delay. "tBO" is also the trip time delay of the Breaker Failure function.

17.8 - Function: **3I>** (Third Overcurrent Element F50/51)

Status	→	Disable			[ Disable /  Enable]
Options	→	tBI	Disable		[Disable / 2tBO]
	→	f(a)	Disable		[Disable / Fw / Rev]
	→	CoF	Disable		[Disable / Enable]
	→	RCL	No		[No / Yes]
Levels	→	Is	10	In	(0.1÷10) step 0.01 In
Timers	→	ts	100	s	(0.01÷100) step 0.01 s
	→	tCoF	0.05	s	(0.02÷0.2) step 0.01 s
	→	tBO	0.75	s	(0.05÷0.75) step 0.01 s

17.8.1 - Description of variables

Disable	:	Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
tBI	:	Blocking input reset time <i>Disable</i> = Permanent block <i>2tBO</i> = Set 2xtBO.
f(a)	:	Operation mode: <i>Disable</i> = Non Directional <i>Fw</i> = Directional Forward <i>Rev</i> = Directional Reverse
CoF	:	If "CoF = Enable", any time the circuit breakers status changes from open to close the "3I>" element is enabled to trip instantaneously if the current exceeds the set value "Is" within the time "tCoF". (Close On Fault Function)
RCL	:	If "RCL = Yes", after tripping of the element "3I>" and Opening of the Circuit Breaker, the relay starts an automatic Line Test and a reclosure cycle. If "RCL = No" no test and no reclosure is started.
Is	:	Minimum operation level.
ts	:	Trip time delay
tCoF	:	Maximum duration of the Close on Fault function.
tBO	:	Time to reset of the Blocking Output after expiring of the Trip time delay. "tBO" is also the trip time delay of the Breaker Failure function.

17.9 - Function: **4I>** (Fourth Overcurrent Element F50/51)

Status	→	Disable		[ Disable /  Enable]
Options	→	tBI	Disable	[Disable / 2tBO]
	→	f(a)	Disable	[Disable / Fw / Rev]
	→	CoF	Disable	[Disable / Enable]
	→	RCL	No	[No / Yes]
Levels	→	Is	10	In (0.1÷10) step 0.01 In
Timers	→	ts	100	s (0.01÷100) step 0.01 s
	→	tCoF	0.05	s (0.02÷0.2) step 0.01 s
	→	tBO	0.75	s (0.02÷0.2) step 0.01 s

17.9.1 - Description of variables

Disable	:	Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
tBI	:	Blocking input reset time <i>Disable</i> = Permanent block <i>2tBO</i> = Set 2xtBO.
f(a)	:	Operation mode: <i>Disable</i> = Non Directional <i>Fw</i> = Directional Forward <i>Rev</i> = Directional Reverse
CoF	:	If "CoF = Enable", any time the circuit breakers status changes from open to close the "3I>" element is enabled to trip instantaneously if the current exceeds the set value "Is" within the time "tCoF". (Close On Fault Function)
RCL	:	If "RCL = Yes", after tripping of the element "4I>" and Opening of the Circuit Breaker, the relay starts an automatic Line Test and a reclosure cycle. If "RCL = No" no test and no reclosure is started.
Is	:	Minimum operation level.
ts	:	Trip time delay
tCoF	:	Maximum duration of the Close on Fault function.
tBO	:	Time to reset of the Blocking Output after expiring of the Trip time delay. "tBO" is also the trip time delay of the Breaker Failure function.

17.10 - Function: **Iis** (Instantaneous Current Element)

Status	→	Enab.		[ Disable /  Enable]
Options	→	RCL	No	[No / Yes]
	→	f(a)	Disable	[Disable / Fw / Rev]
Levels	→	Is	1	In (0.1÷10) step 0.01 In

17.10.1 - Description of variables

Disable	:	Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
RCL	:	If "RCL = Yes", after tripping of the element "Iis" and Opening of the Circuit Breaker, the relay starts an automatic Line Test and a reclosure cycle. If "RCL = No" no test and no reclosure is started.
f(a)	:	Operation mode: <i>Disable</i> = Non Directional <i>Fw</i> = Directional Forward <i>Rev</i> = Directional Reverse
Is	:	Minimum operation level.

17.11 - Function: **1delta-I** (First Current Step Element)

Status	→	Disable		[ Disable /  Enable]
Options	→	RCL	No	[No / Yes]
Levels	→	DI	1000	A (100÷9990) step 10 A
	→	di	200	A/ms (4÷400) step 1 A/ms
Timers	→	tDI	100	ms (0÷500) step 1 ms
	→	tdi	20	ms (0÷100) step 1 ms

17.11.1 - Description of variables

Disable	:	Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
RCL	:	If "RCL = Yes", after tripping of the element "1dI" and Opening of the Circuit Breaker, the relay starts an automatic Line Test and a reclosure cycle. If "RCL = No" no test and no reclosure is started.
DI	:	Current step trip level
di	:	Minimum di/dt level to start "ΔI" evaluation and detection reset level
tDI	:	Trip time delay
tdi	:	Detection reset time delay

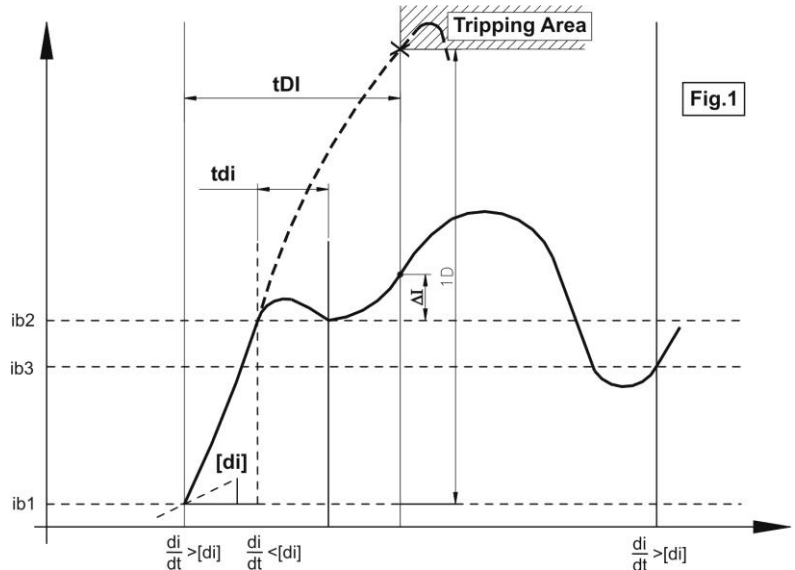
17.10.2 - Operation of the Current step monitoring element

The timely detection of a current step allow to clear a near short circuit long before the current can reach the prospective peak value.

Protection Function Operation

(see Fig. 1):

- Any time a current rate of rise exceeding the set value $[di]$ is detected the value of the current " i_{1b} " is recorded as reference basic value to evaluate the current step " $\Delta I = i - i_{1b}$ " and the timer " tDI " is started. " ΔI " is evaluated every 1ms.
- If during $[tDI]$ the rate of rise " di/dt " never goes below the set level $[di]$ for a time longer than $[tdi]$, when $[tDI]$ expires, the difference $\Delta I = i - i_{1b}$ is measured and if " $\Delta I \geq [DI]$ " the protection function trips.
- If during $[tDI]$ the rate of rise " di/dt " goes below the set level $[di]$ for a time longer than $[tdi]$, a new value of the current i_{2b} is recorded and, when $[tDI]$ expires. If the difference $\Delta I = i - i_{2b}$ measured is greater than $[DI]$, the protection function trips.



In terms of equation the protection function operation is as follow:

$$\text{If } \frac{di}{dt} \geq [di] \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Value of Current } i_{1b} \text{ is recorded} \\ \text{Timer } tDI \text{ is Started} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \text{If During } tDI \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{di}{dt} \geq [di] \text{ during } tdi \Rightarrow \text{Trip if } \Delta = i - i_{1b} \geq [DI] \text{ after } tDI \\ \frac{di}{dt} < [di] \text{ during } tdi \Rightarrow \text{New Value of Current } i_{2b} \text{ is recorded} \Rightarrow \text{Trip if } \Delta = i - i_{2b} \geq [DI] \text{ after } tDI \end{array} \right.$$

If, at the end of $[tDI]$ no trip occurs " ΔI " evaluation is stopped and will restart when the set " di/dt " level is exceeded.

17.11 - Function: **2delta-I** (Second Current Step Element)

Status	→	Disable		[ Disable /  Enable]
Options	→	RCL	No	[No / Yes]
Levels	→	DI	1000	A (100÷9990) step 10 A
	→	di	200	A/ms (4÷400) step 1 A/ms
Timers	→	tDI	100	ms (0÷500) step 1 ms
	→	tdi	20	ms (0÷100) step 1 ms

17.11.1 - Description of variables

Disable	:	Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
RCL	:	If "RCL = Yes", after tripping of the element "2dI" and Opening of the Circuit Breaker, the relay starts an automatic Line Test and a reclosure cycle. If "RCL = No" no test and no reclosure is started.
DI	:	Current step trip level
di	:	Minimum di/dt level to start "ΔI" evaluation and detection reset level
tDI	:	Trip time delay
tdi	:	Detection reset time delay

17.12 - Function: **1di/dt** (First Current Rate of Rise Element)

Status	→ Disable	  	[   Disable /    Enable]
Options	→ RCL	No	[No / Yes]
Levels	→ G	20	A/ms (4÷400) step 1 A/ms
Timers	→ tG	20	ms (2÷500) step 1 ms

17.12.1 - Description parameters

Disable	: Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
RCL	: If "RCL = Yes", after tripping of the element "1di/dt" and Opening of the Circuit Breaker, the relay starts an automatic Line Test and a reclosure cycle. If "RCL = No" no test and no reclosure is started.
G	: di/dt trip level
tG	: Trip time delay

17.12.2 - Operation of the current rate of rise monitoring element

This function is used to detect remote faults

Current is sampled at 1kHz, is measured as the average of 3 samples and stored in a buffer from which every 1ms the relay computes the average rate of rise in the set time delay:

$$\frac{di}{dt} = \frac{I_{(t+[tG])} - I_{(t)}}{tG}$$

if $\frac{di}{dt} \geq [G]$ the relay trip

17.13 - Function: **2di/dt** (Second Current Rate of Rise Element)

Status	→ Disable	  	[   Disable /    Enable]			
Options	→ RCL	No	[No / Yes]			
Levels	→ G	20	A/ms	(4÷400)	step 1	A/ms
Timers	→ tG	20	ms	(2÷500)	step 1	ms

17.13.1 - Description parameters

Disable	: Function enabling (No = Disable / Yes = Enable)
RCL	: If "RCL = Yes", after tripping of the element "1di/dt" and Opening of the Circuit Breaker, the relay starts an automatic Line Test and a reclosure cycle. If "RCL = No" no test and no reclosure is started.
G	: di/dt trip level
tG	: Trip time delay

17.13.2 - Operation of the current rate of rise monitoring element

This function is used to detect remote faults

Current is sampled at 1kHz, is measured as the average of 3 samples and stored in a buffer from which every 1ms the relay computes the average rate of rise in the set time delay:

$$\frac{di}{dt} = \frac{I_{(t+[tG])} - I_{(t)}}{tG}$$

if $\frac{di}{dt} \geq [G]$ the relay trip

17.14 - Function: **Rapp** (Impedance monitoring - di/dt dependence)

Status	→	Disable	 	[  Disable /   Enable]
Options	→	RCL	No	[No / Yes]
Levels	→	Va	400	V (0÷800) step 1 V
	→	Ri	0.1	Ω (0÷0.25) step 0.001 Ω
	→	Rt	1	Ω (0.001÷2.5) step 0.001 Ω
	→	Li	0.005	H (0.001÷0.01) step 0.001 H
	→	Lt	0.01	H (0.002÷0.05) step 0.001 H
	→	R*	50	Ω (0÷100) step 0.01 Ω
	→	g	50	A/ms (10÷500) step 1 A/ms
Timers	→	tr	50	ms (0÷100) step 1 ms

17.14.1 - Description of variables

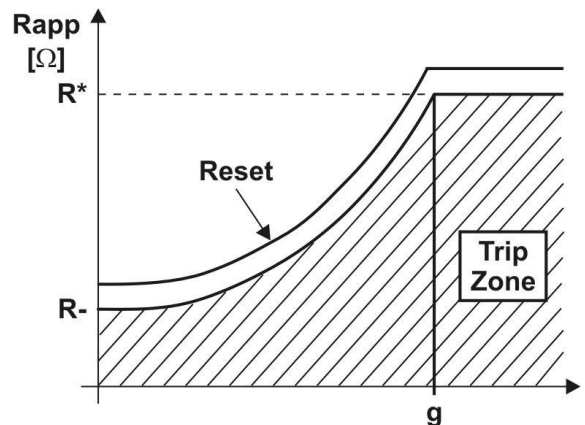
Disable	: Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
RCL	: I If "RCL = Yes", after tripping of the element "Rapp" and Opening of the Circuit Breaker, the relay starts an automatic Line Test and a reclosure cycle. If "RCL = No" no test and no reclosure is started.
Va	: Arc voltage.
Ri	: Internal Resistance = Resistance of the circuit upstream the Circuit Breaker.
Rt	: Total resistance of the circuit including the Contact Line.
Li	: Internal Inductance = Inductance of the circuit upstream the Circuit Breaker.
Lt	: Total Inductance of the circuit including the Contact Line.
R*	: Resistance trip level if di/dt ≥ g.
g	: Limit value of di/dt.
tr	: Trip time delay.

17.14.2 - Operation the Impedance monitoring element

The protection element shall trip if the impedance "Rapp" calculated as the ratio of the line voltage to the line current drops below the calculated value with the current rate of rise exceeding the level as reported on the trip characteristics. Trip takes place if the situation lasts longer than the set time delay "tr".

$$Rapp = \left[V - \frac{Ri(V - Va)}{Rt} + \left(\frac{Lt}{Rt} \cdot Ri - Li \right) g \right] : \left(\frac{V - Va}{Rt} - \frac{Lt}{Rt} \cdot g \right)$$

Reset takes place when "Rapp" is 10% higher than the trip value.



17.15 - Function: **Iapp** (Current monitoring with di/dt dependence)

Status	→ Disable			[ Disable /  Enable]
Options	→ RCL	No		[No / Yes]
Levels	→ IA	1500	A	(500÷5000) step 10 A
	→ I*	500	A	(400÷1500) step 10 A
	→ g	50	A/ms	(30÷500) step 1 A/ms
	→ Res	90	%	(80÷100) step 1 %Iapp
Timers	→ tr	0.1	s	(0÷5) step 0.01 s

17.15.1 - Description of variables

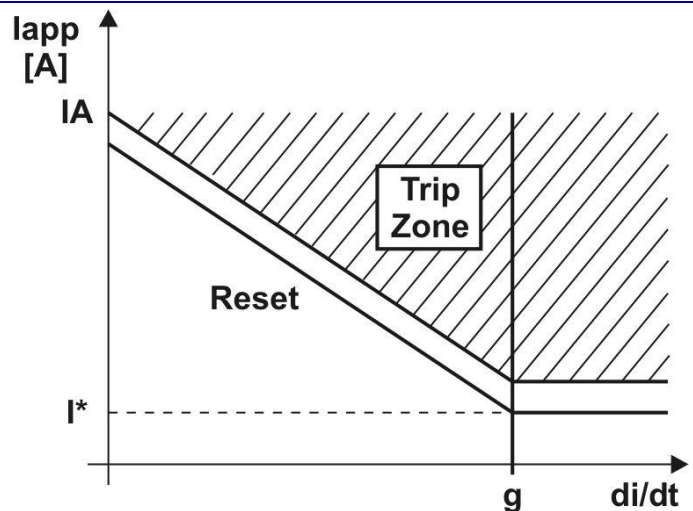
Disable	: Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
RCL	: If "RCL = Yes", after tripping of the element "Iapp" and Opening of the Circuit Breaker, the relay starts an automatic Line Test and a reclosure cycle. If "RCL = No" no test and no reclosure is started.
IA	: Current trip level when di/dt = 0
I*	: Current trip level when di/dt ≥ [g]
g	: Limit value of di/dt
Res	: Drop-out percentage (operation reset)
tr	: Trip time delay.

17.15.2 - Operation of the "Iapp" element

The protection shall trip if current measured exceeds the value [Iapp] calculated as hereunder showed for longer than the set time "tr" reset takes place as soon as the current drops below $[Iapp] \cdot \frac{Res}{100}$

$$I_{app} = \left[\frac{IA - I^*}{g} \right] \cdot \frac{di}{dt} - [IA] \quad \text{if } 0 \leq \frac{di}{dt} \leq g$$

$$I_{app} = I^* \quad \text{if } \frac{di}{dt} > g$$



17.16 - Function: **1Ig** (First Frame Fault Element)

Status	→ Disable	  	[   Disable /   Enable]
Options	→ f(t)	Type - D	[D / A / B / C]
	→ RCL	No	[No / Yes]
Levels	→ Is	1	Ign (0÷2) step 0.01 Ign
	→ Us	0.2	Ugn (0÷1) step 0.01 Ugn
Timers	→ ts	20	s (0.02÷100) step 0.01 s

17.16.1 - Description of variables

Disable	: Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
f(t)	: Operation characteristic (Time/Current curve): (D) = Independent definite time (A) = IEC Inverse Curve type A (B) = IEC Very Inverse Curve type B (C) = IEC Extremely Inverse Curve type C
RCL	: If "RCL = Yes", after tripping of the element "1Ig" and Opening of the Circuit Breaker, the relay starts an automatic Line Test and a reclosure cycle. If "RCL = No" no test and no reclosure is started.
Is	: Minimum operation level of frame to earth current.
Us	: Minimum operation level of frame to earth voltage.
ts	: Trip time delay

17.16.2 - Operation

Trip takes places if, for larger than the set time delay [ts], both the ground fault current "Ig" and the Voltage to ground "Ug" exceed the set values [Is] and [Us].

If "Is = 0" the relay shall consider "Ug" only, viceversa if "Ug = 0" the relay shall consider "Ig" only.

Setting		Tripping condition
Is	Us	
≠0	≠0	Ig>[Is] & Ug>[Us]
≠0	=0	Ig>[Is]
=0	≠0	Ug>[Us]

17.17 - Function: **2Ig** (Second Frame Fault Element)

Status	→ Disable	  	[   Disable /    Enable]				
Options	→ f(t)	Type - D	[D / A / B / C]				
	→ RCL	No	[No / Yes]				
Levels	→ Is	1	Ign	(0÷2)	step	0.01	Ign
	→ Us	0.2	Ugn	(0÷1)	step	0.01	Ugn
Timers	→ ts	20	s	(0.02÷100)	step	0.01	s

17.17.1 - Description of variables

Disable	: Function enabling (No = Disable / Yes = Enable)
f(t)	: Operation characteristic (Time/Current curve): (D) = Independent definite time (A) = IEC Inverse Curve type A (B) = IEC Very Inverse Curve type B (C) = IEC Extremely Inverse Curve type C
RCL	: If "RCL = Yes", after tripping of the element "2Ig" and Opening of the Circuit Breaker, the relay starts an automatic Line Test and a reclosure cycle. If "RCL = No" no test and no reclosure is started.
Is	: Minimum operation level
Us	: Minimum operation level
ts	: Trip time delay

17.17.2 - Operation

Trip take place if, for larger than the set time delay [ts], both the ground fault current "Ig" and the Voltage to ground "Ug" exceed the set values [Is] and [Us].

If "Is = 0" the relay shall consider "Ug" only viceversa if "Ug = 0" the relay shall consider "Ig" only.

Setting		Tripping condition
Is	Us	
≠0	≠0	Ig>[Is] & Ug>[Us]
≠0	=0	Ig>[-Is]
=0	≠0	Ug>[Us]

17.18 - Function: **RCL** (Automatic Reclosure)

Status	→	Disable		[ Disable /  Enable]
Options	→	ShNum	2	[1 / 2 / 3 / 4]
	→	Test	Yes	[No / Yes]
Timers	→	tr	10	s (1÷200) step 1 s
	→	t1	0.3	s (0.1÷1000) step 0.1 s
	→	t2	1	s (0.1÷1000) step 0.1 s
	→	t3	3	s (0.1÷1000) step 0.1 s
	→	t4	10	s (0.1÷1000) step 0.1 s
	→	tCHK	0.4	s (0.2÷3) step 0.1 s

17.18.1 - Description of variables

Disable	:	Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
ShNum	:	Number of reclosure shots to Lock-out
Test	:	"Yes" - Before any reclosure the Line Test is started and the reclosure is operated only after a successful Line Test is carried-out. "No" - Reclosure is operated without Line-Test.
t1	:	Time first reclosure
t2	:	Time second reclosure
t3	:	Time third reclosure
t4	:	Time fourth reclosure
tr	:	Reclaim time. Any new trip during "tr" after a successful reclosure shot starts the next shot of the cycle. Any new trip after "tr" restarts a complete cycle.
tCHK	:	Time check C/B operation

17.18.2 - Operation

The status of the Circuit Breaker (C/B) is indicated by one normally open contact of the C/B itself and is detected by a digital input of the relay.

A reclose shot is started after a C/B's opening operated by one of the relay's protection functions programmed to control this reclose shot; C/B's opening operated by one element not programmed to control the reclosure shot activates the Lock-out status of the Reclosure function.

Any time the Circuit Breaker (C/B) is closed either manually or automatically the Reclaim time "tr" is started.

After a manual closure of the C/B, operation time start or tripping of any of the relay protection elements during "tr", makes the relay enter into the Lock-Out status (L.O.). In the L.O. status the relay, after breaker opening, does not produce any command for automatic reclose ; the lock-out status is shows on the display.

Reset from the L.O. status takes place when the C/B is opened and then manually reclosed or by operating the external reset command.

If none of the relay protection elements is started during "tr" after a manual closure of the C/B, the relay is ready to start the Automatic Reclose Sequence.

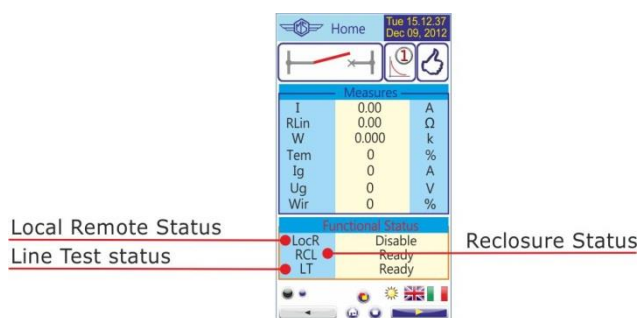
If "tr" is started by an automatic reclosure, the operation time start during "tr" and the tripping of any element programmed for the operation of the next reclosure makes the relay proceed with the reclosing cycle.

After "tr" is expired the reclosing cycle restarts from the first reclosure (1C).

Pick-up of the time start of any protection element, stops the counting down of "tr"; counting is restarted as soon as the element resets.

As soon as the C/B is opened due to tripping of one of the relay's elements programmed to initiate the next automatic reclose shot, the relevant reclose time delay (t1, t2, t3, t4) is started and at the end of this tx time the reclose command is issued by the relay. The C/B is then automatically reclosed and the reclaim time "tr" is started again. If during "tr" the C/B is again opened by a relay's element programmed to initiate the next automatic reclose, the next reclose takes place after the relevant time tx; the C/B is reclosed and "tr" restarted. When the last Automatic Reclose shot of the sequence has been done, any further tripping during "tr" produces a relay's lock-out status. If after any reclose shot no tripping takes place during "tr", the Reclose Sequence is restarted from the beginning (starting from the first reclose shot 1C).

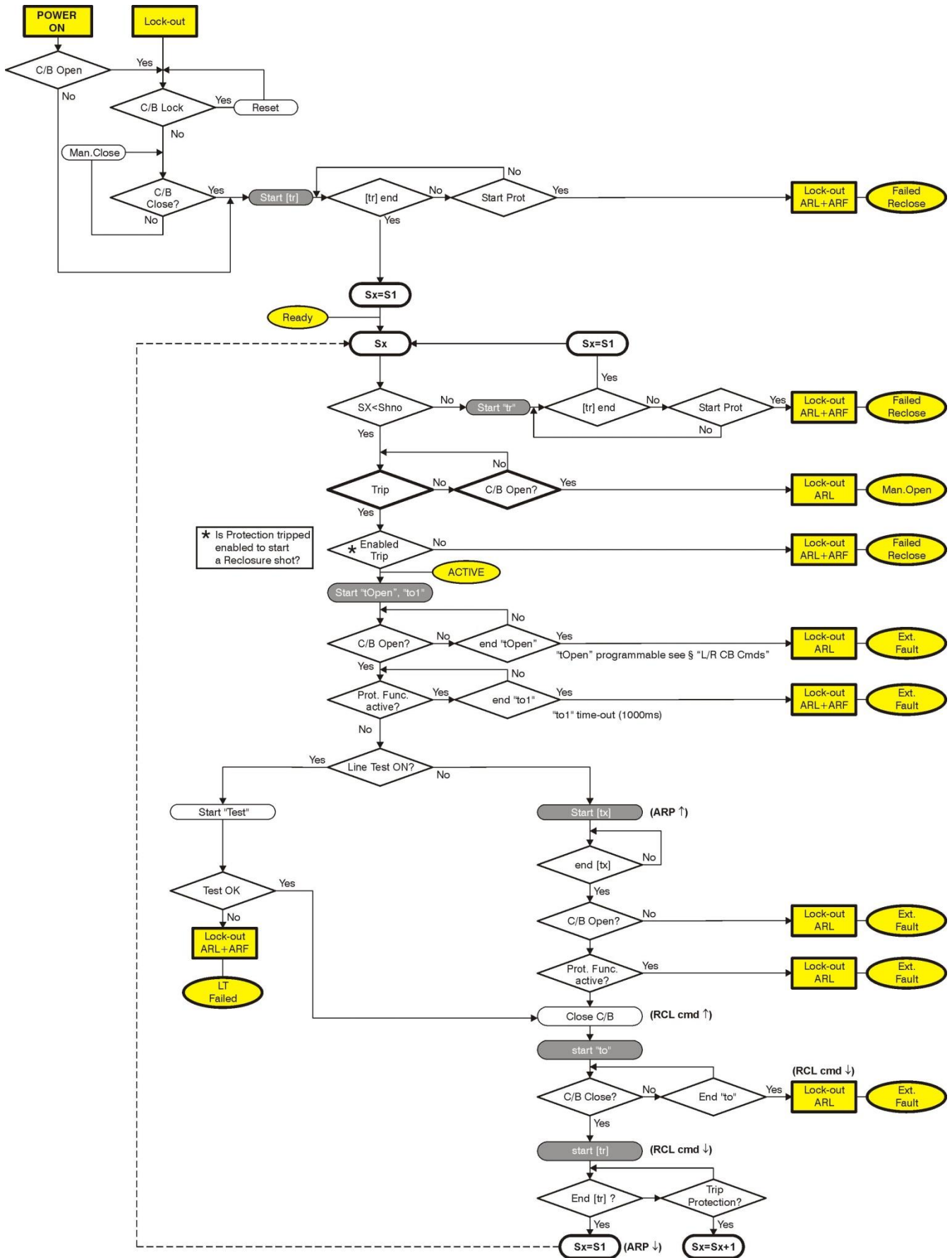
17.18.3 – Status indication



Display of Reclosure status

Ready	Ready to operate
Active	Reclosure in progress
Fail	Failed Reclosure
Wait	Standby
ExtFail	Reclosure lock-out due to an External Failure (see flow chart RCL)
ManOpen	Manual Opening
ExtLock	External reclosure lock-out by digital input

17.18.4 - Flow chart RCL



17.19 - Function: **1U>** (First OverVoltage Element F59)

Status	→	Disable		[ Disable /  Enable]
Levels	→	Us	1.1	Un (0.5÷1.5) step 0.01 Un
Timers	→	ts	10	s (0÷650) step 1 s

17.19.1 - Description of variables

Disable	:	Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
Us	:	Minimum operation level
ts	:	Trip time delay

17.20 - Function: **2U>** (Second OverVoltage Element F59)

Status	→	Disable		[ Disable /  Enable]
Levels	→	Us	1.1	Un (0.5÷1.5) step 0.01 Un
Timers	→	ts	10	s (0÷650) step 1 s

17.20.1 - Description of variables

Disable	:	Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
Us	:	Minimum operation level
ts	:	Trip time delay

17.21 - Function: **1U<** (First UnderVoltage Element F27)

Status	→ Disable			[  Disable /   Enable]			
Levels	→ Us	0.7	Un	(0.05÷1)	step	0.01	Un
Timers	→ ts	10	s	(0÷650)	step	1	s

17.21.1 - Description of variables

Disable	: Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
Us	: Minimum operation level
ts	: Trip time delay

17.22 - Function: **2U<** (Second UnderVoltage Element F27)

Status	→ Disable			[  Disable /   Enable]			
Levels	→ Us	0.7	Un	(0.05÷1)	step	0.01	Un
Timers	→ ts	10	s	(0÷650)	step	1	s

17.22.1 - Description of variables

Disable	: Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
Us	: Minimum operation level
ts	: Trip time delay

17.23 - Function: **Wi** (Circuit Breaker maintenance level)

Status		→	Disable	✖ 0 ✔	[✖ 0 ✔ Disable / ✔ 0 ✖ Enable]				
Levels	→	Ni	1.000		(10÷1000)	step	1		
	→	alNi	80	%	(5÷95)	step	1		
		Ne	1.000		(10÷99999)	step	1		
		alNe	80	%	(5÷95)	step	1		
		Nm	1.000		(10÷99999)	step	1		
		alNm	900		(10÷99999)	step	1		
	→	Ii	3.000	A	(100÷9999)	step	1	A	
Timers	→	ti	20	ms	(10÷40)	step	1	ms	
	→	tr	8	ms	(0÷50)	step	1	ms	

17.23.1 - Description of variables

Disable	: Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
Ni	: Maximum number of arc chute operation at nominal values
alNi	: Alarm maintenance level of arc chute operation
Ne	: Maximum number of arc contact operation at nominal values
alNe	: Alarm maintenance level of arc contact operation
Nm	: Maximum number of mechanical operation
alNm	: Alarm maintenance level of mechanical operation
Ii	: Circuit Breaker Rated Current primary amps.
ti	: HSCB open time
tr	: HSCB auxiliary contact delay

17.23.2 - Operation (Accumulation of the interruption Energy)

The relay computes the Circuit Breaker interruption Energy.
On the relay is possible to set the total level of energy that the breaker is able to interrupt.
During each C/B operation the remain energy is calculated.
The operation of this function is based on the following principle:

Arc chute:

Any time the Circuit Breaker opens, the relay accumulate the square value of the current measured from the instance of the circuit breaker opening to the instant when the current expire.
The opening instant is detected by the change of status from closed to open of digital input connected to normally open contact of the C/B; it is compensated by the parameter "tr":

$$E_i = \sum_0^n [i^2]$$

The value calculated is subtracted from the amount total energy available calculated with the following formula:

$$E_{i(\text{total})} = I_i^2 * t_i * N_i$$

"**Ni**" is the number of operation that the arc chute can done at the nominal values of C/B (current, and interrupting time).

On the measures menu is available the remaining energy value calculated as follow:

$$Ei\% = \frac{Ei_{(total)} - Ei}{Ei_{(total)}} * 100$$

When the remaining energy value goes below the **AINi** threshold an alarm is generated .

When the remaining energy value decreased to **zero** another alarm is generated.

The generated alarm can be "linked" to digital outputs (relays) or used in programmable logic functions.

Reset to **100%** of the Energy accumulation is available in the menu "**Command**" (Reset Ei).

Arc contact:

Any time the Circuit Breaker opens, the relay record the value of the current measured at the instance of the circuit breaker opening.

The opening instant is detected by the change of status from closed to open of digital input connected to normally open contact of the C/B; it is compensated by the parameter "tr":

$$Ee = [i^2]$$

The value calculated is subtracted from the amount total energy available calculated with the following formula:

$$Ee_{(total)} = Ii^2 * Ne$$

"**Ne**" is the number of operation that the arc contact can done at the nominal values of C/B (current).

On the measures menu is available the remaining energy value calculated as follow:

$$Ee\% = \frac{Ee_{(total)} - Ee}{Ee_{(total)}} * 100$$

When the remaining energy value goes below the **AINe** threshold an alarm is generated .

When the remaining energy value decreased to **zero** another alarm is generated.

The generated alarm can be "linked" to digital outputs (relays) or used in programmable logic functions.

Reset to **100%** of the Energy accumulation is available in the menu "**Command**" (Reset Ee).

Mechanical operations:

Any time the Circuit Breaker opens, the relay compute the mechanical operation (opening and closing).

When the mechanical operations counter [**OVrOP**] value exceed the **AINm** threshold an alarm is generated .

When the mechanical operations counter [**OVrOP**] value exceed the **Nm** threshold another alarm is generated .

The generated alarm can be "linked" to digital outputs (relays) or used in programmable logic functions.

Reset of the mechanical operation is available in the menu "**Command**" (Reset Counters).

17.24 - Function: **TCS** (Trip Circuit Supervision)

Status	→ Disable	 	[  Disable /   Enable]
Timers	→ ts	0.1 s	(0.1÷100) step 0.01 s

17.24.1 - Description of variables

Disable : Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
ts : Trip time delay

17.24.2 - **Operation schema diversa numerazione**

The relay includes a complete Circuit Breaker Trip Circuit Supervision unit that is associated to the Contact "20-19" of the "R1" Output Relay.

The contact of "R1" is used to trip the C/B as reported in the drawing here below.

The supervision works when the C/B is closed and recognizes the Trip Circuit as sound as far as the current flowing exceeds "1mA".

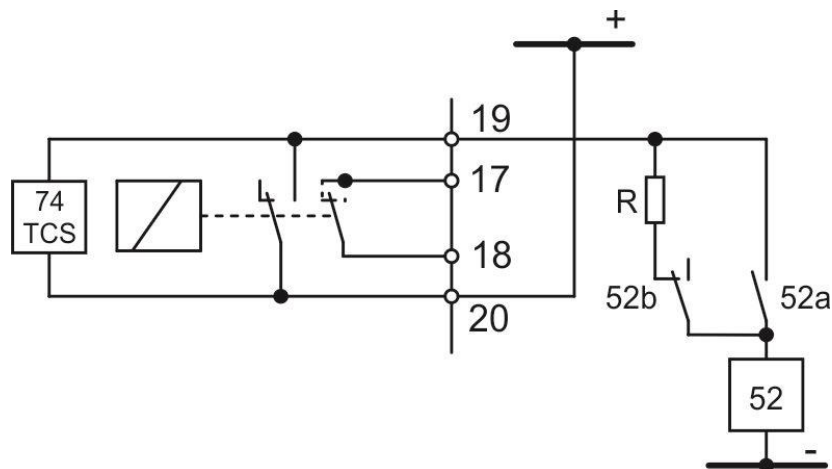
In case of Trip Circuit Fault detection, the diagnostic relay is operated and the Led starts flashing (see § Signalization).

To have Supervision also with the C/B open one N/C contact (52b) from the C/B and an external resistor "R" are needed.

$$R[k\Omega] \leq \frac{V}{1mA} - R_{52} \quad \text{where} \quad R_{52} = \text{Trip Coil internal resistance [k}\Omega\text{]}$$

V = Trip Circuit Voltage

$$P_R \geq 2 \cdot \frac{V^2}{R} [W] \quad \text{Designed power of external resistance "R"}$$



Tripping of the function operates a user programmable output relay.

17.25 - Function: **IRF** (Internal Relay Fault)

In this menu it is possible to configurate the operation of the Relay Internal Fault detection element

Status	→	Disable			[			Disable /			Enable]
Timers	→	tIRF	5	s	(5÷200)	step	0.01	s			

17.25.1 - Description of variables

Disable	:	Function enabling (No = Disable / Yes = Enable)
tIRF	:	Trip time delay

17.25.2 - Operation

Tripping of the function operates a user programmable output relay.

17.26 - Function: **RT** (First Element Remote Trip)

In this menu it is possible to configure the Remote Trip Element.

Status	→	Disable	  	[   Disable /    Enable]
Options	→	RCL	No	[No / Yes]
	→	RTon	FallEdge	[RiseEdge – FallEdge]
Timers	→	ts	5	s (0 ÷ 10) step 0.01 s

17.26.1 - Description of variables

Disable	:	Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
RCL	:	If "RCL = Yes", after tripping of the element "RT" and Opening of the Circuit Breaker, the relay starts an automatic Line Test and a reclosure cycle. If "RCL = No" no test and no reclosure is started.
RTon	:	Remote trip Edge selector
ts	:	Trip time delay

17.26.2 - Operation

Tripping of the function operates a user programmable output relay.

When Remote Trip is enabled to initiate a reclosure shot, the relevant input signal must be cleared within the time-out "to1" (1000ms); if the signal stays for longer than "to1" the reclosure function goes into the lock-out status giving an External Fail signal.

17.27 - Function: **RTX** (Second Element Remote Trip)

In this menu it is possible to configure the Remote Trip Element.

Status	→	Disable	  	[   Disable /    Enable]
Options	→	RCL	No	[No / Yes]
	→	RTon	FallEdge	[RiseEdge – FallEdge]
Timers	→	ts	5	s (0 ÷ 10) step 0.01 s

17.27.1 - Description of variables

Disable	:	Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
RCL	:	If "RCL = Yes", after tripping of the element "RTX" and Opening of the Circuit Breaker, the relay starts an automatic Line Test and a reclosure cycle. If "RCL = No" no test and no reclosure is started.
RTon	:	Remote trip Edge selector
ts	:	Trip time delay

17.27.2 - Operation

Tripping of the function operates a user programmable output relay.

When Remote Trip is enabled to initiate a reclosure shot, the relevant input signal must be cleared within the time-out "to1" (1000ms); if the signal stays for longer than "to1" the reclosure function goes into the lock-out status giving an External Fail signal.

17.28 - Function: **BrkFailure** (Breaker Failure)

Status	→	Disable	  	[	  	Disable /	  	Enable]
Timers	→	tBF	0.75	s	(0.05÷0.75)	step	0.01	s

17.28.1 - Description of variables

Disable	:	Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
tBF	:	Trip time delay

17.28.2 - Operation

The Breaker Failure detection is started by the operation of the output relay "R1" (programmed to be controlled by the Protection Functions that trip the C/B).
If after [tBF] seconds from operation of the relay "R1", any input current flow is still detected (>10% In), the function "BF" trips and operate one user programmable output relay,

17.29 - Function: **Wh** (Energy counter Pulse)

In this menu it is possible to configure the Energy counter Pulse.

Status	→	Disable	  	[	  	Disable /	  	Enable]
Levels	→	WpP	100	kW	(10 ÷ 1000)	step	10	kWh
Timers	→	Pulse	1	s	(0.1 ÷ 2)	step	0.01	s

17.29.1 - Description of variables

Disable	:	Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
WpP	:	Energy counter Pulse Level
Pulse	:	Pulse duration

17.29.2 - Operation

One selected output relay issued a pulse from an external energy counter, each pulse corresponds to the programmed Energy unit "WpP" and its duration is the set time "Pulse".

17.30 - Function: **Self Trip** (Energy counter Pulse)

In this menu it is possible to configure the Self Trip function.

Status	→	Disable	  	[	  	Disable /	  	Enable]
Options	→	RCL	No		[No / Yes]			
Timers	→	ts	5	s	(0 ÷ 10)	step	0.01	s

17.30.1 - Description of variables

Disable	:	Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
RCL	:	Reclosure
ts	:	Self-Trip time delay

17.30.2 - Operation

This function is use to individuate the "CB self-trip" without make any complex logic with "user variables". The function check only the "Main HSCB", and if it pass from close status to open, without a command issued by the relay, the "self-trip" variable is set.

17.31 - Function: **Oscillo** (Oscillographic Recording)

Status	→ Disable		[ Disable /  Enable]
Options	→ Trig	Start	[Start / Trip / OnCmd / REUserLg / FEUserLG]
Timers	→ tPre	0.5	s (0.01÷0.5) step 0.01 s
	→ tPost	0.5	s (0.01÷1.5) step 0.01 s

17.31.1 - Description of variables

Disable	: Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
Trig	: Selection of the Trigger command source (start recording):
<i>Start</i>	= Trigger on time start of protection functions
<i>Trip</i>	= Trigger on trip (time delay end) of protection functions
<i>OnCmd</i>	= On Asynchronous Force trigger command
<i>REUserLg</i>	= On rising edge of "User Logic"
<i>FEUserLg</i>	= On falling edge of "User Logic" (see § "OscilloTriggerLogic")
tPre	: Recording time before Trigger
tPost	: Recording time after Trigger

17.31.2 - Operation

In the options: "Trig = Start" and "Trig = Trip", the oscillographic recording starts respectively when any protection function starts operating or trip.

T>	1I>	1dI	Rapp	Wi	1U>
	2I>	2dI	Iapp	RT	2U>
	3I>	1di/dt	1Ig	RTX	1U<
	4I>	2di/dt	2Ig		2U<

In the option "ExtInp", the oscillographic record starts when the Digital Input is activated

The "Osc" Function includes the wave Form Capture of the input quantities (I, U, Ig, Ug) and can totally store a record of 6 seconds.

The number of events recorded depends on the duration of each individual recording (tPre + tPost).

In any case the number of event stored can not exceed ten (10 x 0.6 sec).

Any new event beyond the 6 sec capacity of the memory, cancels and overwrites the former records (FIFO Memory).

Example: "10x0.6s" or "9x0.66" or "8x0.75" etc.

17.31.3 – Available on MCom2

T>	Tal	(alarm)	Thermal element
	T>	(trip)	
1I>	1I>	(Start)	First overcurrent element
	t1I>	(Trip)	
2I>	2I>	(Start)	Second overcurrent element
	t2I>	(Trip)	
3>	3I>	(Start)	Third overcurrent element
	t3I>	(Trip)	
4I>	4I>	(Start)	Fourth overcurrent element
	t4I>	(Trip)	
Iis	Iis>	(Start)	Instantaneous Current Element
1dl	1dI	(Start)	First Current step element
	t1dI	(Trip)	
2dl	2dI	(Start)	Second Current step element
	t2dI	(Trip)	
1di/dt	1di/dt	(Start)	First Current rate of rise element
	t1di/dt	(Trip)	
2di/dt	2di/dt	(Start)	Second Current rate of rise element
	t2di/dt	(Trip)	
Rapp	Rapp	(Trip)	Impedance monitoring – di/dt dependence
Iapp	Iapp		Current monitoring with di/dt dependence
1Ig	1Ig	(Start)	First instantaneous Frame Fault element
	t1Ig	(Trip)	First time delayed Frame Fault element
2Ig	2Ig	(Start)	Second Frame Fault element
	t2Ig	(Trip)	
RS-G	RS-G	(Start)	Cable insulation (Screen-Ground)
	tRS-G	(Trip)	
RCL	RCL cmd	(Trip)	Reclosure Shot command
	ARP		Autoreclosure in progress
	ARF		Autoreclosure Failure
	ARL		Autoreclosure Lock-out
	AROk		Autoreclosure Ok
	ARE		Autoreclosure Enable
	ARD		Autoreclosure Disable
1U>	1U>	(Start)	First overvoltage element
	t1U>	(Trip)	
2U>	2U>	(Start)	Second overvoltage element
	t2U>	(Trip)	
1U<	1U<	(Start)	First undervoltage element
	t1U<	(Trip)	
2U<	2U<	(Start)	Second undervoltage element
	t2U<	(Trip)	
Wi	Ni		Maximum number of arc chute operation at nominal values
	aINi		Alarm maintenance level of arc chute operation
	Ne		Maximum number of arc contact operation at nominal values
	aINe		Alarm maintenance level of arc contact operation
	Nm		Maximum number of mechanical operation
	aINm		Alarm maintenance level of mechanical operation
TCS	tTCS	(Trip)	Time delayed Trip Circuit Supervision
IRF	IRF	(Start)	Time delayed Internal relay Fault
	tIRF	(Trip)	Instantaneous Internal relay Fault
RT	RT	(Trip)	First Instantaneous Remote Trip
	tRT	(Start)	First Time delayed Remote Trip
RTX	RTX	(Trip)	Second Instantaneous Remote Trip
	tRTX	(Start)	Second Time delayed Remote Trip
CB-L	CB-L		C/B reclose Lock-out
BF	BF		Breaker Failure
	Dial		
	tDial		
Wh	+ Wh		Exported Energy counter Pulse
	- Wh		Imported Energy counter Pulse
SelfTrip	SelfTrip		Spontaneous trip
	t-SelfTr.		Self-Trip time delay
L/R CB	cmdOpCB		Open C/B command
Hdl	cmdCICB		Close C/B command
	LocRemInc		Local / Remote Inconsistency
	missCBOpe		Missed C/B opening (Digital input missing)

LT	LTPb	Output to operate an external flashing lamp signalling line test in progress
	LTP	Line Test in progress
	LTF	Line Test Failed
	LTOK	Line Test OK
	LTB	Line Test Blocked
	LT cmd (Trip)	Line Test command
	CB1Fail	CB1 Failure
	CB2Fail	CB2 Failure
	CB3Fail	CB3 Failure
	CB4Fail	CB4 Failure
	CB5Fail	CB5 Failure
	CB1missedOp	CB1 Missed Operation
	CB2missedOp	CB2 Missed Operation
	CB3missedOp	CB3 Missed Operation
	CB4missedOp	CB4 Missed Operation
	CB5missedOp	CB5 Missed Operation
	MasterOp1	Modbus Master CB1 Open request
	MasterCL1	Modbus Master CB1 Close request
	MasterOp2	Modbus Master CB2 Open request
	MasterCL2	Modbus Master CB2 Close request
	MasterOp3	Modbus Master CB3 Open request
	MasterCL3	Modbus Master CB3 Close request
	MasterOp4	Modbus Master CB4 Open request
	MasterCL4	Modbus Master CB4 Close request
	MasterOp5	Modbus Master CB5 Open request
	MasterCL5	Modbus Master CB5 Close request
	Gen.Start	General start
	Gen.Trip	General Trip
	Vcc	Reserved
	Gnd	Reserved
	ResLog	Reset signal logic
	P1	Push-button Open
	P2	Push-button Close
P3		
	OscilloTriggerLogic	User Variable for Oscillographic Recording
	Gate<0>	User Variable
	to	
	Gate<48>	
	to	

Only for **"DIGITAL INPUT"**

0.D1	0.D1Not	Digital Input "0.D1"	activated	Digital Input on Main Relay
	to	Digital Input "0.D1"	deactivated	
0.D4	0.D4Not	Digital Input "0.D4"	activated	
	to	Digital Input "0.D4"	deactivated	
1.D1	1.D1Not	Digital Input "1.D1"	activated	Digital input on Expansion Board
	to	Digital Input "1.D1"	deactivated	
1.D15	1.D15Not	Digital Input "1.D15"	activated	
	to	Digital Input "1.D15"	deactivated	
2.D1	2.D1Not	Digital Input "2.D1"	activated	Digital input on Expansion Board
	to	Digital Input "2.D1"	deactivated	
2.D15	2.D15Not	Digital Input "2.D15"	activated	
	to	Digital Input "2.D15"	deactivated	

Only for **"OUTPUT RELAY"**

0.R1	to	Output relays on Main Relay
	0.R6	
1.R1	to	Output relays on Expansion Board
	1.R14	
2.R1	to	Output relays on Expansion Board
	2.R14	

17.31.4 – Setting "Oscillo Trigger Logic"

The "**OSCILLO TRIGGER LOGIC**" is a result of a logical operation (Or, AND, ecc...), it can be used like other logical output. This operation is possible only via "MCom2" software.

Name	User descr.	Linked functions	OpLogic	Timer	Timer type	Logical status
------	-------------	------------------	---------	-------	------------	----------------

17.31.4.1 - Name

Internal name

17.31.4.2 - User descr.

Fixed

17.31.4.3 - Linked functions

Selection functions

17.31.4.4 - OpLogic

Operation Logic = [None, OR, AND, XOR, NOR, NAND, NOT, Ff-SR, Counter, Rise-UP, Fall-Down]

16.31.4.5 - Timer

Time delay (0-10)s, step 0.01s

17.31.4.6 - Timer type

Timer	=	<i>Delay</i>	:	Add a delay on output activation. The "Timer" is edge triggered on rise edge.
		<i>Monostable P</i>	:	Monostable Positive pulse time
		<i>Monostable N</i>	:	Monostable Negative pulse time
		<i>Blink</i>	:	When selected output is a 50% duty cycle square wave
		<i>Drop Off</i>	:	Time added on falling output edge

17.31.4.7 - Logical status

"OscilloTriggerLogic" Logical status

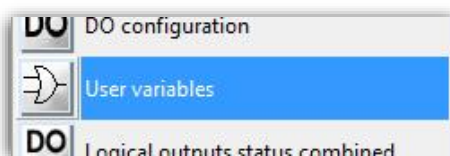
17.31.4.8 - Example: Setting "User Variable"

Open "MSCom2" program and connect to the relay.

Select "Change Windows" from "Menu" button



Select "User Variable"

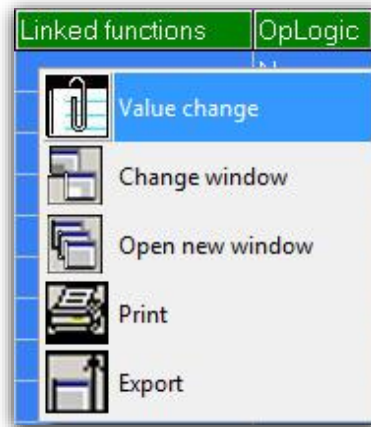


Setting for "User Trigger Oscillo" : "**1I>/2I>/3I>**", "**AND**", "**1**", "**Monostable P**".

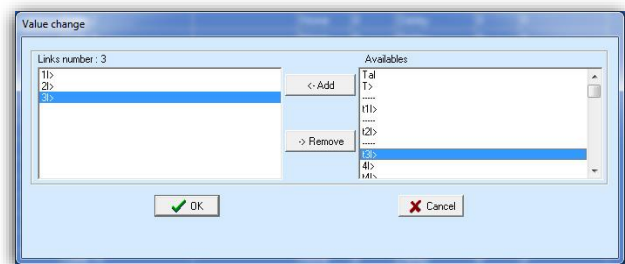
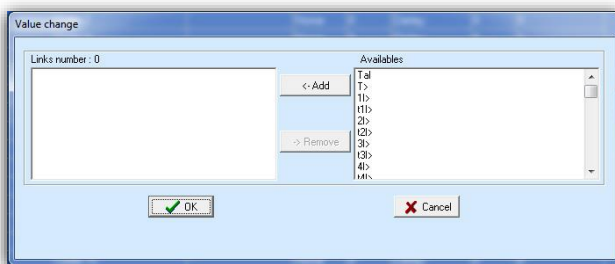
ID	Name	User descr.	Linked functions	OpLogic	Timer	Timer type	Logical status
1	UserTrigger Oscillo	OscilloTrigger.logic		None	0	Delay	0
2	UserVar <0>	Gate.1		None	0	Delay	0
3	UserVar <1>	Gate.2		None	0	Delay	0

17.31.4.9 - "Linked Functions"

Select "**Linked Functions**" related to "User Trigger Oscillo" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":



Select "**1I>, 2I>, 3I>**" from "Available" box via push-button "<Add", and press "OK". For remove functions, use push-button ">Remove".

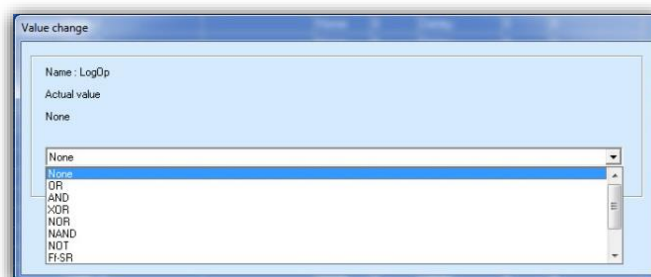


17.31.4.10 - "Operation Logic" (Oplogic)

Select "**Oper Logic**" related to "User Trigger Oscillo" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":



Insert "**AND**" into box and press "OK":

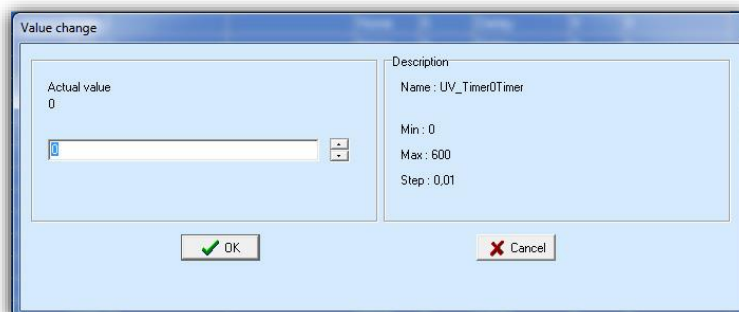


17.31.4.11 - "Timer"

Select "**Timer**" related to "User Trigger Oscillo" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":



Select "**1**" into box and press "OK":

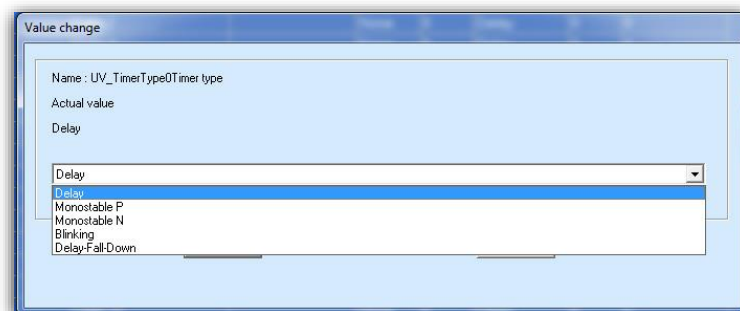


17.31.4.12 - "Timer type"

Select "**Timer**" related to "User Trigger Oscillo" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":



Select "**Monostable P**" into box and press "OK":



17.32 - Function: **L/R CB Cmds** (Local Remote Close Breaker Commands)

This menu allows to configure the command for C/B operation.

C/B Local command in Front Face panel



C/B Open control



C/B Close control

Options	→	LocRm	Disable	[Enable / Disable]
	→	DI_M	Disable	[Enable / Local]
	→	LineT	Disable	[Enable / Disable]
	→	Key	Enable	[Enable / Disable]

Timers	→	tLRIn	0.05	s	(0.05 ÷ 1.00)	step	0.05	s
	→	tOpen	1.00	s	(0.05 ÷ 2.00)	step	0.01	s

17.32.1 - Description of variables

LocRm	:	Enable/Disable [Local/Remote] Digital input.
DI_M	:	Local/Remote digital input management
LineT	:	Line Test Enable/Disable If Enabled = Line Test will be started any time C/B Close control is activated.
Key	:	Enable = The C/B can be controlled by the pushbuttons available on Relay's Front Face as well as by commands sent via the serial communication bus. Disable = The pushbuttons on Front Panel are disabled; the operation of the C/B can be controlled either by the serial bus commands or by (password protected) commands available in the menu "Commands".  C/B Open control.  C/B Close control.
tLRIn	:	Local/Remote inconsistent time.
tOpen	:	C/B operation time-out.

17.33 - Function: **CB-L** (Lock C/B reclosure)

This menu allows to configure the command lock for C/B.

Options	→	Lock	Enable	[Enable / Disable]
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17.33.1 - Description of variables

Lock	:	Enable = Enabling of the close command lock-out. Disable = Disabling of the close command lock-out.
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17.33.2 - Operation

If the variable "Lock" is set to "Enable", reclosing of the C/B is inhibited after a "Failed reclosure" or after a "Failed Line Test". The reset from the Lock-out status can be operated either by the keyboard via the "CB Unlock" command available in the menu "Commands" (§ Commands) or by an external command via the Digital Input programmed for "Ext.Reset".

17.34 - Function: **LT** (Automatic Line Test)

Options	→ TNum	1	[0 / 1 / 2 / 3]			
	→ Fast	No	[No / Yes]			
	→ Rem	No	[No / Yes]			
Levels	→ Vv<	0.5	Vn	(0÷1)	step	0.001 Vn
	→ Vm<	0.5	Vn	(0÷1)	step	0.001 Vn
	→ Rr<	100	Ω	(0÷500)	step	0.1 Ω
	→ VFast	0.5	Vn	(0.5÷1)	step	0.1 Vn
Timers	→ tp	3	s	(0÷30)	step	0.1 s
	→ tt	3	s	(1÷10)	step	0.1 s
	→ tcy	10	s	(1÷180)	step	1 s
	→ tw	3	s	(0÷10)	step	0.1 s

17.34.1 - Description of variables

TNum	: Number of tests after an unsuccessful test.
Fast	: When set to "Yes" if the voltage measured during the set pre-closing time [tp] exceeds the set level [VFast], the C/B is closed immediately without the Line Test. If set "No" test is normally carried out.
Rem	: Remote line test; if "Yes" Line Test can be started by the logical output RCL
Vv<	: Voltage (after C/B) level to allow C/B closing.
Vm<	: Voltage (before C/B) level to allow C/B closing.
Rr<	: Minimum Residual Resistance level to allow C/B closing.
VFast	: Minimum Line Voltage level to allow C/B closing without Line Test.
tp	: Waiting time after C/B closing command request to start the line test cycle.
tt	: Duration of the Line Test.
tcy	: Wait time between two consecutive tests.
tw	: Wait time to start reclosing after success fine test.

17.34.2 - Operation

The Line Test is started by a request of Automatic Reclosure or Manual Closure of the C/B (see § "RCL" and § "L/R C/B Cmds").

It is also possible to start the Line Test by activating a Digital Input programmed for this purpose (see § Remote Line Test control).

Test is considered successful depending on "Vv<", "Vm<" and "Rr<" measurement according to programming.

Setting		Test condition	
Vm<	Vv<	Rr<	
≠0	≠0	≠0	$Vv \geq [Vv<] \ \& \ Vm \geq [Vm<] \ \& \ Rr \geq [Rr<]$
≠0	≠0	=0	$Vv \geq [Vv<] \ \& \ Vm \geq [Vm<]$
=0	=0	≠0	$Rr \geq [Rr<]$

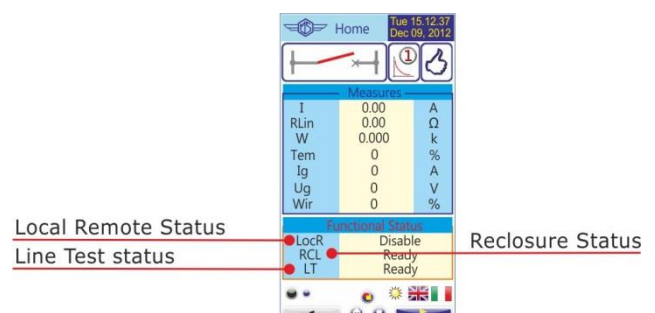
If the test was unsuccessful:

- If "Test N°=0" C/B reclosing blocked
- If "Test N°=1,2,3" The timer "tcy" is started and, at the end of "tcy" the test is repeated only 1 or 2 or three times before the C/B reclosing is blocked (if one of the tests is successful, "tw" is started and then the C/B closed).

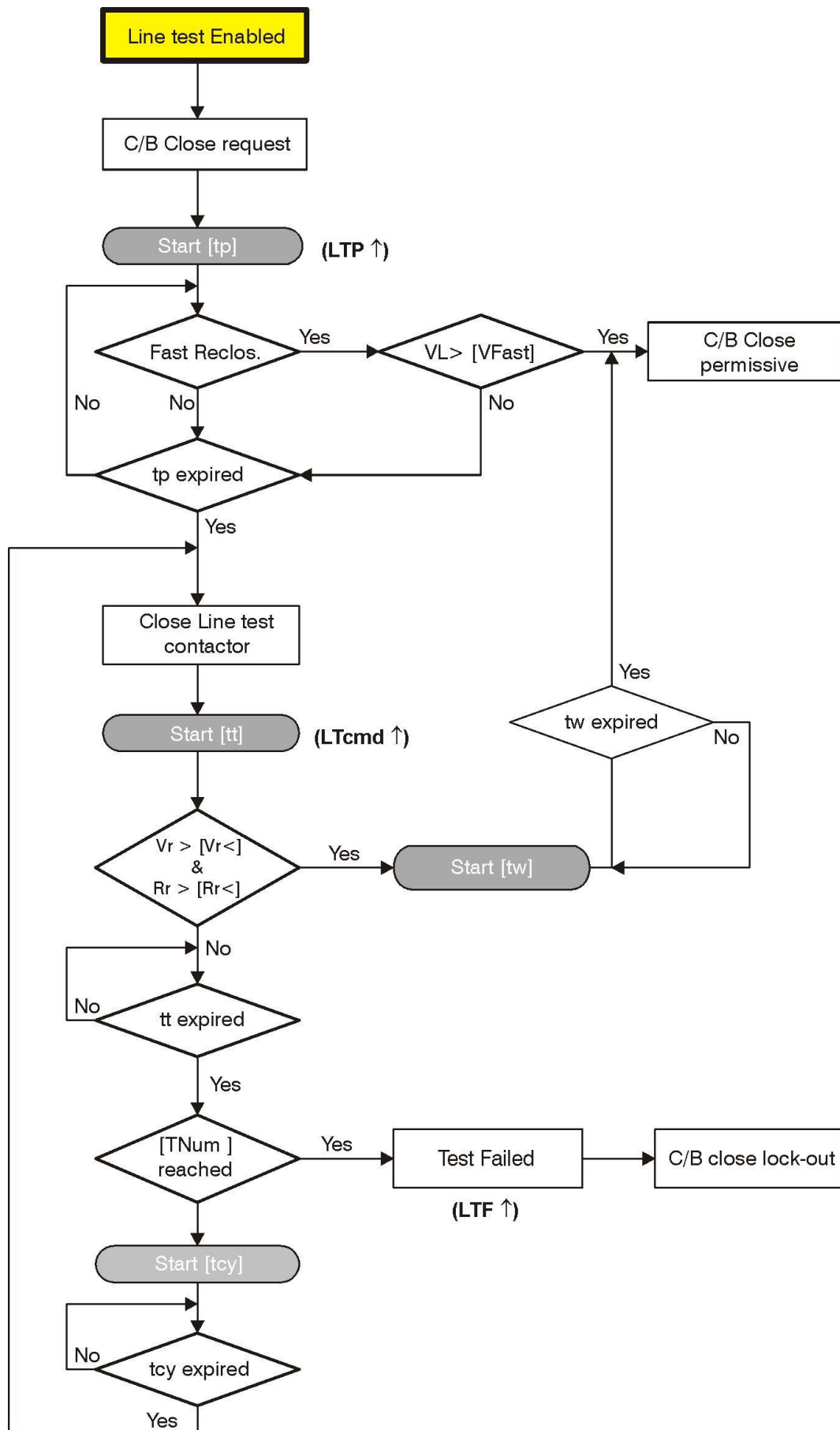
17.34.4 - Display status indication

Display of Line Test status

Standby	Line Test in standby
Ready	Line Test Ready
Fail	Line test failure



17.34.3 - Flow chart



17.35 - Function: **ExtReset** (External Reset Configuration)

This menu allows to select the edge polarity of the signal on the digital input configured to reset the relay after a trip.

The reset input will reset all the output relays configured as manual reset (latched), the signalisation of the trip on the display and the indication of the LED are cleared also.

Options → **ActOn** RiseEdge [RiseEdge / FallEdge]

17.35.1 - Description of variables

ActOn : **RiseEdge** Active on Rise Edge (Digital Input close).
FallEdge Active on Fall Edge (Digital Input open).

17.36 - Function: **Switches** (Diagnostic C/B position)

In this menu it is possible to configure the CB incongruence function.

Status → **Disable**    [   Disable /    Enable]

Timers	→	tCB1f	3	s	(0 ÷ 10)	step	0.1	s
	→	tCB1A	2	s	(0 ÷ 10)	step	0.1	s
	→	tCB2f	3	s	(0 ÷ 10)	step	0.1	s
	→	tCB2A	2	s	(0 ÷ 10)	step	0.1	s
	→	tCB3f	3	s	(0 ÷ 10)	step	0.1	s
	→	tCB3A	2	s	(0 ÷ 10)	step	0.1	s
	→	tCB4f	3	s	(0 ÷ 10)	step	0.1	s
	→	tCB4A	2	s	(0 ÷ 10)	step	0.1	s
	→	tCB5f	3	s	(0 ÷ 10)	step	0.1	s
	→	tCB5A	2	s	(0 ÷ 10)	step	0.1	s

17.36.1 - Description of variables

Disable : Function enabling (Disable / Enable)
tCB1f : C/B1 Diagnostic position discrepancy filter time
tCB1A : C/B1 Operation control time
tCB2f : C/B2 Diagnostic position discrepancy filter time
tCB2A : C/B2 Operation control time
tCB3f : C/B3 Diagnostic position discrepancy filter time
tCB3A : C/B3 Operation control time
tCB4f : C/B4 Diagnostic position discrepancy filter time
tCB4A : C/B4 Operation control time
tCB5f : C/B5 Diagnostic position discrepancy filter time
tCB5A : C/B5 Operation control time

17.36.2 - Operation

For each auxiliary CB is possible set the incongruence status of its auxiliary contact (1NO e 1 NC). In case the two contacts are in the same status (open are close) for a time longer then tCBxf, a variable (linkable) is set.

17.38 - Function: **auxRCmds** (Auxiliary Remote Commands)

In this menu it is possible to configure timer for duration of command.

Timers	→ tCl1	1	s	(0÷10)	step	0.1	s
	→ tOp1	1	s	(0÷10)	step	0.1	s
	→ tCl2	1	s	(0÷10)	step	0.1	s
	→ tOp2	1	s	(0÷10)	step	0.1	s
	→ tCl3	1	s	(0÷10)	step	0.1	s
	→ tOp3	1	s	(0÷10)	step	0.1	s
	→ tCl4	1	s	(0÷10)	step	0.1	s
	→ tOp4	1	s	(0÷10)	step	0.1	s
	→ tCl5	1	s	(0÷10)	step	0.1	s
	→ tOp5	1	s	(0÷10)	step	0.1	s

17.38.1 - Description of variables

tCl1	:	Master close breaker 1 command duration
tOp1	:	Master open breaker 1 command duration
tCl2	:	Master close breaker 2 command duration
tOp2	:	Master open breaker 2 command duration
tCl3	:	Master close breaker 3 command duration
tOp3	:	Master open breaker 3 command duration
tCl4	:	Master close breaker 4 command duration
tOp4	:	Master open breaker 4 command duration
tCl5	:	Master close breaker 5 command duration
tOp5	:	Master open breaker 5 command duration

18. Input – Output (Via Keyboard or MSCom2 software)

The firmware can manage up to 28 digital inputs and 24 output relays; among these, 4 digital inputs and 6 output relays are available on the relay module, the remaining are available on additional expansion modules controlled via the CAN-Bus communication channel:

14DI	Module	(Board 1)	=	14 Digital Inputs
14DO	Module	(Board 2)	=	14 Outputs Relay
UX10-4	Module	(Board 3)	=	10 Digital Inputs - 4 Outputs Relay

The interfacing software “**MSCom2**” also allows to program the operation of the output relays (Physical Output), and Digital Inputs (see MSCom2 Manual).

18.1 – Digital Input

0.D1	Programmable (D1)	When the relevant terminals are open and get activated when the relevant terminals are shorted by an external cold contact.	<i>Available in the relay</i>
0.D2	Programmable (D2)		
0.D3	Programmable (D3)		
0.D4	Programmable (D4)		
1.D1	Inputs	<i>Digital input on</i>	Any digital input of the expansion modules is active when the relevant terminals (see wiring diagram) are shorted.
1.D--	"D8", "D16" not available	<i>Expansion Board 1</i>	
1.D15			
2.D1	Inputs	<i>Digital input on</i>	
2.D--	"D8", "D16" not available	<i>Expansion Board 2</i>	
2.D15			

Three of them (0.D1, 0.D2, 0.D3) are deactivated, when the relevant terminals are open and get activated when the relevant terminals are shorted by an external cold contact.

The operation of the Input “0.D4” is dependent on the value “R” of resistance of the external circuit connected to its terminals (38-19):

- Activated if “ $R < 50\Omega$ ” or “ $R > 3000\Omega$ ”. - Deactivated if “ $50\Omega \leq R \leq 3000\Omega$ ”.

Therefore, if the terminals “38-19” are open-circuited, the input “0.D4” is activated; for using “0.D4” as A normal Digital Input simply controlled by an external cold contact, it is necessary to permanently connect across the terminal’s “38-19” (in parallel to the external contact) a load resistor of value between 50 and 3000 Ω (example 1000 Ω - 0.5W).

18.2 – “DI” Configuration parameter available (via keyboard or MSCom2 software)

Any of the Digital Inputs can be programmed to control one or more of the following functions.

C/B1-Close	Close position status	Bi2didt	Blocking input to the 2didt
C/B1-Open	Open position status	BiRCL	Reclosure lock-out RCL
C/B1-I/D	Insertion status	Bypass-LT	Line test bypass
C/B2-Close	Close position status	Bi1U<	Blocking input to the 1U<
C/B2-Open	Open position status	Bi2U<	Blocking input to the 2U<
C/B2-I/D	Insertion status	Main C/B CL.Status	Circuit breaker status
C/B3-Close	Close position status	RT	Remote Trip input
C/B3-Open	Open position status	RTX	Second Remote Trip input
C/B3-I/D	Insertion status	BiSelfT	Blocking input self Trip
C/B4-Close	Close position status	Local	Local mode operation
C/B4-Open	Open position status	Remote	Remote mode operation
C/B4-I/D	Insertion status	Open CB	Open C/B Command
C/B5-Close	Close position status	Close CB	Close C/B Command
C/B5-Open	Open position status	BiOpenCB	Blocking input open CB
C/B5-I/D	Insertion status	BiCloseCB	Blocking input close CB
Bi1I>	Blocking input to the 1I>	RemLT	Remote line test input
Bi2I>	Blocking input to the 2I>	BiLT	Blocking input LT
Bi3I>	Blocking input to the 3I>	Ext Reset	External Reset input
Bi4I>	Blocking input to the 4I>	SetupGroup 1-2	Selection of the setting
Bi1didt	Blocking input to the 1didt		

18.3 – Function available

In this list are show the functions that can be associated with digital inputs or output relay.

T>	Tal	(alarm)	<i>Thermal element</i>
	T>	(trip)	
1I>	1I>	(Start)	<i>First overcurrent element</i>
	t1I>	(Trip)	
2I>	2I>	(Start)	<i>Second overcurrent element</i>
	t2I>	(Trip)	
3>	3I>	(Start)	<i>Third overcurrent element</i>
	t3I>	(Trip)	
4I>	4I>	(Start)	<i>Fourth overcurrent element</i>
	t4I>	(Trip)	
Iis	Iis>	(Start)	<i>Instantaneous Current Element</i>
1dI	1dI	(Start)	<i>First Current step element</i>
	t1dI	(Trip)	
2dI	2dI	(Start)	<i>Second Current step element</i>
	t2dI	(Trip)	
1di/dt	1di/dt	(Start)	<i>First Current rate of rise element</i>
	t1di/dt	(Trip)	
2di/dt	2di/dt	(Start)	<i>Second Current rate of rise element</i>
	t2di/dt	(Trip)	
Rapp	Rapp	(Trip)	<i>Impedance monitoring – di/dt dependence</i>
Iapp	Iapp		<i>Current monitoring with di/dt dependence</i>
1Ig	1Ig	(Start)	<i>First instantaneous Frame Fault element</i>
	t1Ig	(Trip)	<i>First time delayed Frame Fault element</i>
2Ig	2Ig	(Start)	<i>Second Frame Fault element</i>
	t2Ig	(Trip)	
RCL	RCL cmd	(Trip)	<i>Reclosure Shot command</i>
	ARP		<i>Autoreclosure in progress</i>
	ARF		<i>Autoreclosure Failure</i>
	ARL		<i>Autoreclosure Lock-out</i>
	AROK		<i>Autoreclosure OK</i>
	ARE		<i>Autoreclosure Enable</i>
	ARD		<i>Autoreclosure Disable</i>
1U>	1U>	(Start)	<i>First overvoltage element</i>
	t1U>	(Trip)	
2U>	2U>	(Start)	<i>Second overvoltage element</i>
	t2U>	(Trip)	
1U<	1U<	(Start)	<i>First undervoltage element</i>
	t1U<	(Trip)	
2U<	2U<	(Start)	<i>Second undervoltage element</i>
	t2U<	(Trip)	
Wi	Ni		<i>Maximum number of arc chute operation at nominal values</i>
	aINi		<i>Alarm maintenance level of arc chute operation</i>
	Ne		<i>Maximum number of arc contact operation at nominal values</i>
	aINe		<i>Alarm maintenance level of arc contact operation</i>
	Nm		<i>Maximum number of mechanical operation</i>
	aINm		<i>Alarm maintenance level of mechanical operation</i>
TCS	tTCS	(Trip)	<i>Time delayed Trip Circuit Supervision</i>
IRF	IRF	(Start)	<i>Time delayed Internal relay Fault</i>
	tIRF	(Trip)	<i>Instantaneous Internal relay Fault</i>
RT	RT	(Trip)	<i>First Instantaneous Remote Trip</i>
	tRT	(Start)	<i>First Time delayed Remote Trip</i>
RTX	RTX	(Trip)	<i>Second Instantaneous Remote Trip</i>
	tRTX	(Start)	<i>Second Time delayed Remote Trip</i>
CB-L	CB-L		<i>C/B reclose Lock-out</i>
BF	BF		<i>Breaker Failure</i>
	Dial		
	tDial		
Wh	+ Wh		<i>Exported Energy counter Pulse</i>
	- Wh		<i>Imported Energy counter Pulse</i>
SelfTrip	SelfTrip		<i>Spontaneous trip</i>
	t-SelfTr.		<i>Self-Trip time delay</i>
L/R CB	cmdOpC/B		<i>Open C/B command</i>
Hdl	cmdClC/B		<i>Close C/B command</i>
	LocRemInc		<i>Local / Remote Inconsistency</i>
	missCBOpe		<i>Missed C/B opening (Digital input missing)</i>

LT	LTPb	Output to operate an external flashing lamp signalling line test in progress
	LTP	Line Test in progress
	LTF	Line Test Failed
	LTOK	Line Test OK
	LTB	Line Test Blocked
	LT cmd (Trip)	Line Test command
	CB1Fail	CB1 Failure
	CB2Fail	CB2 Failure
	CB3Fail	CB3 Failure
	CB4Fail	CB4 Failure
	CB5Fail	CB5 Failure
	CB1missedOp	CB1 Missed Operation
	CB2missedOp	CB2 Missed Operation
	CB3missedOp	CB3 Missed Operation
	CB4missedOp	CB4 Missed Operation
	CB5missedOp	CB5 Missed Operation
	MasterOp1	Modbus Master CB1 Open request
	MasterCL1	Modbus Master CB1 Close request
	MasterOp2	Modbus Master CB2 Open request
	MasterCL2	Modbus Master CB2 Close request
	MasterOp3	Modbus Master CB3 Open request
	MasterCL3	Modbus Master CB3 Close request
	MasterOp4	Modbus Master CB4 Open request
	MasterCL4	Modbus Master CB4 Close request
	MasterOp5	Modbus Master CB5 Open request
	MasterCL5	Modbus Master CB5 Close request
	Gen.Start	General start
	Gen.Trip	General Trip
	Vcc	Reserved
	Gnd	Reserved
	ResLog	Reset signal logic
	P1	Push-button Open
	P2	Push-button Close
	P3	
	OscilloTriggerLogic	User Variable for Oscillographic Recording
	UserVar<0>	
	to	User Variable
	UserVar<48>	

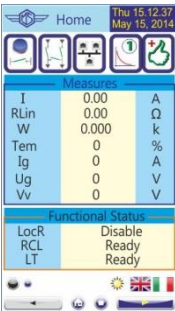
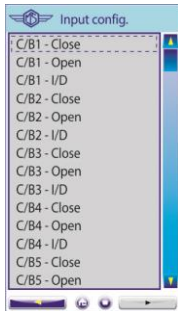
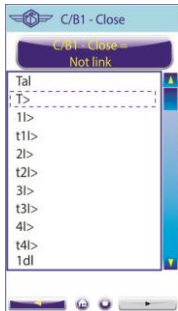
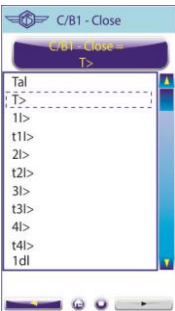
Only for **"DIGITAL INPUT"**

0.D1	Digital Input "0.D1"	activated	Digital Input on Main Relay
0.D1Not	Digital Input "0.D1"	deactivated	
0.D4	Digital Input "0.D4"	activated	Digital Input on Main Relay
0.D4Not	Digital Input "0.D4"	deactivated	
1.D1	Digital Input "1.D1"	activated	Digital input on Expansion Board
1.D1Not	Digital Input "1.D1"	deactivated	
1.D15	Digital Input "1.D15"	activated	Digital input on Expansion Board
1.D15Not	Digital Input "1.D15"	deactivated	
2.D1	Digital Input "2.D1"	activated	Digital input on Expansion Board
2.D1Not	Digital Input "2.D1"	deactivated	
2.D15	Digital Input "2.D15"	activated	Digital input on Expansion Board
2.D15Not	Digital Input "2.D15"	deactivated	

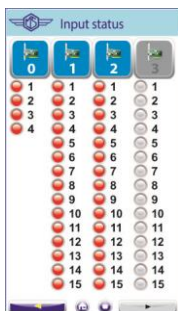
Only for **"OUTPUT RELAY"**

0.R1	Output relays on Main Relay
0.R6	
1.R1	Output relays on Expansion Board
1.R14	
2.R1	Output relays on Expansion Board
2.R14	

18.4 – "InpCfg" Inputs Configuration - via Touch Screen

- 1 
 - Press " " or " " to access to the "Desktop" menu with icons.
- 2 
 - Press " " to access to the settings menu.
- 3 
 - Select Input "**C/B1-Close**" from list.
- 4 
 - Press "**Link**".
- 5 
 - Load parameters.....
- 6 
 - Select "**T>**" from list.
- 7 
 - The box show "**C/B1-Close = T>**".
 - The function is Linked
- 8 To link multiple functions to digital input, use "**USER VARIABLES**".

18.5 – "InpView" Inputs Status View - via Touch Screen

- 1 
 - Press " " or " " to access to the "Desktop" menu with icons.
- 2 
 - Press " " to access to the settings menu.
- 3 
 - This list shows actual status of digital inputs.

Expansion Board		Expansion Board		Signalization Leds	
	Assigned		Not Assigned/Present		Inputs active
	Assigned		Not Assigned/Present		Inputs not active
	Assigned		Not Assigned/Present		Inputs not present
	Assigned		Not Assigned/Present		

18.6 – "DI" Configuration - via MCom2 software

18.6.1 – Example

Name	Status	OpLogic	Functions
------	--------	---------	-----------

18.6.2 - Name

Logical Input name

18.6.3 - Status

Logical Input status

18.6.4 - OpLogic

Operation Logic = [None, OR, AND, XOR, NOR, NAND, NOT, Ff-SR]

18.6.5 - Functions

Function available.

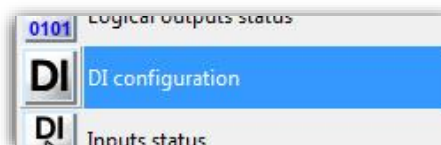
18.6.6 - Example: Setting "Digital Input"

Open "MCom2" program and connect to the relay.

Select "Change Windows" from "Menu" button



Select "**DI CONFIGURATION**"

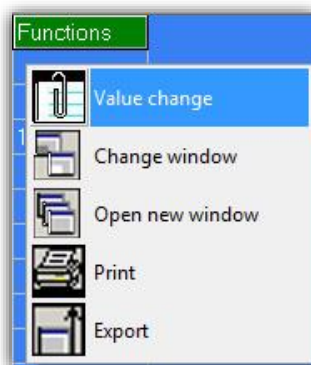


Setting for "**BI11>**" : "**11>**".

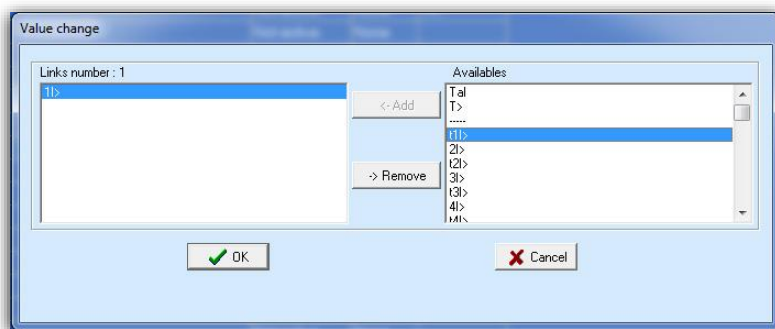
Name	Status	OpLogic	Functions
BI11> (Blocking Input 11>)	Not active	None	11>

18.6.7 - "Functions"

Select "**Functions**" related to "Bi1I>" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":



From box "Available", select "1I>" and press "Add".
Press "OK" for confirmation. (if Password is request, see § Password)



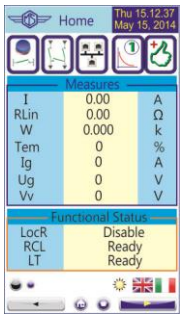
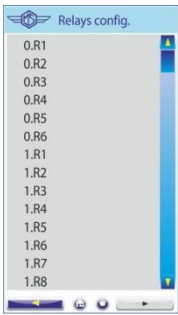
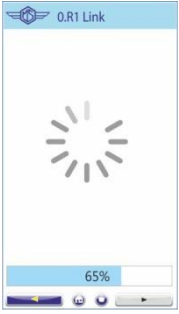
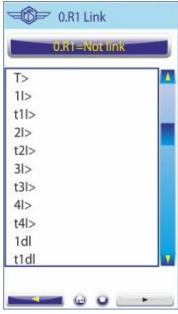
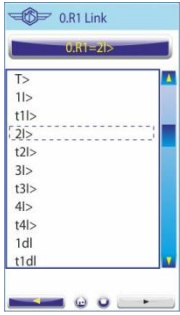
18.7 – Outputs Relay

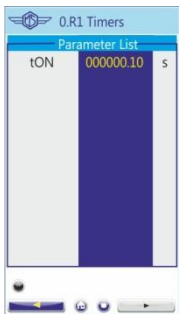
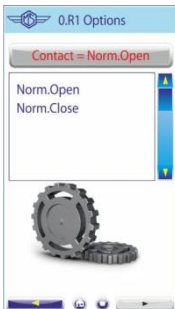
The output relay are fully user programmable and controlled by any protection functions and by any digital inputs.

0.R1	Programmable (R1)	<i>Available on the relay</i>
0.R2	Programmable (R2)	
0.R3	Programmable (R3)	
0.R4	Programmable (R4)	
0.R5	Programmable (R5)	
0.R6	Programmable (R6)	
1.R1		<i>Output Relays on Expansion Board</i>
1.R--	Programmable	
1.R14		

Any Output Relay can be programmed to be controlled (energized) by one or more of the following functions or Digital Inputs, see § Function available

18.8 – "OutCfg" Outputs Configuration - via Touch Screen

- 
 - Press ""
 - or ""
 - to access to the "Desktop" menu with icons.
- 
 - Press ""
 - to access to the settings menu.
- 
 - Select Input "**0.R1**" from list.
- 
 - Press "**Link**".
- 
 - Load parameters.....
- 
 - Select "**2I>**" from list.
- 
 - The box show "**0.R1=2I>**".
 - The function is linked.
- To link multiple functions to Outputs Relay, use "**USER VARIABLES**".
- 
 - Press "**Timers**".

- 10**  • Press the value (number) to change it.
• Insert the password (if request).
- 11**  • Press "**Options**".
- 12**  • Press "**ModeOper**", to select the Operative Mode.
- 13**  • Select the "Operative Mode" needed.
- 14**  • Press "**Contact**", to select the contact status.
- 15**  • Select the "contact" needed.

18.9 – "OutCfg" Outputs Configuration - via MCom2 software

18.9.1 – "Example"

ID	Relay	Linked functions	OpLogic	Logical status	Output config	Function	tON	Relay status
1	0.R1 [Master board, R.1]		None	Off	Normally Deenergized	Automatic reset	0.1	Off
2	0.R2 [Master board, R.2]		None	Off	Normally Deenergized	Automatic reset	0.1	Off

18.9.2 – "Relay"

Relay internal name

18.9.3 – "Linked function"

Select the function for tripping the output relay (for multiple association use "User Variable")

18.9.4 – "Operation Logic"

Operation Logic = Not used

18.9.5 – "Logical Status"

Relay Logical status

18.9.6 – "Output Configuration"

<i>Normally Deenergized</i>	The output relay is deenergized in normal conditions and gets energized on activation of the controlling Functional Output; reset means deenergizing.
<i>Normally Energized</i>	The output relay is energized in normal conditions and gets deenergized on activation of the controlling Functional Output; reset means energizing.

18.9.7 – "tON - Operation Time"

This timer controls the duration of the activation of the output relay.

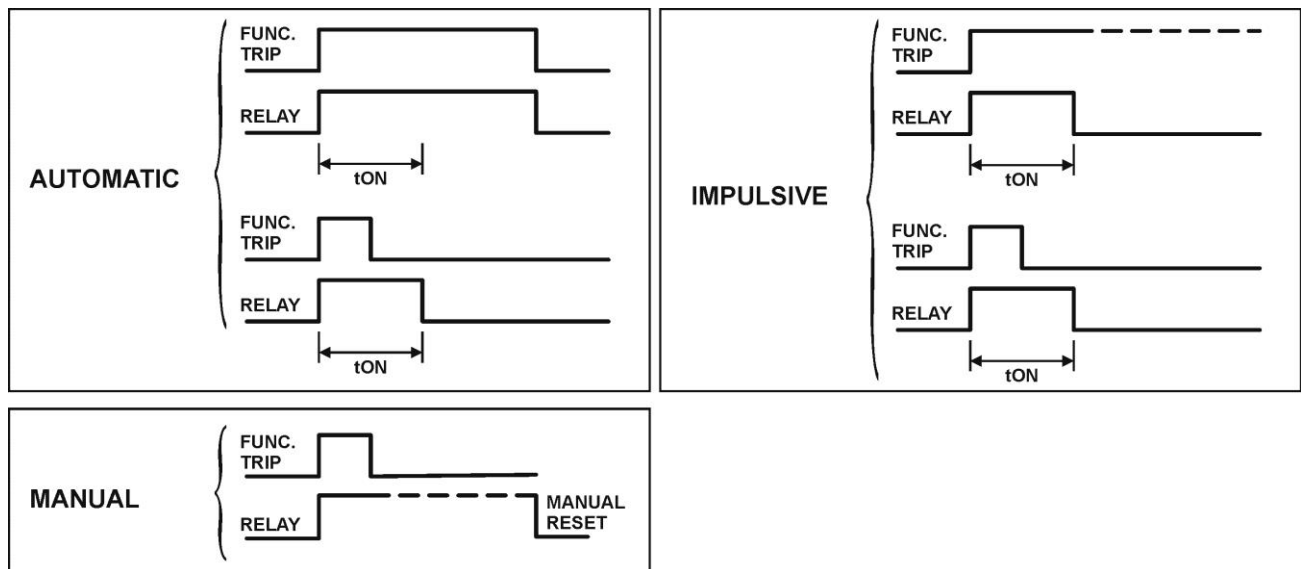
tON : 0 (0.01-10)s, step 0.01s

18.9.8 – "Relay Status"

Relay – Physical status

18.9.9 - Functions - Operation Mode

- Automatic** : In this mode the output relay is "operated" (energized if "**N.D.**", deenergized if "**N.E.**") when the controlling Functional Output is activated and it is reset to the "non operated" condition when the Functional Output gets deactivated but, anyhow, not before the time "**TON**" has elapsed (minimum duration of the operation time)
- Manual** : In this mode the output relay is "operated" when the controlling Functional Output is activated and remains in the operated condition until a manual reset command is issued by the relay keyboard (local commands menu) or via the serial communication. In this mode the timer "**TON**" has no effect.
- Impulsive** : In this mode the output relay is "operated" when the controlling Functional Output is activated and it remains in the "operated" condition (energized if "**N.D.**", deenergized if "**N.E.**") for the set time "**TON**" independently from the status of the controlling Functional Output.

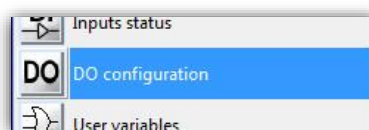


Open "MSCom2" program and connect to the relay.

Select "Change Windows" from "Menu" button



Select "**DO CONFIGURATION**"



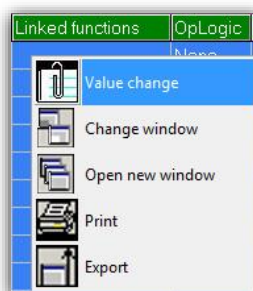
18.9.10 - Example: Change settings for "0.R1"

Change settings for "**0.R1**" : "1I>", "Normally Energized", "Pulse", "0.5".

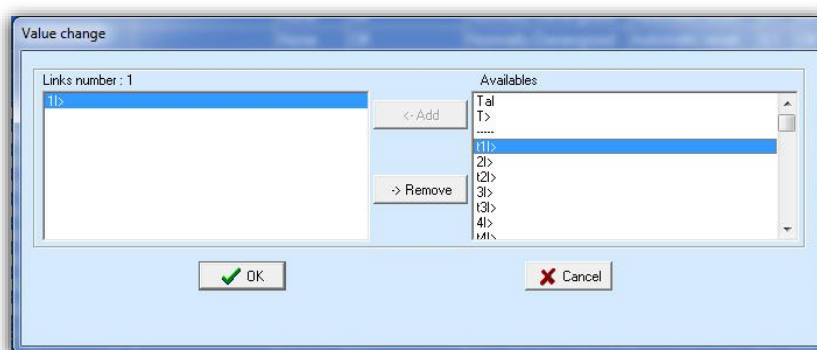
ID	Relay	Linked functions	OpLogic	Logical status	Output config	Function	tON	Relay status
1	0.R1 [Master board, R:1]		None	Off	Normally Denergized	Automatic reset	0.1	Off
2	0.R2 [Master board, R:2]		None	Off	Normally Denergized	Automatic reset	0.1	Off

18.9.10.1 - "Linked Functions"

Select "**Linked Functions**" related to "0.R1" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":

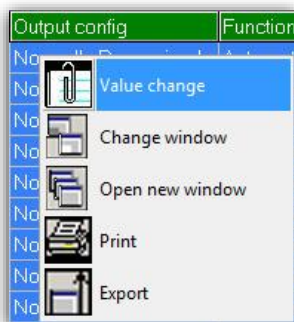


From box "Available", select "1I>" and press "Add".
Press "OK" for confirmation. (if Password is request, see § Password)

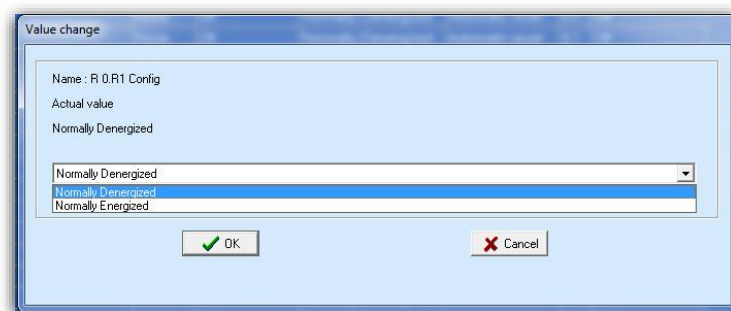


18.9.10.2 - "Output Config"

Select "**Output Config**" related to "0.R1" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":



Select "**Normally Energized**" from combo box and press "OK" (if Password is request, see § Password)

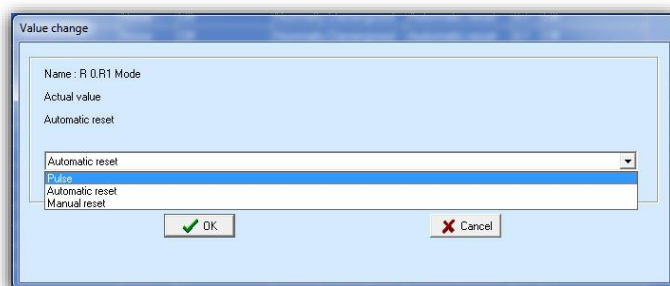


18.9.10.3 - "Function"

Select "**Function**" related to "0.R1" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":



Select "**Pulse**" from combo box and press "OK" (if Password is request, see § Password):

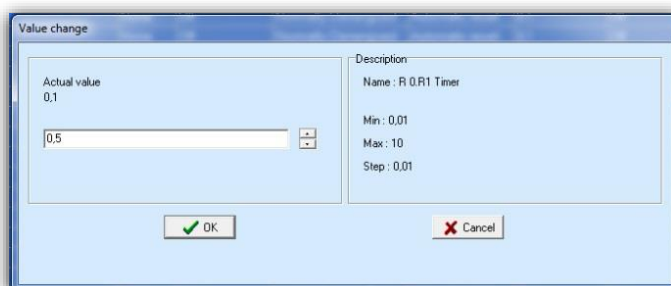


18.9.10.4 - "tON"

Select "**tON**" related to "0.R1" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":



Select "**0.5**" from combo box and press "OK" (if Password is request, see § Password):



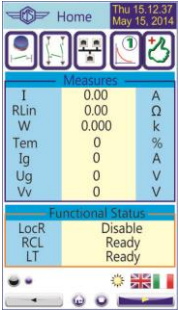
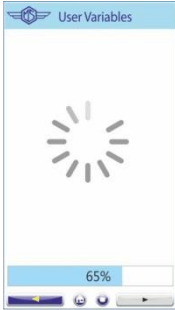
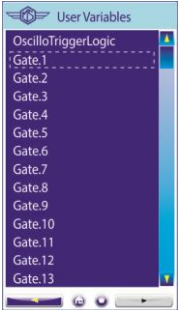
19. UserVar

The "User Variable" is a result of a logical operation (OR, AND, ecc...), it can be used like other logical output.

19.1 – Configuration – via Touch Screen

	Logic gate / components ("Up Counter")		Button not active
	Functions assigned		Button not active
	Timer		Button not active
	Preset (is available only with "Up Counter"enable)		Button not active

19.1.1 – Selection Gate

- 1 
 - Press " " or " " to access to the "Desktop" menu with icons.
- 2 
 - Press " " to access to the settings menu.
- 3 
 - Load parameters.....
- 4 
 - Select "Gate.1" from list.

19.1.2 – "Logic"

Operation Logic = [None, OR, AND, XOR, NOR, NAND, NOT, Ff-SR]

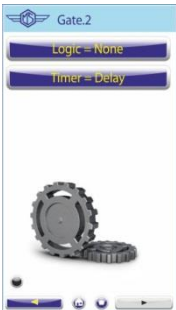
19.1.2.1 – "Logic"

1



- Press "Logic" to access to the Logic menu.

2



- Select "Logic" to assign the logic gate.

3



- Select "Logic" needed.
- When the parameter is select, the display return at point 2

4



- The icon "Logic" shows "AND"

19.1.2.2 – "Timer"

<i>Delay</i>	: Add a delay on output activation. The "Timer" is edge triggered on rise edge.
<i>Impulse P</i>	: Monostable Positive pulse time
<i>Impulse N</i>	: Monostable Negative pulse time
<i>Blink</i>	: When selected output is a 50% duty cycle square wave
<i>Drop Off</i>	: Time added on falling output edge

1



- Press "Timer" to access to the Logic menu.

2



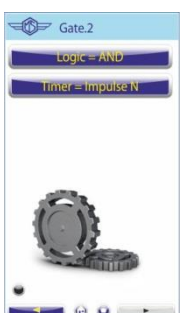
- Select "Timer" to assign the type of time.

3



- Select "Timer" needed.
- When the parameter is select, the display return at point 2

4

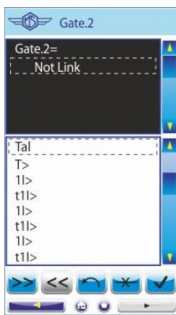
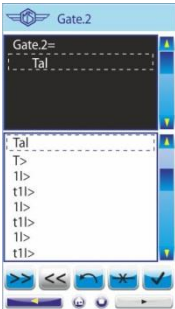


- The icon "Timer" shows "Impulse N"

19.1.3 – "Link" (example without "Logic" assigned)

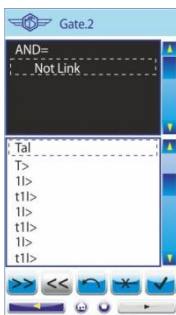
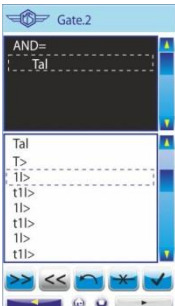
	Button to add the selected parameter		Button not active
	Button to remove the selected parameter		Button not active
	Button to return to pre-existent parameters		Button not active
	Button to remove all parameter		Button not active
	Button to confirm parameter selected		Button not active

In this mode (no logic), you can only assign one item to the gate

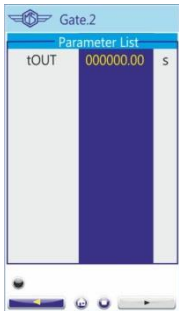
- 
 - Press " " to access to the Link page.
- 
 - Select element (ex. Tal)
 - Press  to assign.
- 
 - The "**Tal**" parameter is showed in the box.
 - Press  to confirm.

19.1.4 – "Link" (example with "Logic = AND" assigned)

In this mode (logic), you can assign various items (max. 8 items) to the gate

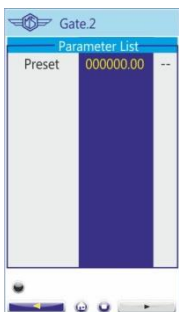
- 
 - Press " " to access to the Link page.
- 
 - Select element "**Tal**"
 - Press  to assign.
- 
 - The "**Tal**" parameter is showed in the box.
 - Press  to confirm.
- 
 - Select element "**1I>**"
 - Press  to assign.
 - Press  to confirm.

19.1.5 – "Timer"

- 1 
 - Press " " to access.
- 2 
 - Press the value (number) to change it.
 - Insert the password (if request).
 - Press the value (number) and set timer value.

19.1.6 – "Preset"

This menu is available only with "Up Counter" enable

- 1 
 - Press " " to access.
- 2 
 - Press the value (number) to change it.
 - Insert the password (if request).
 - Press the value (number) and set timer value.

19.2 – Configuration – via MCom2 software

Name	User descr.	Linked functions	OpLogic	Timer	Timertype	Extra	Logical status
------	-------------	------------------	---------	-------	-----------	-------	----------------

19.2.1 - Name

Internal progressive name

19.2.2 - User Descr.

Custom identification label for user variable

19.2.3 - Linked functions

Selection functions

19.2.4 - OpLogic

Operation Logic = [None, OR, AND, XOR, NOR, NAND, NOT, Ff-SR]

19.2.5 - Timer

Time delay (0-10)s, step 0.01s

19.2.6 - Timer type

<i>Delay</i>	:	Add a delay on output activation. The "Timer" is edge triggered on rise edge.
<i>Impulse P</i>	:	Monostable Positive pulse time
<i>Impulse N</i>	:	Monostable Negative pulse time
<i>Blink</i>	:	When selected output is a 50% duty cycle square wave
<i>Delay-Fall-Down</i>	:	Delay to change edge

19.2.7 - Logical status

"User Variable" Logical status

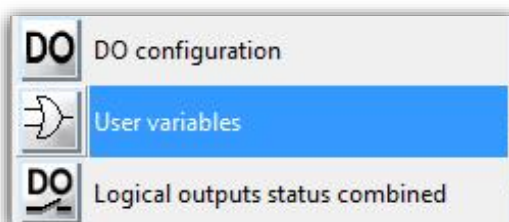
19.2.8 - Example: Setting "User Variable"

Open "MSCom2" program and connect to the relay.

Select "Change Windows" from "Menu" button



Select **"USER VARIABLE"**



Setting for **"UserVar<0>"** :

"Start Overcurrent Element", "1I>, 2I>, 3I>", "OR", "1", "Monostable P".

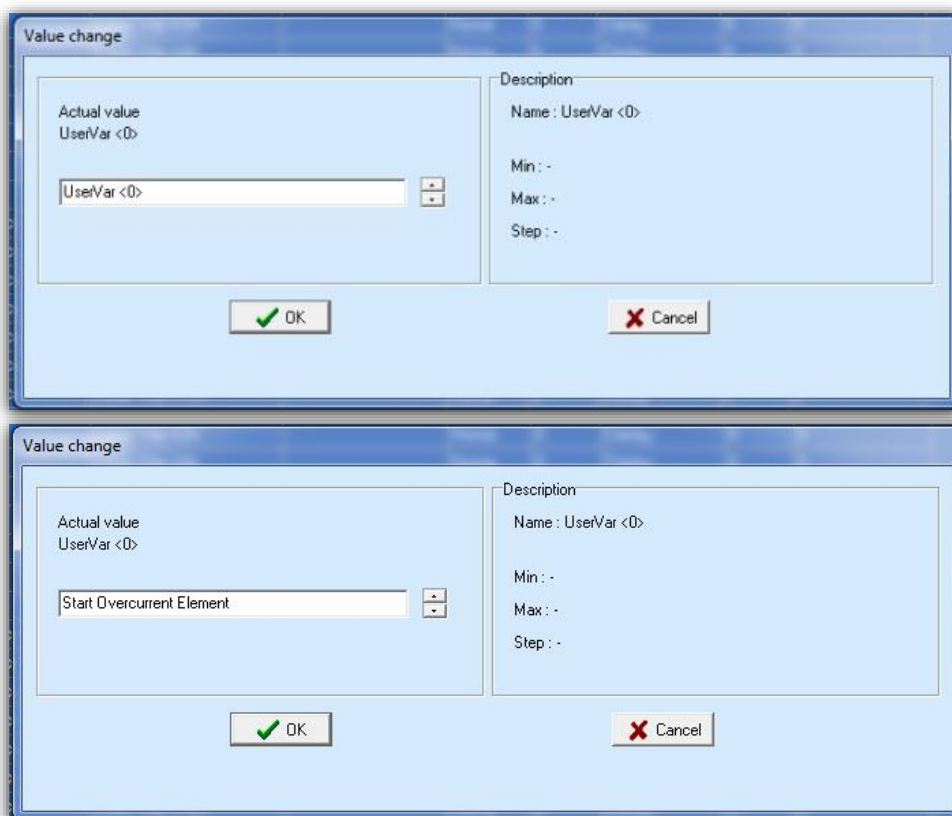
Name	User descr.	Linked functions	OpLogic	Timer	Timer type	Extra	Logical status
UserTrigger Oscillo	UserTrigger Oscillo		None	0	Delay	0	0
UserVar <0>	UserVar <0>		None	0	Delay	0	0

19.2.8.1 - "User description" (User descr.)

Select "**User descr**" related to "UserVar<0>" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":

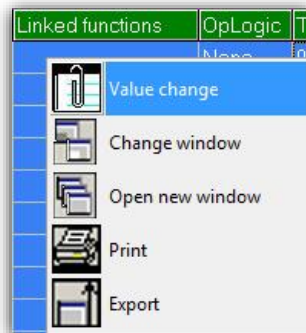


Insert "**Start Overcurrent Element**" into box and press "OK":

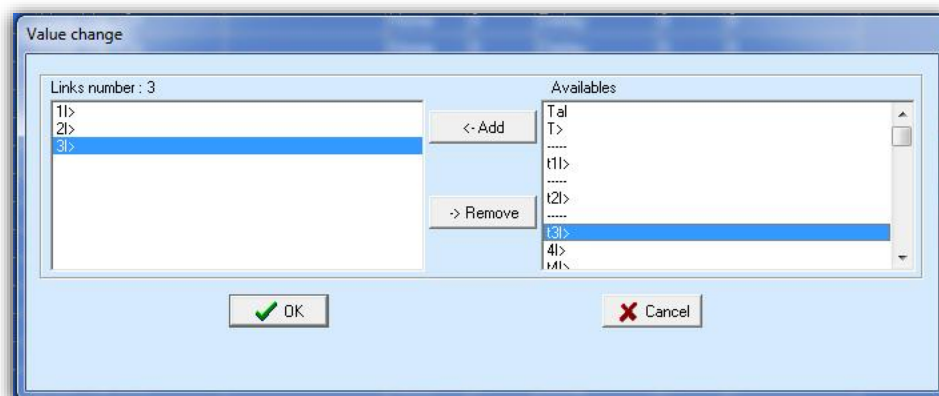
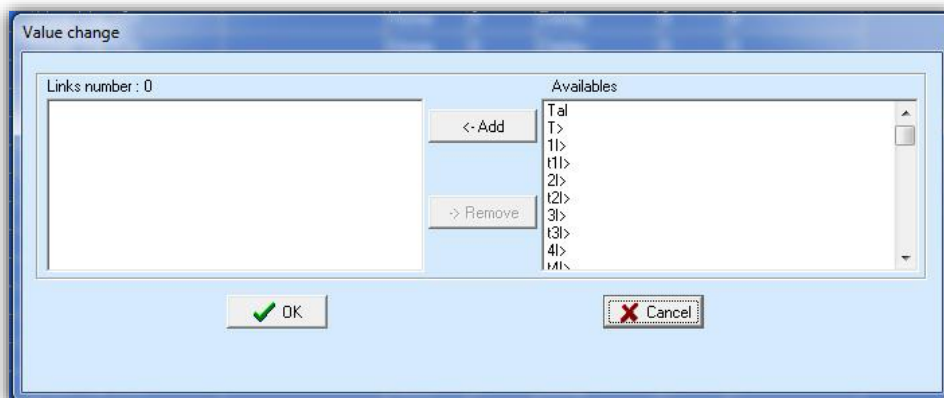


19.2.8.2 - "Linked Functions"

Select "**Linked Functions**" related to "UserVar<0>" ("**Start Overcurrent Element**")" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":

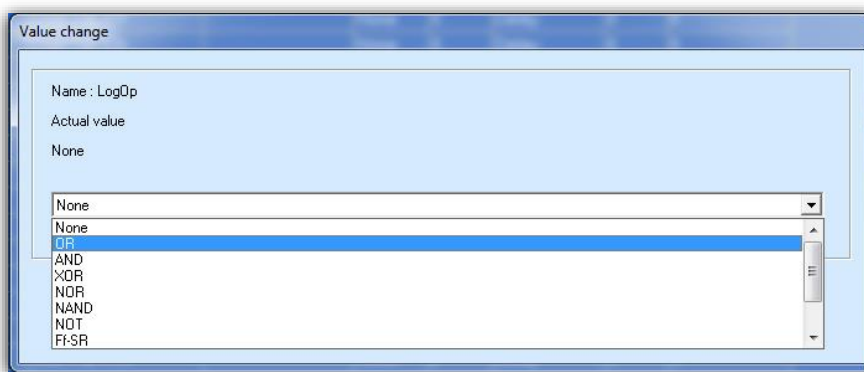


Select "**1I>, 2I>, 3I>**" from "Available" box via push-button "<-Add", and press "OK". For remove functions, use push-button ">-Remove".



19.2.8.3 - "Operation Logic" (Oplogic)

Select "**Oper Logic**" related to "UserVar<0> ("**Start Overcurrent Element**")" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":



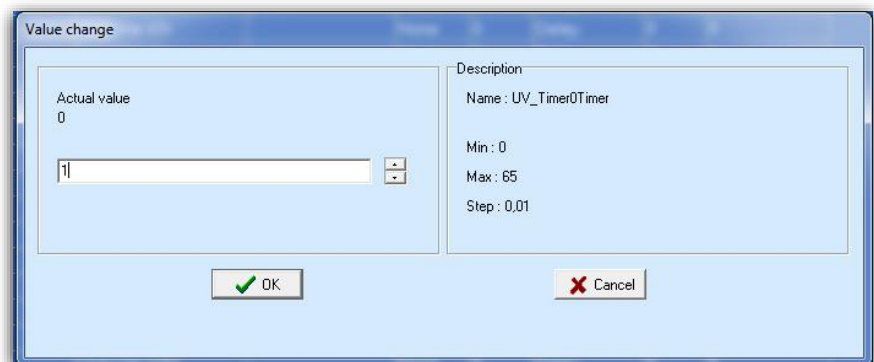
Insert "**OR**" into box and press "OK":

19.2.8.4 - "Timer"

Select "**Timer**" related to "UserVar<0> ("**Start Overcurrent Element**")" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":



Select "**1**" into box and press "OK":

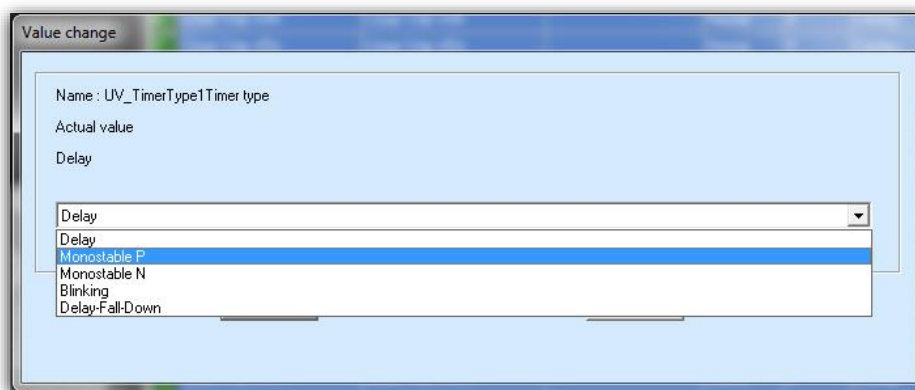


19.2.8.5 - "Timer type"

Select "**Timer**" related to "UserVar<0>" ("**Start Overcurrent Element**")" and press right button on mouse, select "Value change":



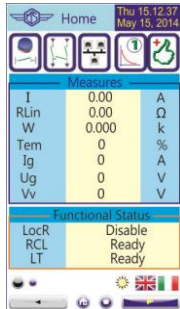
Select "**Monostable**" into box and press "OK":



20. Date and Time

In this menu it is possible to configure the Date and Time

1



- Press "Tue 15 12:37 Dec 09, 2012" for access to the "Date and Time" menu.

2



Feb 23 2011

Through this control is possible change the system "Date"

Feb
23
2011

- To change month
- To change day
- To change year

HH MM SS
15 33 06

Through this control is possible change the system "Time"

HH
15
MM
33
SS
06

- To change hours
- To change minutes
- To change seconds



Confirm



Exit

20.1- Clock synchronization

The internal clock has 1ms resolution and a stability of ± 35 ppm in the operational temperature range.

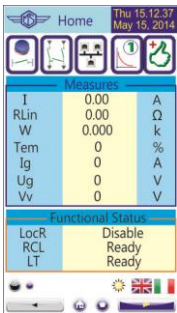
It can be synchronized with an external time reference in the following ways:

- Using the "MCom2" software or from the DCS with the Modbus RTU protocol.

Note: On power supply failure an internal battery supports the internal clock for over two years.

21. Healthy (Diagnostic Information)

The relay operates a continuous checking of the vital functionalities and in case an internal failure is detected, the I.R.F. function (see § I.R.F.) is activated.

- 1 
 - Press " " to access to the "Desktop" menu with icons.
- 2 
 - Press " " to access.
- 3 
 - In this menu is showed the status of device.

IPU Board		No IPU error		IPU faulty
DSP Board		No DSP error		DSP faulty
Touch Screen		No Touch Screen error		Touch Screen faulty
I/O Board		No I/O error		I/O faulty
Firmware		Firmware Ok		Firmware compatibility fault

- 1 

In Home page, is present an Icon Healthy. This icon shows the status of the device.

 -  No device error.
 -  Faulty. Press to go the Healthy page.

If an internal self-expire (transient) fault is detected, it is recorded into an historical file without any other action.

For any repair please ask the Manufacturer or its authorized Dealers.

22. Info (Device Information)

In this menu it is possible to read the information relevant to relay unit.

	Line identification label.	(1)
	Build identification label.	(1)
	Relay Serial Number	Not modifiable
	Protection Type	Not modifiable



(1) This information can only be modified by the interface program "MSCom2"

23. FW Version (Firmware Version)

In this menu it is possible to read the information relevant to relay firmware.

- 1 
 - Press " " to access to the "Desktop" menu with icons.
- 2 
 - Press " " to next page.
- 3 
 - Press " " to access.
- 4 
 - In this menu is showed the information of device.

Type Relay		Type Relay	U-MLE-PLV-850-TS
IPU		Firmware number	0832.35.01.x
DSP		Firmware number	024.01.D
Touch Screen		Firmware number	823.08.01

24. Software Application

Application Software

MSCom 2

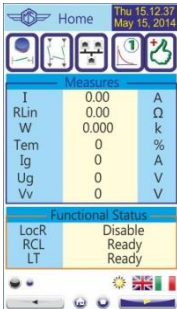
Last version

25. Display Cal. (Display Calibration)

In this menu it is possible to recalibrate the Display Touch.

In case the Display is out of calibration, press the pushbuttons    at the same time for 2" to access the calibration procedure (start at point 4).

- 1**


 - Press "" for access to the "Desktop" menu with icons.
- 2**

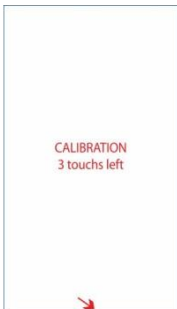

 - Press "" for next page.
- 3**


 - Press "" to calibration.
- 4**


 - Touch to continue.
- 5**


 - 3 Touches Right-up.
- 6**


 - 3 Touches Left-up.
- 7**

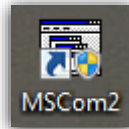

 - 3 Touches Middle point down.
- 8**


 - Calibration Done.

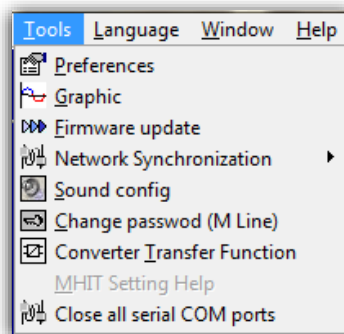
25.1 – Set Default Calibration Touch Panel (via software MCom2)

Insert USB cable in the front face connector.

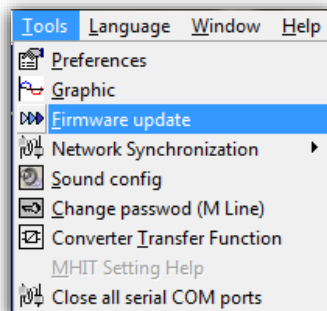
Open "MCom2" software:



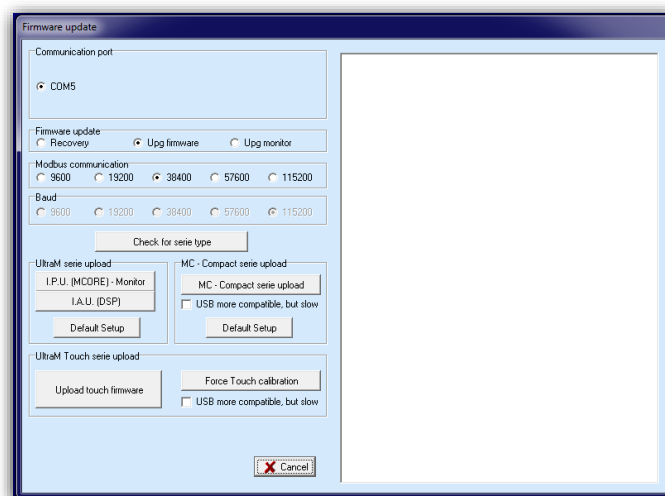
Select "**Tools**" on main menu:



Select "**Firmware update**" on main menu:



Press "**Force Touch calibration**":

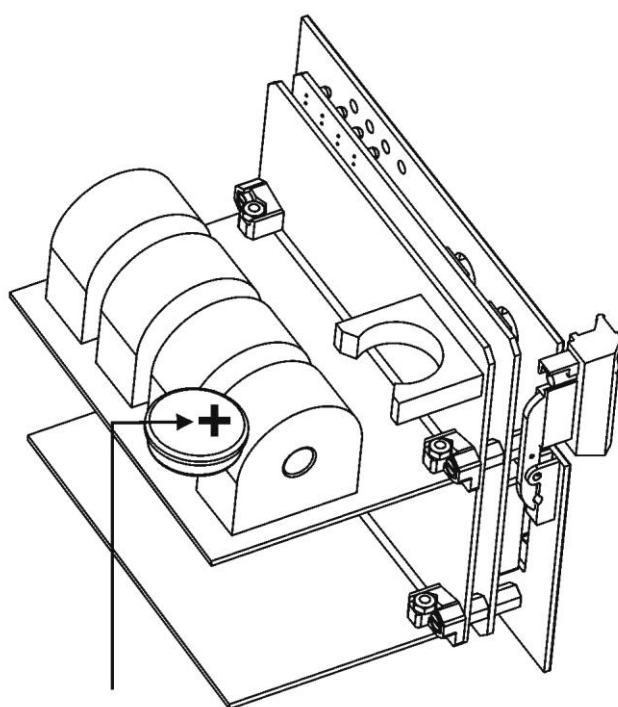


26. Battery

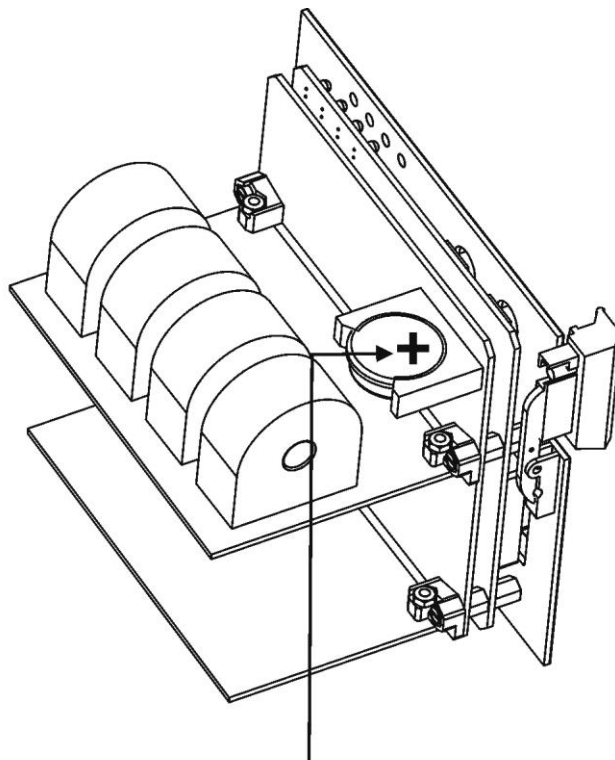
The relay is equipped with a lithium battery type "**CR2477N 3V**", to support the internal clock and the oscillographic recording memory in case of programmed lack of power.
The expected minimum duration without power exceed 2 years.

ATTENTION!! Use only battery specified.

Instruction for replacement the battery:



BATTERY



BATTERY

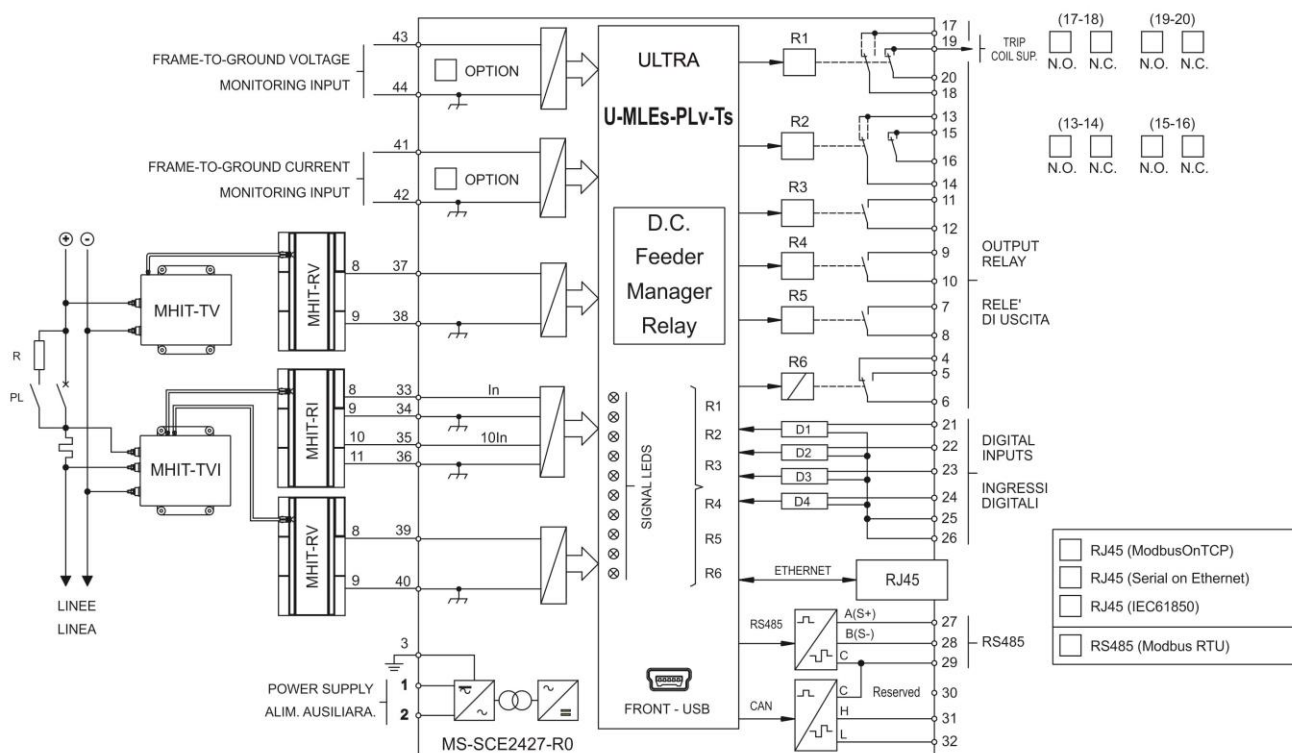
27. Maintenance

No maintenance is required. In case of malfunctioning please contact Microelettrica Scientifica Service or the local Authorized Dealer mentioning the relay's Serial No reported in the label on relays enclosure.

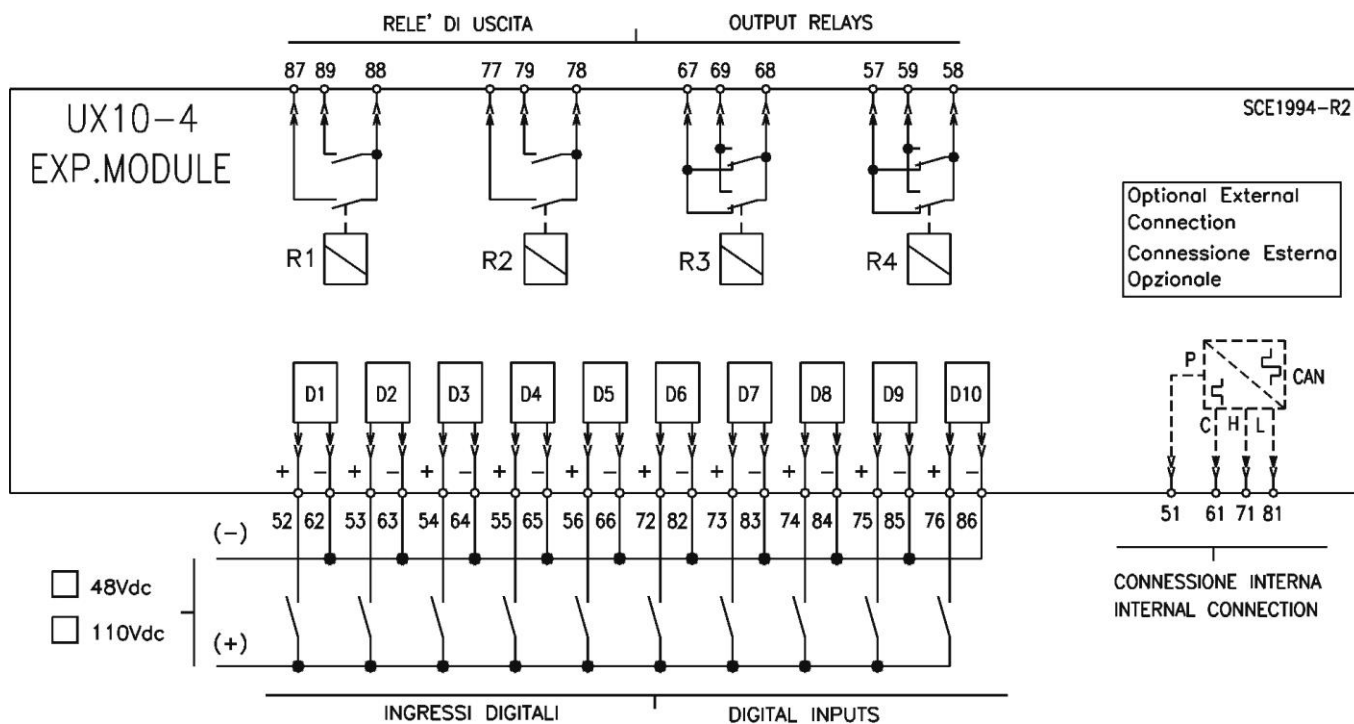
28. Power Frequency Insulation Test

Every relay individually undergoes a factory insulation test according to IEC255-5 standard at 2 kV, 50 Hz 1min. Insulation test should not be repeated as it unusefully stresses the dielectrics.
When doing the insulation test, the terminals relevant to serial output, digital inputs and RTD input must always be short circuited to ground. When relays are mounted in switchboards or relay boards that have to undergo the insulation tests, the relay should be isolated. This is extremely important as discharges eventually tacking place in other parts or components of the board can severely damage the relays or cause damages not immediately evident to the electronic components.

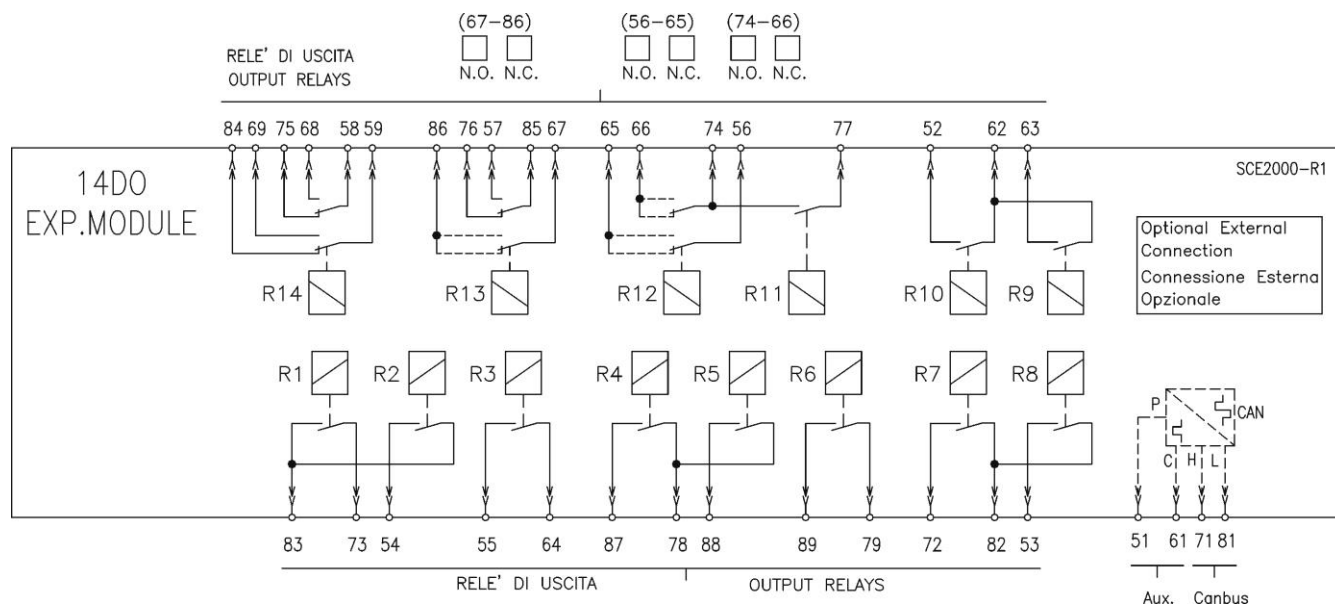
29. Wiring Diagram



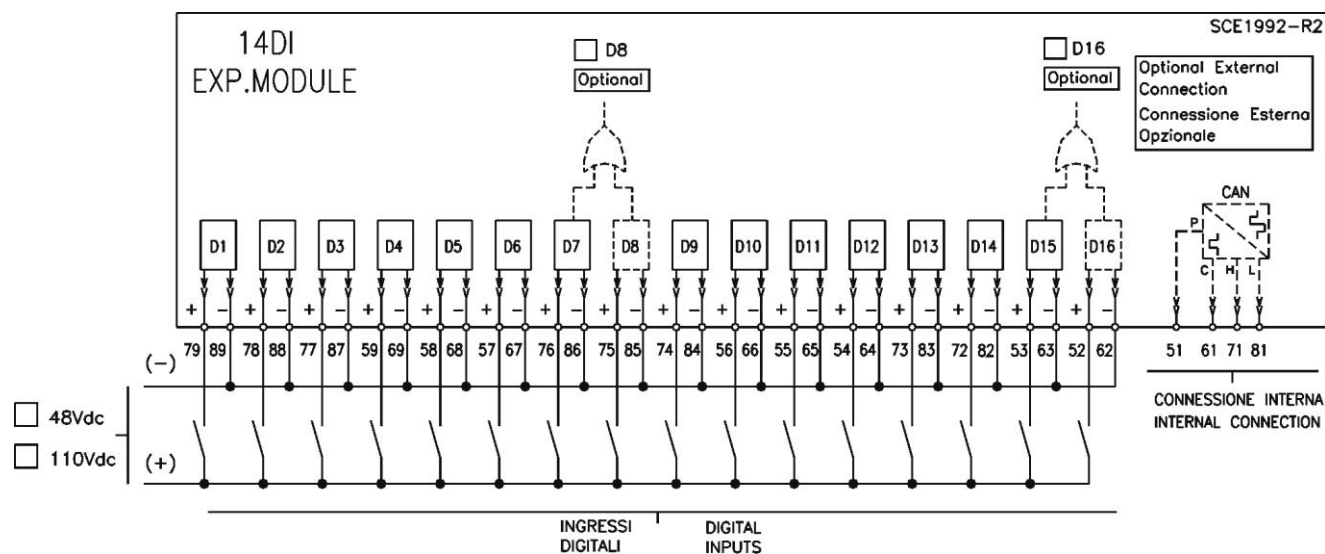
29.1 - UX10-4 - Expansion Module - Wiring Diagram (10 Digital Inputs + 4 Output Relays)



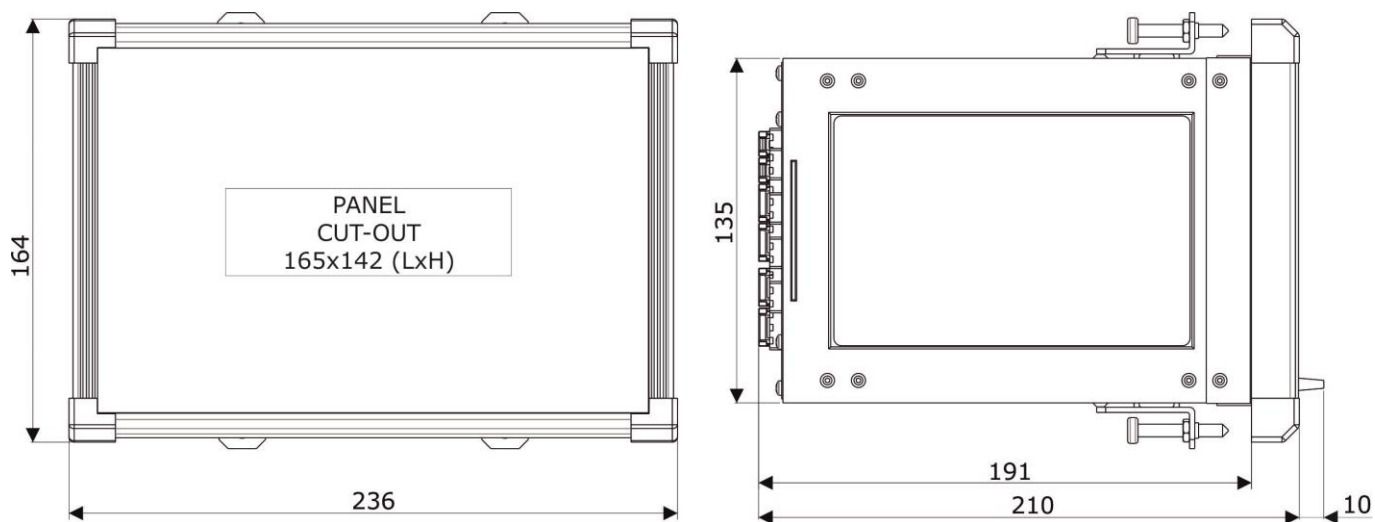
29.2 - **14DO** - Expansion Module - Wiring Diagram (14 Output Relays)



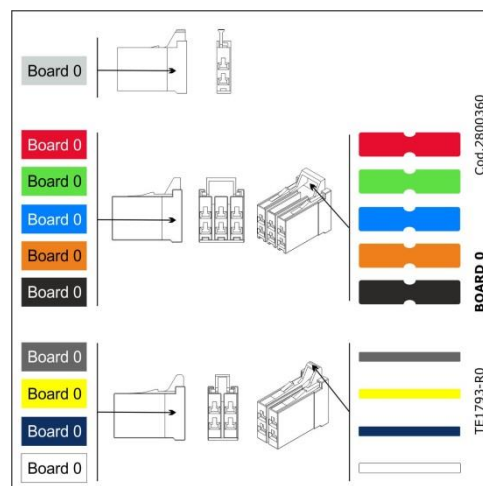
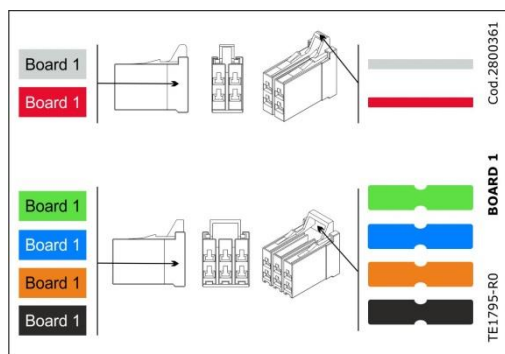
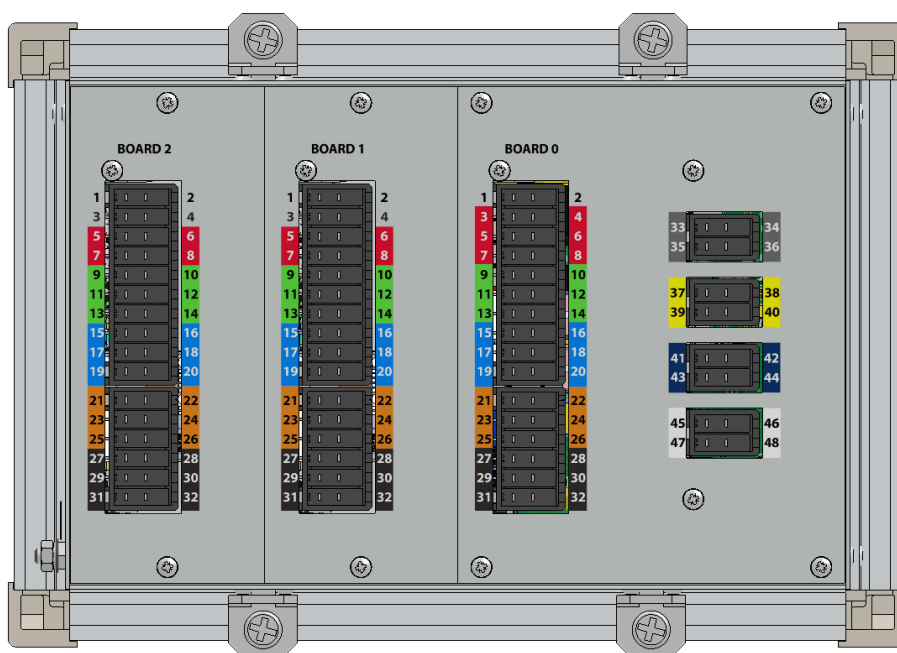
29.3 - **14DI** - Expansion Module - Wiring Diagram (14 Digital Inputs)



30. Overall Dimensions

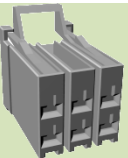


30.1 - Back



31. Spare Parts

31.1 – Main Unit

	DYNAMIC D-3500 REC HSG 6P	1318095-1	
	DYNAMIC D-3500 REC HSG 4P	175363-2	
	DYNAMIC D-3500 REC HSG 2P	175362-1	
	DYNAMIC D-3 REC CONT 3L 16-14	1-353715-5	

32. Tools

	MINI SAHT D3000-3L	2255149-1	
	EXTRACTION TOOL (DYNAMIC D-3)	234168-1	

33. Electrical Characteristics

Approval: CE

Reference Standards IEC 60255 - EN50263 - CE Directive - EN/IEC61000 - IEEE C37

Dielectric test voltage	IEC 60255-5	2kV, 50/60Hz, 1 min.
Impulse test voltage	IEC 60255-5	5kV (c.m.), 2kV (d.m.) – 1,2/50µs
Insulation resistance	> 100MΩ	

Environmental Std. Ref. (IEC 60068)

Operation ambient temperature	-10°C / +55°C		
Storage temperature	-25°C / +70°C		
Environmental testing	(Cold)	IEC60068-2-1	
	(Dry heat)	IEC60068-2-2	
	(Change of temperature)	IEC60068-2-14	
	(Damp heat, steady state)	IEC60068-2-78	RH 93% Without Condensing AT 40°C

CE EMC Compatibility (EN50081-2 - EN50082-2 - EN50263)

Electromagnetic emission	EN55022	industrial environment		
Radiated electromagnetic field immunity test	IEC61000-4-3	level 3	80-2000MHz	10V/m
	ENV50204		900MHz/200Hz	10V/m
Conducted disturbances immunity test	IEC61000-4-6	level 3	0.15-80MHz	10V
Electrostatic discharge test	IEC61000-4-2	level 4	6kV contact / 8kV air	
Power frequency magnetic test	IEC61000-4-8		1000A/m	50/60Hz
Pulse magnetic field	IEC61000-4-9		1000A/m, 8/20µs	
Damped oscillatory magnetic field	IEC61000-4-10		100A/m, 0.1-1MHz	
Immunity to conducted common mode disturbance 0Hz-150KHz	IEC61000-4-16	level 4		
Electrical fast transient/burst	IEC61000-4-4	level 3	2kV, 5kHz	
HF disturbance test with damped oscillatory wave (1MHz burst test)	IEC60255-22-1	class 3	400pps, 2,5kV (m.c.), 1kV (d.m.)	
Oscillatory waves (Ring waves)	IEC61000-4-12	level 4	4kV(c.m.), 2kV(d.m.)	
Surge immunity test	IEC61000-4-5	level 4	2kV(c.m.), 1kV(d.m.)	
Voltage interruptions	IEC60255-4-11			
Resistance to vibration and shocks	IEC60255-21-1 - IEC60255-21-2	10-500Hz	1g	

Electric Rated Value

Accuracy at reference value of influencing factors	1% In	for measure
	2% + to (to=20÷30ms @ 2xIs)	for times
Rated Current	0 - ±20mA (±40) ≡ 0 - In (2In)	
Rated Voltage	0 - 20mA (40) ≡ 0 - Vn (2Vn)	
Average power supply consumption	< 10 VA	
Output relays	rating 5 A; Vn = 380 V	
	A.C. resistive switching = 1100W (380V max)	
	make = 30 A (peak) 0,5 sec.	
	break = 0.3 A, 110 Vcc,	
	L/R = 40 ms (100.000 op.)	

Communication Parameter

Front port	USB (Modbus RTU)
Rear port (Terminal Block)	RS485 – 9600 to 38400 bps – 8,n,1 (Modbus RTU or IEC103)
Rear port (Ethernet)	RJ45 (ModOnTCP or SerialOnEth)
	IP Address : 192.168.0.100 default, modifiable by MCom2 program

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