MICROPROCESSOR OVERCURRENT and EARTH FAULT+ BROKEN CONDUCTOR RELAY

TYPE

MC30-BE

OPERATION MANUAL



(6

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1. General Utilization and Commissioning Directions

Always make reference to the specific description of the product and to the Manufacturer's instruction. Carefully observe the following warnings.

1.1 - Storage and Transportation

must comply with the environmental conditions stated on the product's instruction or by the applicable IEC standards.

1.2 - Installation

must be properly made and in compliance with the operational ambient conditions stated by the Manufacturer.

1.3 - Electrical Connection

must be made strictly according to the wiring diagram supplied with the Product, to its electrical characteristics and in compliance with the applicable standards particularly with reference to human safety.

1.4 - Measuring Inputs and Power Supply

carefully check that the value of input quantities and power supply voltage are proper and within the permissible variation limits.

1.5 - Outputs Loading

must be compatible with their declared performance.

1.6 - Protection Earthing

When earthing is required, carefully check its effectiveness.

1.7 - Setting and Calibration

Carefully check the proper setting of the different functions according to the configuration of the protected system, the safety regulations and the co-ordination with other equipment.

1.8 - Safety Protection

Carefully check that all safety means are correctly mounted, apply proper seals where required and periodically check their integrity.

1.9 - Handling

Notwithstanding the highest practicable protection means used in designing M.S. electronic circuits, the electronic components and semiconductor devices mounted on the modules can be seriously damaged by electrostatic voltage discharge which can be experienced when handling the modules. The damage caused by electrostatic discharge may not be immediately apparent but the design

The damage caused by electrostatic discharge may not be immediately apparent but the design reliability and the long life of the product will have been reduced. The electronic circuits reduced by M.S. are completely safe from electrostatic discharge (8 KV IEC 255.22.2) when housed in their case; withdrawing the modules without proper cautions expose them to the risk of damage.



- a. Before removing a module, ensure that you are at the same electrostatic potential as the equipment by touching the case.
- b. Handle the module by its front-plate, frame, or edges of the printed circuit board. Avoid touching the electronic components, printed circuit tracks or connectors.
- c. Do not pass the module to any person without first ensuring that you are both at the same electrostatic potential. Shaking hands achieves equipotential.
- d. Place the module on an antistatic surface, or on a conducting surface which is at the same potential as yourself.
- e. Store or transport the module in a conductive bag.

More information on safe working procedures for all electronic equipment can be found in BS5783 and IEC 147-OF.

1.10 - Maintenance

Make reference to the instruction manual of the Manufacturer; maintenance must be carried-out by specially trained people and in strict conformity with the safety regulations.

1.11 - Waste Disposal of Electrical & Electronic Equipment

(Applicable throughout the European Union and other European countries with separate collection program).

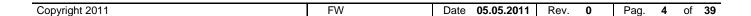
This product should not be treated as household waste when you wish dispose of it. Instead, it should be handed over to an applicable collection point for the recycling of electrical and electronic equipment. By ensuring this product is disposed of correctly, you will help prevent potential negative consequence to the environment and human health, which could otherwise be caused by inappropriate disposal of this product. The recycling of materials will help to conserve natural resource.

1.12 - Fault detection and repair

Internal calibrations and components should not be altered or replaced.

For repair please ask the Manufacturer or its authorised Dealers.

Misapplication of the above warnings and instruction relieves the Manufacturer of any liability.





2. General Characteristics

The MC is a very innovative and versatile line of Protective Relays which takes advantage of the long and successful experience coming from the M-Line.

The main features of the MC-Line relays are:

Compact draw-out execution for Flush Mounting or for assembly in 19" 3U chassis for 19" Rack systems.

User friendly front face with 2x8 characters LCD Display, four signal Leds, four keys for complete local management and 9-pin socket for local RS232 serial communication.

Four user programmable Output Relays. On request one of the Output Relays can be replaced by a Can Bus port for control of additional I/O modules.

Three optoisolated, self-powered Digital Inputs.

RS485 communication port (independent from the RS232 port on front panel)

Totally draw-out execution with automatic C.T. shorting device.

Input currents are supplied to 3 current transformers: measuring phase currents.

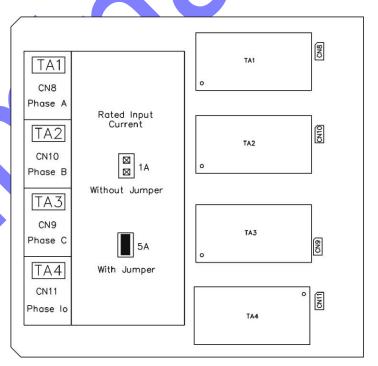
An additional internal CT directly measures the residual (Zero Sequence) current of the three inputs. Current inputs can be 1 or 5A: selection between 1A or 5A is made by movable jumpers provided on the Relay card. (see Fig 1)

The Measuring Ranges of the different inputs respectively are:

Phase Currents : (0.1-40)In Residual Current : (0.01-10)In

Make electric connection in conformity with the diagram reported on relay's enclosure.

Check that input currents are same as reported on the diagram and on the test certificate.



2.1 - Power Supply

The auxiliary power is supplied by a built-in module fully isolated an self protected.

Two options are available:

Before energising the unit check that supply voltage is within the allowed limits.

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2.2 - Operation and Algorithms

2.2.1 - Reference Input Values

Display			Description	Settin	ıg R	lange	Step	Unit
11	100	Α	Rated Primary current of phase C.T.	1	-	9999	1	Α
I2	5	Α	Rated Secondary current of phase C.T.	1	-	5	1/5	Α
In	100	Α	Reference primary current of the relay	1	-	9999	1	Α
Freq	50	Hz	System rated frequency	50	-	60	10	Hz
TW	60	sec	Warming-up time constant for Thermal Image	60	-	3600	1	sec
lb	105	%ln	Maximum admissible continuous overload for Thermal Image	50	-	130	0.1	%ln

2.2.2 - Input quantities

2.2.2.1 - Mains Frequency (Freq)

The relay can operate either in 50Hz or 60Hz systems.

The rated Mains Frequency "Freq "must be set accordingly.

2.2.2.2 - Phase Current inputs (I1)

The relay directly displays the r.m.s. value of the Phase Currents " IA", " IB", " IC" flowing in the Primary of the input Current Transformers and refers all its measurements to that value.

To make the relay properly working with any C.T., when programming the relay settings, input the value "I1" of the primary current of the phase C.Ts

The measure are not displayed below : < 5% In

2.2.2.3 - Earth Fault Current Input (Ion)

Same as for the Phase Currents, the relay directly displays the r.m.s. value of the Zero Sequence Residual Current flowing at the Primary of the Current Transformers.

The measure are not displayed below : < 1% On



2.2.2.4 - Algorithm of the time current curves

The Time Current Curves are generally calculated with the following equation:

(1)
$$t(l) = \left[\frac{A}{\left(\frac{l}{ls}\right)^a - 1} + B\right] \bullet K \bullet T_s + t_r$$

where:

t(I) = Actual trip time delay when the input current equals "I"

I = Maximum of the three input currents.

Is = Set minimum pick-up level

$$K = \left(\frac{A}{10^a - 1}\right)^{-1}$$

 T_s = Set time delay: $t(I) = T_s$ when $\frac{1}{I_s} = 10^{-10}$

tr = Operation time of the output relay on pick-up (7ms).

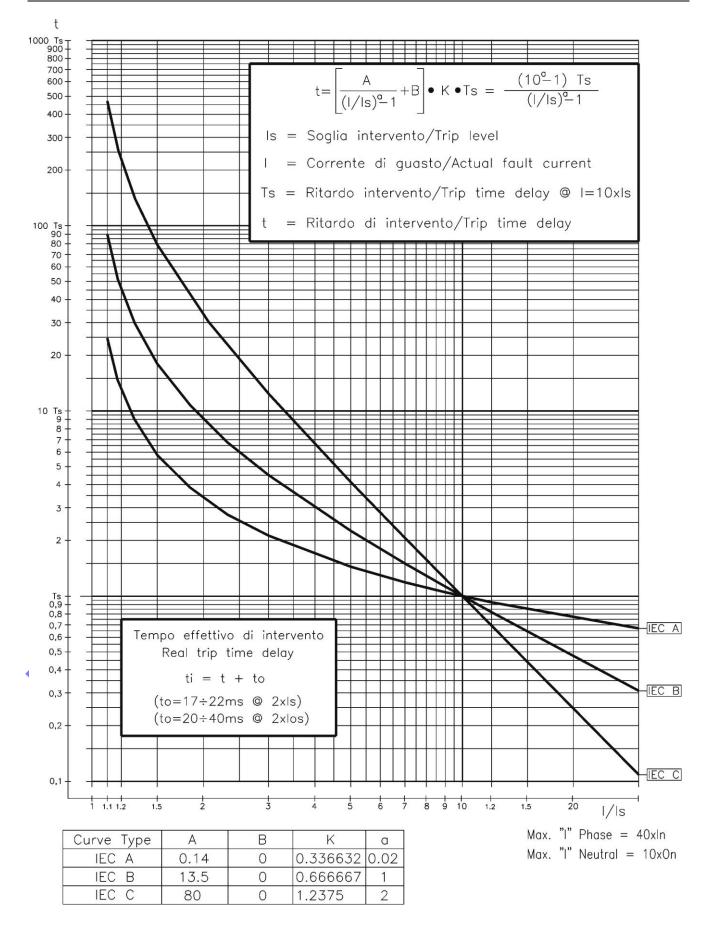
The parameters "A" and "a" have different values for the different Time Current Curves.

Curve Name	Curve Identifier	Α	В	а
IEC A Inverse	Α	0.14	0	0.02
IEC B Very Inverse	В	13.5	0	1
IEC C Extremely Inverse	С	80	0	2
IEEE Moderate Inverse	MI	0.0104	0.0226	0.02
IEEE Short Inverse	SI	0.00342	0.00262	0.02
IEEE Very Inverse	VI	3.88	0.0963	2
IEEE Inverse		5.95	0.18	2
IEEE Extremely Inverse	El	5.67	0.0352	2

The maximum measuring current is "40xln" for phase elements and "10xOn" for the neutral element.

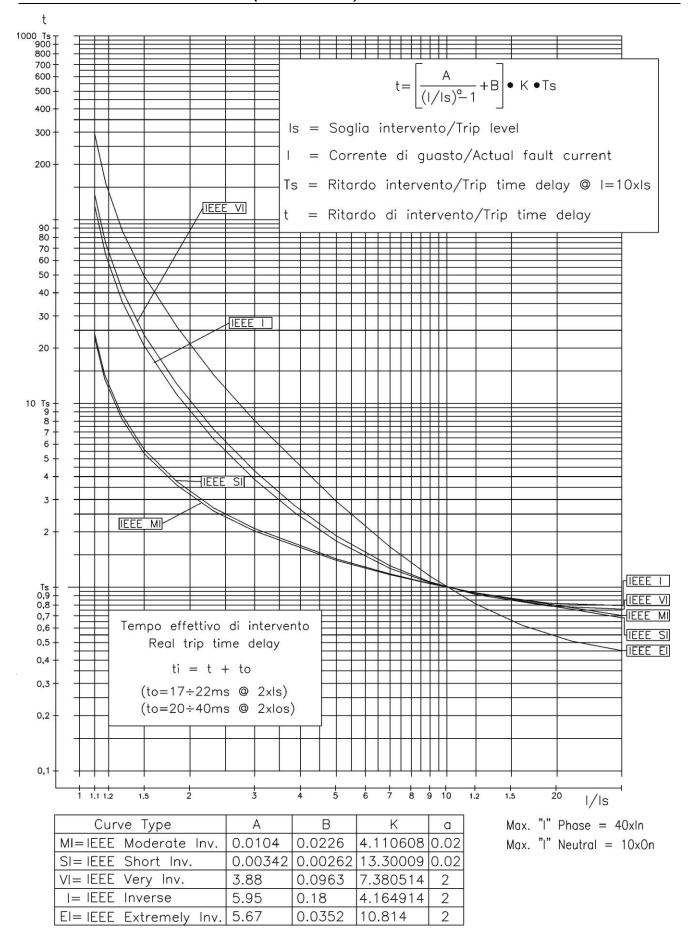


2.2.3 - Time Current Curves IEC (TU1029 Rev.0)





2.2.4 - Time Current Curves IEEE (TU1028 Rev.0)





2.2.5 - Functions and Settings (Function)

2.2.5.1 - T> (F49) - Thermal Image protection level

FuncEnab	\rightarrow	Enable]	[Disable / Enable]			
Options	→	No Param		No Parameters			
TripLev	→ Tal	50.00	%Tb	(50.00 ÷ 110.00)	step	1	%Tb
	→ Tst	100.00	%Tb	(10.00 ÷ 100.00)	step	1	%Tb
Timers	\rightarrow	No Param		No Parameters			

□ FuncEnab : If disable the function is disactivated.

Tal : Thermal prealarm temperature.

□ Tst : Reset level.

Alarm when : The temperature exceeded level "Tal"

When the function is tripped : Signalization = Led "Trip" is illuminated

Last Trip = Is recorded

Reset when : Returns in normal condition.

Warming-up is computed proportionally to the square of the largest phase current "I".

Allowed overloading time (See Curve)

The trip time delay " **t** " of the thermal element, depends on the warming-up time constant " **tw** ", on the previous thermal status (lp/ln)², on the admissible continuous overload (lb) and, of course, on the actual load (l)

$$t = tw \cdot \ell_n \left[\frac{(l/ln)^2 - (lp/ln)^2}{(l/ln)^2 - (lb/ln)^2} \right]$$
 where:

tw = Warming-up time constant (60-3600)s.

I = Largest of the three phase currents

Ip = Preheating current: Steady-State Current corresponding to the thermal status existing at the moment when the current is increased to the overload value "I"

Ib = Continuously admissible current (50-130)%ln, step 0.1%ln

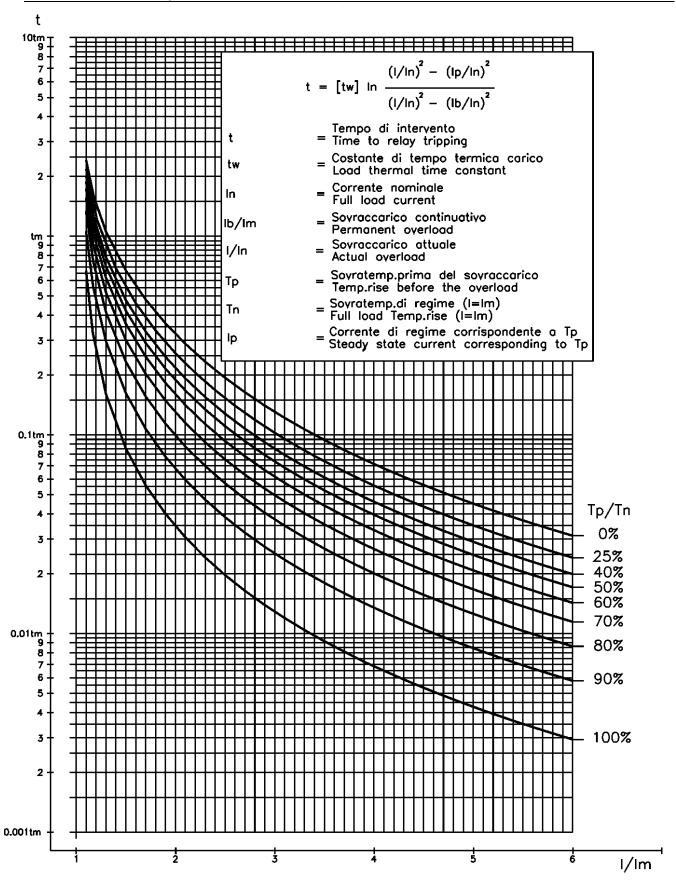
In = Rated primary current of phase C.Ts

 ℓ **n** = Natural logarithm

Reset takes please when the simulated temperature drops below the programming level [Tst].

An alarm signal is issued when the computed warming exceeds the set percentage "Tal" of the Full Load temperature "Tb".

2.2.5.2 - Thermal Image Curves (TU0445 Rev.0)



2.2.5.3 - I> (1F51) - First overcurrent protection level

FuncEnab	\rightarrow		Enable		[Disable / Enable]			
Options	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	TCC BI Trg	D Disable Enable 0.05	In	[D / A / B / C / MI / [Disable / Enable] [Disable / Enable] (0.05 ÷ 0.5)	VI / I / EI	//SI] 0.01	In
TripLev	\rightarrow	<i>l</i> >	0.5	ln	$(0.10 \div 4.00)$	step	0.01	In
Timers	\rightarrow	tl>	2.00	s	$(0.05 \div 60.00)$	step	0.01	S

FuncEnab	:	If disable the function is disactivated
TCC		Time current curves D = Independent Definite Time A = IEC A Inverse B = IEC B Very Inverse C = IEC C Extremely Inverse MI = IEEE Moderate Inverse Curve VI = IEEE Very Inverse Curve I = IEEE Inverse Curve EI = IEEE Extremely Inverse Curve SI = IEEE Short Inverse Curve
ВІ	:	Operation controlled by Blocking Digital Input
Trg	:	Function operation triggers the oscillographic wave form capture (see § Oscillographic Recording)
I2H	:	Inhibition value 2 nd harmonic: max phase
l>	:	Minimum phase current pick-up level (limited to 40 times In)
tl>	:	Trip time delay

Trip when : The current trip level is exceeded for time "tl>".

When the function is tripped : Signalization = Led "Trip" is illuminated

Last Trip = Is recorded

Function reset when : The current drop below 95% l>.

Led reset when : push-button is pressed



2.2.5.4 - I>> (2F51) - Second overcurrent protection level

FuncEnab	\rightarrow	Enable		[Disable / Enable]			
Options	→ BI	Disable	1	[Disable / Enable]			
	→ 2xl	Disable		[Disable / Enable]			
	→ Trg	Enable		[Disable / Enable]			
	→ I2H	0.05	In	$(0.05 \div 0.5)$	step	0.01	In
TripLev	→ />>	2.00	ln	$(0.50 \div 40.00)$	step	0.01	In
Timers	→ tl>>	1.00	s	$(0.05 \div 60.00)$	step	0.01	S
	→ t2xl	0.10	s	$(0.02 \div 9.99)$	step	0.01	S

FuncEnab	: If disable the function is disactivated
BI	: Operation controlled by Blocking Digital Input
2xl	: Automatic threshold doubling on inrush
Trg	 Function operation triggers the oscillographic wave form capture (see § Oscillographic Recording)
I2H	: Inhibition value 2 nd harmonic: max phase
l>>	: Minimum phase current pick-up level (limited to 40 times In)
tl>>	: Trip time delay
t2xl	: Trip time delay

Trip when : The current trip level is exceeded for time "tl>>".

When the function is tripped : Signalization = Led "Trip" is illuminated

Last Trip = Is recorded

Function reset when : The current drop below 95% l>>.

Led reset when : push-button is pressed





2.2.5.5 - IH (3F51) - Third overcurrent protection level

FuncEnab	\rightarrow		Enable		[Disable / Enable]			
	1			-				
Options	\rightarrow	BI	Disable		[Disable / Enable]			
	\rightarrow	2xl	Enable		[Disable / Enable]			
	\rightarrow	Trg	Enable		[Disable / Enable]			
TripLev	\rightarrow	IH	5.00	In	$(0.50 \div 40.00)$	step	0.01	In
				_				
Timers	\rightarrow	tIH	0.05	s	$(0.05 \div 60.00)$	step	0.01	S
	\rightarrow	t2xI	0.10	s	$(0.02 \div 9.99)$	step	0.01	S
		•		=				

FuncEnab	: If disable the function is disactivated
BI	: Operation controlled by Blocking Digital Input
2xI	: Automatic threshold doubling on inrush
 Trg	 Function operation triggers the oscillographic wave form capture (see § Oscillographic Recording)
IH	: Minimum phase current pick-up level (limited to 40 times In)
t2xI	: Trip time delay
tIH	: Trip time delay

Trip when : The current trip level is exceeded for time "tIH".

When the function is tripped : Signalization = Led "Trip" is illuminated

Last Trip = Is recorded

Function reset when : The current drop below 95% IH.

Led reset when : push-button is pressed

2.2.5.5.1 – Automatic doubling or Overcurrent thresholds on current inrush

For some of the phase Overcurrent functions it is possible to have the set trip level [Is] automatically doubled when strong inrush current is detected.

If at circuit Breaker switch-on (i.e. when the input current rises from zero to a minimum measurable value) the current increases from 0 to 1.5 times the rated value [In] in less than 60ms, the set minimum pick-up level [Is] is dynamically doubled ([Is] \rightarrow [2Is]) and keeps this value until the input current drops below 1.25xIn or the set time [t2xI] has elapsed.

This functionality is very useful to avoid spurious tripping of the instantaneous or short-time delayed Overcurrent elements that could be experienced at switch-on of reactive loads like Transformer or Capacitors.

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2.2.5.6 - Io> (1F51N) - First Earth Fault protection level

FuncEnab	\rightarrow		Enable		[Disable / Enable]			
Options	\rightarrow	TCC	D	1	[D/A/B/C/I/VI	/ EI / MI	/ SI]	
	\rightarrow	BI	Disable		[Disable / Enable]			
	\rightarrow	Trg	Enable		[Disable / Enable]			
	\rightarrow	I2H	0.05	ln	$(0.05 \div 0.5)$	step	0.01	In
TripLev	\rightarrow	lo>	0.10	lon	(0.01 ÷ 4.00)	step	0.01	Ion
Timers	\rightarrow	tlo>	2.00	s	(0.05 ÷ 60.00)	step	0.01	S

FuncEnab	:	If disable the function is disactivated
TCC	:	Time current curves D = Independent Definite Time A = IEC A Inverse B = IEC B Very Inverse C = IEC C Extremely Inverse MI = IEEE Moderate Inverse Curve VI = IEEE Very Inverse Curve I = IEEE Inverse Curve EI = IEEE Extremely Inverse Curve SI = IEEE Short Inverse Curve
BI	:	Operation controlled by Blocking Digital Input
Trg	:	Function operation triggers the oscillographic wave form capture (see § Oscillographic Recording)
I2H	:	Inhibition value 2 nd harmonic: max phase
lo>	:	Minimum Zero Sequence Residual Current Pick-up level
tlo>	:	Trip time delay

Trip when : The current trip level is exceeded for time "tlo>".

When the function is tripped : Signalization = Led "Trip" is illuminated

Last Trip = Is recorded

Function reset when : The current drop below 95% lo>.

Led reset when : push-button is pressed



2.2.5.7 - Io>> (2F51N) - Second Earth Fault protection level

FuncEnab	\rightarrow		Enable		[Disable / Enable]			
Options		BI Trg I2H	Disable Enable 0.05	In	[Disable / Enable] [Disable / Enable] (0.05 ÷ 0.5)	step	0.01	In
TripLev	\rightarrow	lo>>	0.50	lon	(0.01 ÷ 9.99)	step	0.01	Ion
Timers	\rightarrow	tlo>>	1.00	s	(0.05 ÷ 60.00)	step	0.01	S

□ FuncEnab : If disable the function is disactivated
□ BI : Operation controlled by Blocking Digital Input
□ Trg : Function operation triggers the oscillographic wave form capture (see § Oscillographic Recording)
□ I2H : Inhibition value 2nd harmonic: max phase
□ Io>> : Minimum Zero Sequence Residual Current Pick-up level
□ tlo>> : Trip time delay

Trip when : The current trip level is exceeded for time "tlo>>".

When the function is tripped : Signalization = Led "Trip" is illuminated

Last Trip = Is recorded

Function reset when : The current drop below 95% lo>.

Led reset when : push-button is pressed

2.2.5.8 - IoH (3F51N) - Third Earth Fault protection level

FuncEnab	\rightarrow		Enable		[Disable / Enable]			
Options	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	BI Trg	Disable Enable		[Disable / Enable] [Disable / Enable]			
TripLev	\rightarrow	ЮН	2.00	lon	(0.01 ÷ 9.99)	step	0.01	Ion
Timers	\rightarrow	tloH	0.10	s	(0.05 ÷ 60.00)	step	0.01	S
FuncEnabBI	:		the function is on controlled by E					

Trg Function operation triggers the oscillographic wave form capture (see § Oscillographic Recording) Minimum Zero Sequence Residual Current Pick-up level **IoH**

Trip time delay tloH

The current trip level is exceeded for time "tloH". Trip when

When the function is tripped Signalization Led "Trip" is illuminated

> Last Trip Is recorded

Function reset when The current drop below 95% IoH.

Led reset when push-button is pressed

2.2.5.9 - BF (F51BF) - Breaker Failure

FuncEnab	\rightarrow		Enable		[Disable / Enable]			
				_				
Options	\rightarrow	TrR	Relay1		Relay1 – Relay2 –	Relay3 -	– Relay	4
				_				
TripLev	\rightarrow		No Param		No Parameters			
Timers	\rightarrow	tBF	0.20	s	$(0.05 \div 0.75)$	step	0.01	S
					,			
FuncEnab	:	If disable	the function is dis	sacti	vated			
□ TrR	:	Output re	lay programmed	for t	rip command to the C	ircuit Br	eaker	
□ tBF	:	Trip time	delay					

Operation: If after the time "tBF" from pick-up of the programmed relay "TrR" the current measured still exceeds 5%In, the output relay associated to the "BF" function is operated (relay another than TrR).

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2.2.5.10 - BC (I2/I1) - Broken Conductor

FuncEnab	\rightarrow	Enable		[Disable / Enable]			
Options	→ Trg	Disable		[Disable / Enable]			
TripLev	→ BC>	10.00	%	(10 ÷ 100)	step	1	%
Timers	→ tBC>	0.20	s	(0.05 ÷ 60.00)	step	0.01	s

□ FuncEnab : If disable the function is disactivated

BC> : Ratio between inverse sequence current and direct sequence current.

□ tBC> : Trip time delay

Operation: Minimum operation level >5%In

The function of Broken Conductor, is based on the calculation of the ratio of negative and positive sequence current, if this value exceeds the set level [BC>] a relay is energized. When a broken conductor is big experienced, a negative sequence current appears; measuring not only I2 but computing the ratio I2/I1 gives a much more accuracy at the low values.

2.2.5.11 - RTD - Remote Trip

Remote trip is controlled via the Digital Input D2

FuncEnab	\rightarrow	Disable	[Disable / Enable]	
Options	\rightarrow	No Param	No Parameters	
			•	
TripLev	\rightarrow	No Param	No Parameters	
Timers	\rightarrow	No Param	No Parameters	

□ FuncEnab : If disable the function is disactivated



2.2.5.12 - I.R.F. - Internal Relay Failure

FuncEnab	\rightarrow	No Param	No Parameters
Options	→ Opl	NoTrip	[NoTrip / Trip]
TripLev	\rightarrow	No Param	No Parameters
Timers	\rightarrow	No Param	No Parameters

□ Opl : The variable "Opl " can be programmed to trip the output relays same as

the other protection functions (OpI = TRIP), or to only operate the "IRF"

signal led without tripping the output relays (Opl = NoTRIP).

Trip when : The Internal failure is detected.(see § self-diagnostic)

When the function is tripped : Signalization = Led "PWR/I.R.F." flashing

Last Trip = Is recorded

Function reset when : Returns in normal condition
Led reset when : Push-button is pressed

2.2.5.13 - CBMng - Close Breaker Manage

FuncEnab	\rightarrow	No Param	No Parameters	
Options	\rightarrow	No Param	No Parameters	
	1			
TripLev	\rightarrow	No Param	No Parameters	
			_	
Timers	→ tcmd	0.10	s (0.10 ÷ 5.00) step 0.1 s	
-	→ tC	0.10	s (0.10 ÷ 5.00) step 0.1 s	
			•	

□ tcmd : C/B closing output command duration

tC : Maximum admissible delay for detection of status signal after C/B

operation.

2.2.5.14 - Osc - Oscillographic Recording

Fun	cEnab	\rightarrow		Enable		[Disable / Enable]			
Opti	ons	\rightarrow	Trg	Trip		[Disable / Start / Trip	o / Ext.lı	np.]	
Trip	Lev	\rightarrow		No Param		No Parameters			
Tim	ers	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	tPre tPost	0.30 0.30		(0.10 ÷ 0.50) (0.10 ÷ 1.50)	step step	0.1 0.1	s s
	FuncEnab	:	If disable	the function is disa	cti	vated	•		
	Trg	:	Disab Start. Trip Ext.Inp.	= Trigger on trip (st tin	art of protection funct ne delay end) of prote		ınctions	3
	tPre	:	Recordin	g time before Trigge	er	•			
	tPost	:	Recordin	g time after Trigger			7		

When the option "Start" or "Trip" is selected:

The oscillographic recording is started respectively by the "Time Start" or by the "Time End" of any of the functions that have been programmed to Trigger the Wave Form Capture (I>, I>>, IH, Io>, Io>>, IoH).

The "Osc" Function includes the wave Form Capture of the input quantities (IA, IB, IC, Io) and can totally store a record of 3 seconds.

The number of events recorded depends on the duration of each individual recording (tPre + tPost). In any case the number of event stored can not exceed ten (10 x 0.3 sec).

Any new event beyond the 3 sec capacity of the memory, cancel and overwrites the former records (FIFO Memory).

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2.2.5.15 - Comm - Communication Parameters

FuncEnab	\rightarrow	No Param	No Parameters
Options	→ LBd	9600	[9600 / 19200 / 38400 / 57600]
	→ RBd	9600	[9600 / 19200]
	→ Mod	8,n,1	[8,n,1 / 8,o,1 / 8,e,1]
	→ RPr	Modbus	[lec103 / Modbus]
TripLev	\rightarrow	No Param	No Parameters
Timers	\rightarrow	No Param	No Parameters

□ LBd : Local Baud Rate (Front panel RS232 communication speed)

□ **RBd** : Remote Baud Rate

(Rear panel terminal blocks RS485 communication speed)

Mod : Remote mode (communication parameters)

Note: Any change of this setting becomes valid at the next power on

□ RPr : Remote Protocol

2.2.5.16 - LCD - Display and Buzzer operation

FuncEnab	\rightarrow	No Param	No Parameters
Options	→ Key	BeepON	[BeepOFF / BeepON]
	→ BkL	Auto	[Auto / On]
TripLev	\rightarrow	No Param	No Parameters
			•
Timers	\rightarrow	No Param	No Parameters
			-

□ **Key** : Buzzer "Beep" on operation of Keyboard buttons.

□ **BkL** : LCD Backlight continuously "ON" or switched-on Automatically on

operation of Keyboard buttons.



3. Logic Blocking of Functions

3.1 - Blocking Outputs

The instantaneous element of each of the protection functions (1F50, 2F50, 3F50, 1F50N, 2F50N, 3F50N) can be programmed to control one of the Output Relays.

This relay picks-up as soon as the input quantity exceeds the set trip level of the Protection Function and it automatically resets when the input quantity drops below the function reset level (≈95% of the trip level) or, in any case as soon as the time delay (tBF) of the Breaker Failure function is expired.

This instantaneous output can be used to activate the Blocking Input of another Protection Relay to implement a logic selectivity systems. As above explained, in case of Breaker Failure, the blocking output is released and the back-up protection enabled.

3.2 – Blocking Inputs

The time delayed tripping of any of the Protection functions (1F51, 2F51, 3F51, 1F51N, 2F51N, 3F51N) can be controlled by the activation of the Digital Input D1 (Bl=Enable): in this case the set trip time delay of the function is increased by "2xtBF" so that other Protection Relays (set with the same trip time delay) that send the activation signal to the blocking Input D2, can trip before open and the C/B nearest to the Fault.

Also in this case, however, another "2xtBF" seconds from the expiry of the set trip time delay, the blocking input is disregarded so allowing the protection relay to trip in case of Failure to open of the upstream Circuit Breaker.

4. Output Relays

Four user programmable Output Relays are normally available R1, R2, R3, R4.

Each of them can be programmed to be controlled by any element (instantaneous or time delayed) of any of the Relay Functions including Breaker Failure and Internal Relay Fault.

Each output relay can also be programmed to operate "OPEN" and "CLOSE" control of the C/B either by the Relay Keyboard or via the serial communication bus

Moreover, the operation of each of the output relays can be programmed to be either Normally Deenergized (energized on tripping of the controlling Functional Element) or Normally Energized (Deenergized on tripping of the controlling Functional Element).

As an option (to be required when ordering the relay), the output relay "R4" can be replaced by a Field Bus output (CANBUS) that controls additional I/O modules for increasing as needed the number of user programmable Output Relays and Digital Inputs controlled from the MC30 relay.





5. Digital Inputs

Three optoisolated, self-powered Digital Inputs D1, D2, D3 are provided. A Digital Input is activated when its terminals are shorted by a cold contact.

·	D1	(terminals 22 - 19) :	It is usable as Function Blocking Input
□ D3 (terminals 22 - 20) : The digital Input indicates the position of the Circuit Breaker (Input Closed = C/B closed; Input Open = C/B open). If the option External Trigger = Enabled any time the DI passed			
(Input Closed = C/B closed; Input Open = C/B open). If the option External Trigger = Enabled any time the DI passed	D2	(terminals 22 - 21) :	It is used for Remote Trip
(Input Closed = C/B closed; Input Open = C/B open). If the option External Trigger = Enabled any time the DI passed			
closed to open the oscillographic recording is started.	D3	(terminals 22 - 20) :	

6. Selfdiagnostic

The MC30 incorporates a sophisticated self-diagnostic feature that continuously checks the following elements:

- □ A/D conversion
- □ Checksum of the settings stored into E²Prom.
- □ DSP general operation (Power, Routines, etc.)
- □ Lamp test (only on manual test).

Any time Power is switched on, a complete test is run; then, during normal operation, the test runs continuously and the checksum is done any time a parameter is stored into E²Prom.

If during the test any Relay Internal Failure (I.R.F) is detected:

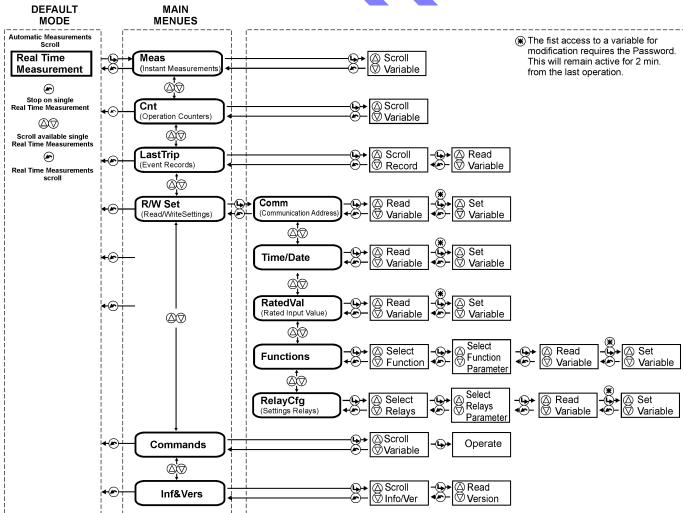
- □ If "I.R.F. " is programmed to "Trip ", the programmed output relays are operated same as on tripping of any protection function operation is stored in the "Event Records " and the I.R.F. signal led is set to flashing.
- □ If "I.R.F. " is programmed to "NO Trip", and only the I.R.F. signal led is set to flashing.



7. Relay Management

The relay can be totally managed locally, either by the RS232 communication port or by the 4 key buttons and the LCD display, or remotely via the communication bus RS485 connected to the rear terminal blocks. The 2 line x 8 characters LCD display shows the available information. Key buttons operate according to the flow-chart herebelow.



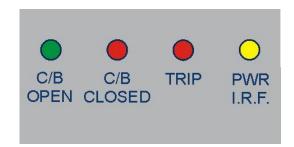


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8. Signalizations

Four signal leds are available on the Front Face Panel:



a)	Green LED	C/B OPEN		Illuminated when C/B open status is detected. (Digital Input D3 Open)
b)	Red LED	C/B CLOSED	<u> </u>	Illuminated when C/B close status is detected. (Digital Input D3 closed) Flashing when Breaker Failure is detected.
c)	Red LED	TRIP (*)	<u> </u>	Flashing when a timed function starts to operate. Illuminated when any function is tripped; reset takes places by pressing the reset button.
d)	Yellow LED	PWR/ I.R.F.	<u> </u>	Illuminated during normal operation when Power Supply is ON. Flashing when a Relay Internal Fault is detected.

(*) When any protection function is tripped besides the Led which gives the general trip indication. The display shows the function that caused the tripping:

LastTrip steady "Cause" blinking

9. Keyboard Buttons

-	Enter	Give access to any menu or convalidate any programming changement.
ENTER		This button is besides used for the control of Open/Close C/B (see § Command).
RESET	Reset	Return from the actual selected menu to the former menu.
SELECT	Select +	Scrolls variables available in the different menus or increases/decreases setting values.
SELECT	Select -	

10. Serial Communication Port

10.1 . Main RS485 Serial Communication Port

This port is accessible via the terminals 1-2-3 provided on the relay terminal board.

It is used for connection to a serial bus interfacing up to 31 units with the Central Supervision System (SCADA, DCS, ecc).

The serial bus is a shielded pair of twisted cables connecting in parallel (Multi Drop) the different units (slaves) by the relevant terminals.

The physical link is RS485 and the Communication Protocol is MODBUS/RTU / IEC60870-5-103.

The configuration of transmission parameters is selectable.

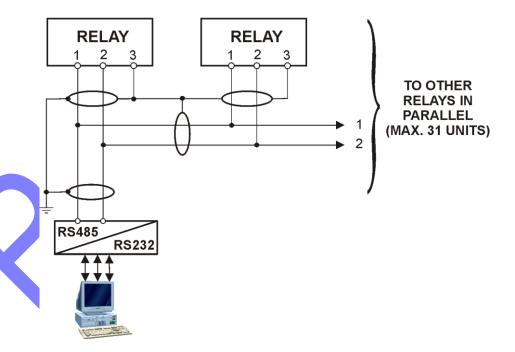
Baud Rate	:	9600/19200 bps	9600/19200 bps	9600/19200 bps
Start bit	:	1	1	1
Data bit	:	8	8	8
Parity	:	None	Odd	Even
Stop bit		1	1	1

Note: any change of this setting becomes valid at the next power on.

Each relay is identified by its programmable address code (NodeAd) and can be called from the P.C. A dedicated communication software (MSCom) for windows 95/98/NT4 SP3 (or later) is available. Please refer to the MSCom instruction manual for more information.

Maximum length of the serial bus can be up to 200m.

CONNECTION TO RS485

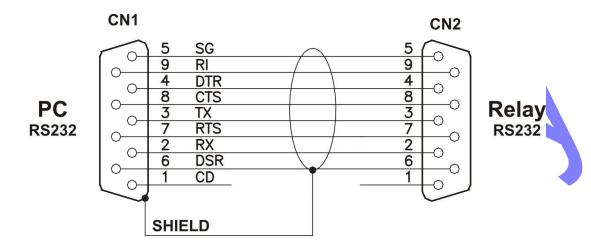


For longer distance and for connection of up to 250 Relays, optical interconnection is recommend. (please ask Microelettrica for accessories)

10.2 - Communication Port on Front Face Panel

This port is used for communication through the Front Face Panel between a local Lap-top PC.

The physical link is RS232 by the standard female 9-pin D-sub connector available on the Front Face Panel. Via this Port complete Relay management and data acquisition is possible.







11. Menu and Variables

11.1 - Real Time Measurements

Scrolling display of the Real Time Measurements is the Default operation.

Scrolling can be stopped at any of the measurements and restarted by pressing the Reset button $\textcircled{\epsilon}$. When stopped on one variable, \$ appears aside the measurement and the different available measurements can be selected by the $\bigcirc \bigcirc$ buttons.

		Display		Description
I	= (0 – 65535	%ln	Largest of the 3 phase-currents (% of rated current)
IA	= (0 – 65535	Α	RMS value of Phase A current
IB	= (0 – 65535	Α	RMS value of Phase B current
IC	= (0 – 65535	Α	RMS value of Phase C current
lo	= (0.0 – 6553.5	Α	RMS value of Zero Sequence Current (RMS Primary Amps)
Tem	= (0 - 65535	%T	Actual temperature rise

11.2 - Meas (Instantaneous Measurements)

Real time measurements can be frozen at any moment selecting the menu "Instant Measure ":

- "Real Time Meas"



- " Meas "
- " 1st Measurement
- 🕟 to go back to " Meas "

	Display		Description
	= 0 - 65535	%ln	Largest of the 3 phase-currents (% of rated current)
IA	= 0 - 65535	Α	RMS value of Phase A current (Primary Amps)
IB	= 0 - 65535	Α	RMS value of Phase B current (Primary Amps)
IC	= 0 - 65535	Α	RMS value of Phase C current (Primary Amps)
lo	= 0.0 - 6553.5	Α	RMS value of Zero Sequence Current (Primary Amps)

other measurements

11.3 - Counter (Operation Counters)

The operation of any of the function herebelow reported, is counted and recorded in the menu "Counters ".

Actual temperature rise

" Real Time Meas "

0 - 65535



- " Counter "
 - " 1st counters

- 🕟 to go back to "Counter "

	Displa	у	Description
T>	=	0 - 65535	Number of Thermal Image
 >	=	0 – 65535	Number of 1st Overcurrent (time delayed) trip
l>>	=	0 - 65535	Number of 2 nd Overcurrent (time delayed) trip
IH	=	0 - 65535	Number of 3 rd Overcurrent (time delayed) trip
lo>	=	0 - 65535	Number of 1st time delayed Earth Fault trip
lo>>	=	0 - 65535	Number of 2 nd time delayed Earth Fault trip
IoH	=	0 - 65535	Number of 3 rd time delayed Earth Fault trip
BF	=	0 - 65535	Number of operation of Breaker Failure
RTD	=	0 - 65535	Number of External Trip commands
I.R.F.	=	0 - 65535	Number of Internal Relay Faults
HR	=	0 – 65535	Number of HW recovery operations



11.4 - LastTrip (Event Recording)

The MC records any tripping and stores the information relevant to the last 20 tripping of protection functions (FIFO).

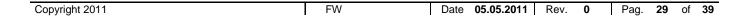
Each event recording includes the following information.

- " Real Time Meas "

- "LastTrip "
- Long 1st event,
 Ao → to scroll available events,
- to "Rec # " selected,
- △♥ to select the different fields;

		Display					Description
Func		<u> </u>	(•	ion function which caused the relay tripping. IP Cause the following acronyms are used:
				-	<i>T</i> >	=	Thermal Image
				-	<i>l</i> >	=	1st Overcurrent (Short Circuit)
				-	<i>l>></i>	=	2 nd Overcurrent (Short Circuit)
				-	IH	=	3 rd Overcurrent (Short Circuit)
				-	lo>	=	1st Earth Fault
				-	lo>>	=	2 nd Earth Fault
				-	IoH	=	3 rd Earth Fault
				-	RTD	=	External Trip commands
				-	IRF	=	Internal Relay Fault
Date	:	YYYY/MM/GG		Date	e: Year/M	lonth/Day	
Time	:	hh:mm:ss:cc		Time	e: hours/r	minutes/se	cond/hundredths of seconds
IA	=	0 – 65535	Α	RMS	S value o	f phase A	current (Primary Amps)
IB	=	0 – 65535	Α	RMS	S value o	f phase B	current (Primary Amps)
IC	=	0 – 65535	Α	RMS	S value o	f phase C	current (Primary Amps)
lo	=	0.0 - 6553.5	Α	RMS	S value o	f Zero Seq	uence Current (Primary Amps)
Tem	=	0 - 65535	%T	Actu	al tempe	rature rise	

- to go back to "Rec#",
- ko go back to "Real Time Meas ".





11.5 - R/W Set (Programming / Reading the Relay Settings)

" Main Menu "

select "Function " $(\Delta)(\nabla)$

4

select among following sub menus:

11.5.1 - CommAdd (Communication Address)

 $\triangle \bigcirc$ " Commun "

" Add: # "

" Password ???? "

 $\triangle \nabla$ to select the Address (1-250)

to validate.

(if not yet entered; see § Password)

Set Done!

The default address is 1.

Display	Description	Setting Range	Step	Unit
Add: 1	Identification number for connection on serial communication bus	1 - 250	1	-

(L)

11.5.2 - Time/Date (Time/Date)

" Time/Date " $(\Delta)(\nabla)$ 4 Date: Current Date, Time: Current time

" YY/..... " \triangle to set year, H

" XX/MM " to set month, **(4**) $(\Delta)(\nabla)$

"XX/XX/DD" $\triangle \nabla$ to set day,

"XX/XX/XX"

" hh/mm " $\triangle \bigcirc$ to set hour, " XX/mm " $\triangle \nabla$ to set minutes, Set Done!

To validate

Exit

11.5.3 - RatedVal (Rated Input Values)

 $(\widehat{\nabla})(\widehat{\Delta})$ "RatedVal"

1st Variable

 $(\Delta)(\nabla)$ to scroll variables

to modify selected variable

" Password ???? " (if not yet entered) or #???

(if not yet entered; see § Password)

 $(\Delta)(\nabla)$ to set variable value,

to validate. Set Done!

	Display		Description	Settin	g R	ange	Step	Unit
11	100	Α	Rated Primary current of phase C.T.	1	-	9999	1	Α
12	5	Α	Rated Secondary current of phase C.T.	1	-	5	1/5	Α
In	100	Α	Reference primary current of the relay	1	-	9999	1	Α
Freq	50	Hz	System rated frequency	50	-	60	10	Hz
TW	60	sec	Warming-up time constant for Thermal Image	60	-	3600	1	sec
lb	105	%ln	Maximum admissible continuous overload for Thermal Image	50	-	130	0.1	%ln



11.5.4 - Function (Functions)

- $\triangle \bigcirc \bigcirc$ " Function ",

- 1st function,

- △♥ to scroll available Functions,

to Read/Write setting of the selected function,

- △▽ to select the different definable fields

- FuncEnab - TripLev

- Options - Timers

- to access the selected field and read the actual setting of the relevant variable

- to modify the actual setting;

- $\triangle \nabla$ to set the new value.

- **(L)** to validate.

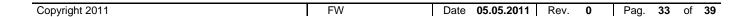
Set Done!

		Dis	splay						
Function	Туре		Variable	Default Setting	Unit	Description	Setting Range	Step	
Password		=	0000-9999	1111	-	Password for programming enable (see § Password)	I		
T>	FuncEnab	\rightarrow		Disa	able	Enable of the protection function	Enable/Disable	-	
(F49)	Options	\rightarrow		NoPa	aram	No Parameters	-	-	
	TripLev	\rightarrow	Tal	50	%Tb	Thermal prealarm	50 - 110	1	
			Tst	100	%Tb	Reset level.	10 - 100	1	
	Timers	\rightarrow		NoPa	aram	No Parameters	-	-	
l>	FuncEnab	\rightarrow		Ena	able	Enable of the protection function	Enable/Disable	-	
(1F51)	Options	\rightarrow	TCC	[)	Time Current Curves	D,A,B,C, I, VI, EI, MI, SI	-	
			BI	Disa	able	Operation controlled by Blocking Digital Input	Enable/Disable	-	
			Trg	Ena	able	Function operation triggers the oscillo. wave form capture	Enable/Disable	-	
			I2H	0.05	In	Inhibition value 2 nd harmonic: max phase	0.05 - 0.5	0.01	
	TripLev	\rightarrow	l>	0.5	In	Trip level of overcurrent protection	0.10 - 4.00	0.01	
	Timers	\rightarrow	tl>	2.00	S	Trip time delay	0.05 - 60.00	0.01	
l>>	FuncEnab	\rightarrow		Ena	able	Enable of the protection function	Enable/Disable	-	
(2F51)	Options	\rightarrow	BI	Disa	able	Operation controlled by Blocking Digital Input	Enable/Disable	-	
			2xl	Disa	able	Automatic threshold doubling on inrush	Enable/Disable	-	
			Trg	Ena	able	Function operation triggers the oscillographic wave form capture	Enable/Disable	-	
			I2H	0.05	In	Inhibition value 2 nd harmonic: max phase	0.05 - 0.5	0.01	
	TripLev	\rightarrow	l>>	2.00	In	Trip level of overcurrent protection	0.50 - 40.00	0.01	
	Timers	\rightarrow	tl>>	1.00	S	Trip time delay	0.05 - 60.00	0.01	
			t2x I	0.01	S	Trip time delay Automatic threshold doubling	0.02 - 9.99	0.01	
IH	FuncEnab	\rightarrow		Ena	able	Enable of the protection function	Enable/Disable	-	
(3F51)	Options	\rightarrow	BI	Disa	able	Operation controlled by Blocking Digital Input	Enable/Disable	-	
			2xl	Ena	able	Automatic threshold doubling on inrush	Enable/Disable	-	
			Trg	Ena	able	Function operation triggers the oscillographic wave form capture	Enable/Disable	-	
	TripLev	\rightarrow	IH	5.00	In	Trip level of overcurrent protection	0.50 - 40.00	0.01	
	Timers	\rightarrow	tIH	0.05	s	Trip time delay	0.05 - 60.00	0.01	
			t2xl	0.10	S	Trip time delay Automatic threshold doubling	0.02 - 9.99	0.01	
lo>	FuncEnab	\rightarrow		Ena	able	Enable of the protection function	Enable/Disable	-	
(1F51N)	Options	Options →	Options →	TCC)	Time Current Curves	D,A,B,C, I, VI, EI, MI, SI	-
					BI		able	Operation controlled by Blocking Digital Input	Enable/Disable
			Trg	Ena	able	Function operation triggers the oscillographic wave form capture	Enable/Disable	-	
			I2H	0.05	In	Inhibition value 2 nd harmonic: max phase	0.05 - 0.5	0.01	
	TripLev	\rightarrow	lo>	0.10	lon	Trip level of Earth Fault protection	0.01 - 4.00	0.01	
	Timers	\rightarrow	tlo>	2.00	S	Trip time delay	0.05 - 60.00	0.01	

		Dis	splay					
Function	Туре		Variable	Defaul Value	t Unit	Description	Setting Range	Step
lo>>	FuncEnab	\rightarrow			able	Enable of the protection function	Enable/Disable	-
(2F51N)	Options	\rightarrow	BI	Disa		Operation controlled by Blocking Digital Input	Enable/Disable	-
			Trg	Ena	able	Function operation triggers the oscillographic wave form capture	Enable/Disable	-
			I2H	0.05	In	Inhibition value 2 nd harmonic: max phase	0.05 - 0.5	0.01
	TripLev	\rightarrow	lo>>	0.50 lon		Trip level of Earth Fault protection	0.01 – 9.99	0.01
	Timers	\rightarrow	tlo>>	1.00	S	Trip time delay	0.05 - 60.00	0.01
loH	FuncEnab	\rightarrow		Ena	able	Enable of the protection function	Enable/Disable	-
(3F51N)	Options	\rightarrow	BI		able	Operation controlled by Blocking Digital Input	Enable/Disable	-
			Trg	Ena	able	Function operation triggers the oscillographic wave form capture	Enable/Disable	-
	TripLev	\rightarrow	IoH	2.00	lon	Trip level of Earth Fault protection	0.01 – 9.99	0.01
	Timers	\rightarrow	tloH	0.10	S	Trip time delay	0.05 - 60.00	0.01
BF	FuncEnab	\rightarrow		Ena	able	Enable of the protection function	Enable/Disable	-
(F51BF)	Options	\rightarrow	TrR	Rel		Output relay operated on BF tripping	Relay1- Relay2	_
					•	• • •	Relay3- Relay4	-
	TripLev	\rightarrow		Parameters		The date to Decide 5.11	0.05 0.75	0.04
	Timers	\rightarrow	tBF	0.20	S	Time delay for Breaker Failure alarm	0.05 - 0.75	0.01
ВС	FuncEnab	\rightarrow		Disa	able	Enable of the protection function	Enable/Disable	-
	Options	\rightarrow	Trg	Enable		Function operation triggers the oscillographic wave form capture	Enable/Disable	-
	TripLev	\rightarrow	BC>	10.00 %		Ratio between inverse sequence current and direct sequence current.	10 – 100	%
	Timers	\rightarrow	tBC>	0.20	S	Trip time delay	0.05 - 60	S
RTD	FuncEnab	\rightarrow		Disa	able	Enable of the protection function	Enable/Disable	_
	Options	\rightarrow	No F	Parameters		μ		
	TripLev	\rightarrow	No F	Parameters	3			
	Timers	\rightarrow	No F	Parameters	3			
IRF	FuncEnab	\rightarrow	No F	Parameters	3			
	Options	\rightarrow	Opl	No	Trip	Operation of output Relays on detection of	NoTrip – Trip	-
				lo romotoro			Tromp mp	
			No F	l Parameters	8	Internal Relay Fault		
	TripLev	\rightarrow		l Parameters Parameters				
	TripLev Timers	\rightarrow	No F		3			
CBMna	Timers	\rightarrow	No F	Parameters	3			
CBMng	Timers FuncEnab	\rightarrow	No F	Parameters	3			
CBMng	Timers FuncEnab Options	$\begin{array}{ c c c c } \rightarrow & \\ \rightarrow & \\ \rightarrow & \\ \end{array}$	No F	Parameters	6			
CBMng	Timers FuncEnab	\rightarrow	No F	Parameters Parameters Parameters Parameters	6		0.10 – 5.00	0.1
CBMng	Timers FuncEnab Options TripLev	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	No F No F No F	Parameters Parameters Parameters Parameters 0.	6	Internal Relay Fault		0.1
	Timers FuncEnab Options TripLev Timers	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	No F No F No F tcmd	Parameters Parameters On the control of the control	S S S 10	Internal Relay Fault C/B closing output command duration Maximum admissible delay for detection of status signal after C/B operation.	0.10 - 5.00 0.10 - 5.00	0.1
CBMng Osc	Timers FuncEnab Options TripLev	$\begin{array}{c c} \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$	No F No F No F tcmd	Parameters Parameters On On On One	s s s 10	Internal Relay Fault C/B closing output command duration Maximum admissible delay for detection of status	0.10 – 5.00 0.10 – 5.00 Enable/Disable Disable	
	Timers FuncEnab Options TripLev Timers FuncEnab	$\begin{array}{c c} \rightarrow \\ \end{array}$	No F No F No F tcmd tC	Parameters Parameters On On On One	6 6 10 10	Internal Relay Fault C/B closing output command duration Maximum admissible delay for detection of status signal after C/B operation. Enable of the protection function	0.10 – 5.00 0.10 – 5.00 Enable/Disable Disable Start Trip	0.1
	FuncEnab Options TripLev Timers FuncEnab Options	→ → → → → → → → →	No F No F tcmd tC Trg	Parameters Parameters O. O. Ena	s s 10 10 10	Internal Relay Fault C/B closing output command duration Maximum admissible delay for detection of status signal after C/B operation. Enable of the protection function	0.10 – 5.00 0.10 – 5.00 Enable/Disable Disable Start	0.1
	Timers FuncEnab Options TripLev Timers FuncEnab	$\begin{array}{c c} \rightarrow \\ \end{array}$	No F No F tcmd tC Trg	Parameters O. O. Ena Tr	s s 10 10 10	Internal Relay Fault C/B closing output command duration Maximum admissible delay for detection of status signal after C/B operation. Enable of the protection function	0.10 – 5.00 0.10 – 5.00 Enable/Disable Disable Start Trip	0.1

Comm	FuncEnab	\rightarrow	No P	arameters			
	Options	\rightarrow	LBd	9600	Local Baud Rate (Front panel RS232 communication speed)	9600 - 19200 38400 - 57600	-
			RBd	9600	Remote Baud Rate (Rear panel terminal blocks RS485 communication speed)	9600 - 19200	-
			Mod	8,n,1	Remote mode (communication parameters) Note: any change of this setting became valid at the next power on	8,n,1 8,o,1 8,e,1	-
		l i	RPr	Modbus	Remote Protocol	lec103-Modbus	-
	TripLev	\rightarrow	No Parameters				
	Timers	\rightarrow	No P	arameters			
LCD	FuncEnab	\rightarrow	No P	arameters			
	Options	\rightarrow	Key	BeepON	Buzzer "Beep" on operation of Keyboard buttons.	BeepON- BeepOFF	-
			BkL	Auto	LCD Backlight continuously "ON" or switched-on Automatically on operation of Keyboard buttons.	Auto - ON	-
	TripLev	\rightarrow	No P	arameters			
	Timers	\rightarrow	No P	arameters			

Settings can also be programmed via the serial communication ports.





11.6 - RelayCfg (Relay Configuration)

To associate one of the Output Relays to one or more functions (see § 13): enter the menu "R/W Set", select "Relay Cfg", select the "Relay #" to be programmed, select "Link"; at this stage the list of the available functions is displayed. Scrolling the list by the "+" and "-" keys the function is selected and than assigned by the key "Enter". The assignation is confirmed by the function indication that switches from blinking to steady.

Any of the Output Relays can be programmed to work in two different modes:

N.D. Normally Deenergized Relay is energized on trip of the associated functions
 N.E. Normally Energized Relay is deenergized on trip of the associated functions

Programming of working mode is made as above selecting "OpMode" instead of "Link".

	Dis	play				
Relay	Туре		Default Value	Description	Setting Range	Step
Relay1 (R1)	Link	\rightarrow	T>, tl>, l>>,tlH, tlo>, tlo>>,tloH	Association of functions to output relay R1	T> - Ta -l> - tl> - l>> - tl>> - IH - tlH - lo> - tlo> - lo>> - tlo>> - tloH -BF - RTD - IRF - HwRec - CBopen - CBclose	-
	OpMode	\rightarrow	N.D.	N.D. (Normally Deenergized) N.E. (Normally Energized)	N.D./N.E.	-
Relay2 (R2)	Link	\rightarrow	BF	Association of functions to output relay R2	T> - Ta -l> - tl> - l>> - tl>> - IH - tlH - lo> - tlo> - lo>> - tlo>> - tloH -BF - RTD - IRF - HwRec - CBopen - CBclose	-
	OpMode	\rightarrow	N.D.	N.D. (Normally Deenergized) N.E. (Normally Energized)	N.D./N.E.	-
Relay3 (R3)	Link	\rightarrow	Ta, I>, I>>, IH, Io>, IoH	Association of functions to output relay R3	T> - Ta -l> - tl> - l>> - tl>> - IH - tlH - lo> - tlo> - lo>> - tlo>> - tloH - BF - RTD - IRF - HwRec - CBopen - CBclose	-
	OpMode	\rightarrow	N.D.	N.D. (Normally Deenergized) N.E. (Normally Energized)	N.D./N.E.	-
Relay4 (R4)	Link	\rightarrow	IRF	Association of functions to output relay R4	T> - Ta -l> - tl> - l>> - tl>> - IH - tlH - lo> - tlo> - lo>> - tlo>> - tlo+ - tlo+ - CBclose	-
	OpMode	\rightarrow	N.E.	N.D. (Normally Deenergized) N.E. (Normally Energized)	N.D./N.E.	-

11.7 - Commands

- 🕒 " Commands "
- 🕒 1st Control,
- $\triangle \bigcirc$ to select other available control,
- **b** to operate selected control.

Display		Description
Clear	:	Erase memory of Trip Counters, Event Records.
Test	:	Starts a relay diagnostic test
Reset	:	Reset after trip
CBopen	:	Manual Open - Close Breaker
CBclose	:	Manual Close - Close Breaker
ResThIm	:	Reset Thermal Image

11.8 - Info&Ver (Firmware - Info&Version)

The menu displays the Relay Model and the Firmware Version

- "Real Time Meas "

(

- △♥ " Info/Ver ",

- △♥ " Model XXXXXX ",

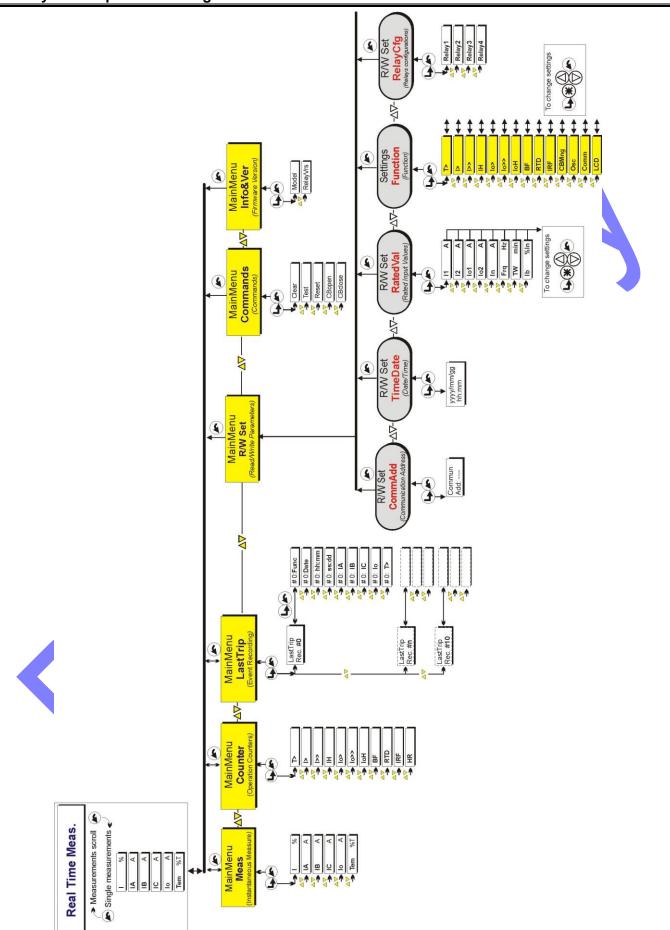
"RelayVrs ###.#.#X", to go back to "Info&Ver".

to go back to "Real Time Meas"

Model Relay Firmware Version

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12. Keyboard Operational Diagram





13. Password

This password is requested anytime the user wants to write in the "Settings" menu a command of the "Commands" menu.

The default password is "1111"

When password is required, proceed as follows

The Display shows the message "Password????" "

-	$(\nabla)(\Delta)$	to select 1 st digit (1-9)	(L)	to validate
-	\triangle	to select 2 nd digit (1-9)	L	to validate
-	\triangle	to select 3 rd digit (1-9)	L	to validate
-	\triangle	to select 4th digit (1-9)	L	to complete procedure.

The "password " is required any time you attempt to modify one of the programmable variables at the first entrance in the "Settings" and/or "Commands" menus.

The "password "remains valid for 2 minutes from the last operation of the programming buttons or until the button is pressed to return to the default display (RT Meas).

Once the Password has been entered, a "#" appears before the variable that can be modified.

13.1 - MS-Com Password

This password is requested anytime the user wants to send to the relay a setting parameters modification or to issue a command through the relay itself using the managing software MSCom. The user can decide whether inserting his own password (see MS-Com Operational Manual) or keeping the password disabled just clicking on the OK button when the password is requested.

14. Maintenance

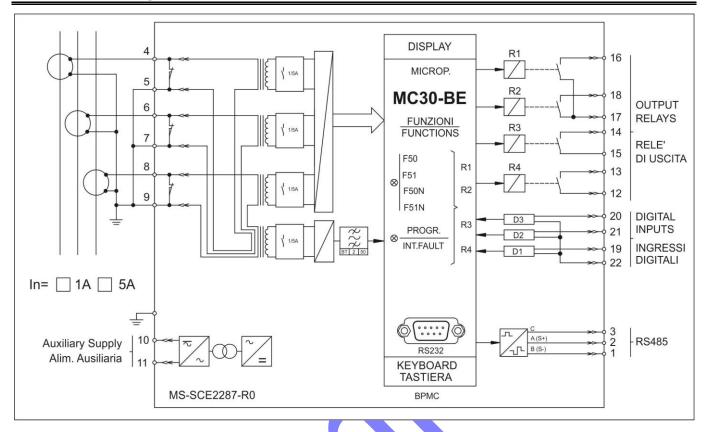
No maintenance is required. In case of malfunctioning please contact Microelettrica Scientifica Service or the local Authorised Dealer mentioning the relay's Serial No reported in the label on relays enclosure.

15. Power Frequency Insulation Test

Every relay individually undergoes a factory insulation test according to IEC255-5 standard at 2 kV, 50 Hz 1min. Insulation test should not be repeated as it unusefully stresses the dielectrics. When doing the insulation test, the terminals relevant to serial output, digital inputs and RTD input must always be short circuited to ground. When relays are mounted in switchboards or relay boards that have to undergo the insulation tests, the relay should be isolated. This is extremely important as discharges eventually tacking place in other parts or components of the board can severely damage the relays or cause damages not immediately evident to the electronic components.

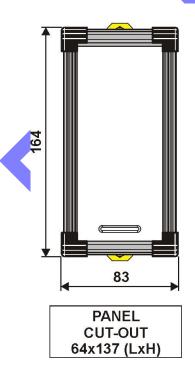


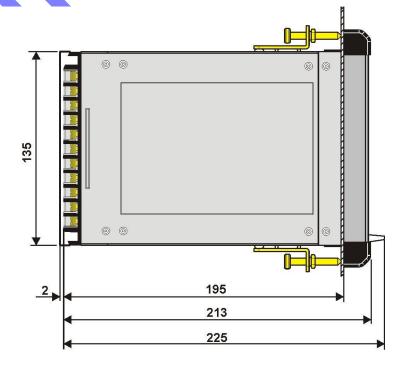
16. Connection Diagram



17. Overall Dimensions

Protection Degree IP44 (IP54 on request)







18. Direction for Pcb's Draw-Out and Plug-In

18.1 - Draw-Out

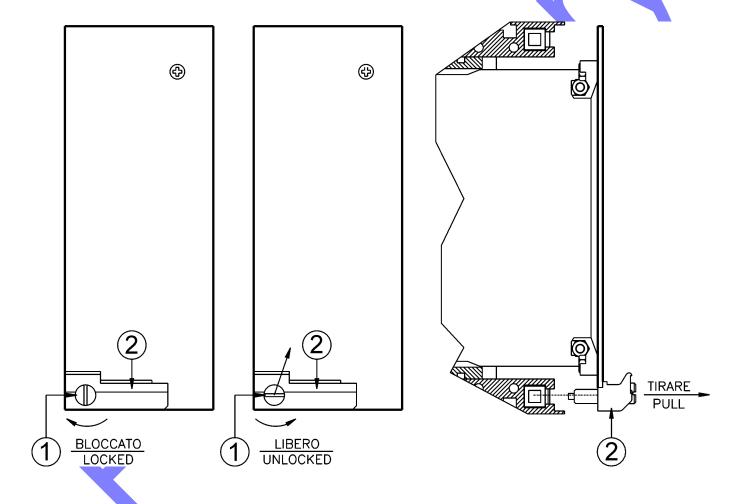
Rotate clockwise the screws 1 in the horizontal position of the screws-driver mark. Draw-out the PCB by pulling on the handle 2

18.2 - Plug-In

Rotate clockwise the screws ① in the horizontal position of the screws-driver mark. Slide-in the card on the rails provided inside the enclosure.

Plug-in the card completely and by pressing the handle to the closed position.

Rotate anticlockwise the screws ① with the mark in the vertical position (locked)



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19. Electrical Characteristics

	PROVAL: CE FERENCE STANDARDS	IEC 60255 - CE Directive	e - EN/IEC61000	- IEEE C3	<u>7</u>			
	Dielectric test voltage	IEC 60255-5	2kV, 50/60Hz, 1 min.					
	Impulse test voltage	IEC 60255-5	5kV (c.m.), 2kV (d.m.) – 1,2/50μs					
_	Insulation resistance	> 100MΩ						
Ξ'n	vironmental Std. Ref. (IEC	60068)						
	Operation ambient tempera	ature	-10°C / +55°C					
_	Storage temperature		-25°C / +70°C					
-	Environmental testing	(Cold) (Dry heat) (Change of temperature) (Damp heat, steady state)	IEC60068-2-1 IEC60068-2-2 IEC60068-2-14 IEC60068-2-78	RH 93% Without Condensing AT 40°C				
Œ	EMC Compatibility (EN61	000-6-2 - EN61000-6-4 - EN	<u>150263)</u>					
ב	Electromagnetic emission		EN55011	industrial environment				
_	Radiated electromagnetic field immunity test		IEC61000-4-3 ENV50204	level 3	80-2000MHz 900MHz/200Hz	10V/m 10V/m		
ב	Conducted disturbances in	nmunity test	IEC61000-4-6	level 3	0.15-80MHz	10V		
)	Electrostatic discharge test		IEC61000-4-2	level 3	6kV contact / 8kV	air		
3	Power frequency magnetic	IEC61000-4-8		1000A/m	50/60Hz			
)	Pulse magnetic field	IEC61000-4-9		1000A/m, 8/20μs				
1	Damped oscillatory magnetic field		IEC61000-4-10		100A/m, 0.1-1MHz			
ב	Immunity to conducted cordisturbance 0Hz-150KHz	mmon mode	IEC61000-4-16	level 4				
ב	Electrical fast transient/burst		IEC61000-4-4	level 3	2kV, 5kHz			
3	HF disturbance test with damped oscillatory wave (1MHz burst test)		IEC60255-22-1	class 3	400pps, 2,5kV (m.c.), 1kV (d.m.)			
_	Oscillatory waves (Ring wa	aves)	IEC61000-4-12	level 4	level 4 4kV(c.m.), 2kV(d.m.)			
ב	Surge immunity test		IEC61000-4-5	level 4	rel 4 2kV(c.m.), 1kV(d.m.)			
ב	Voltage interruptions		IEC60255-4-11					
1	Resistance to vibration and	d shocks	IEC60255-21-1	- IEC60255-21-2 10-500Hz 1g				
ELI	ECTRIC RATED VALUE							
		ne of influencing factors Current of the System's Transformer	2% In 0,2% On 2% + to (to=20÷	30ms @ 2x	for mea			
ב	Rated Current		In = 1A/5A - C					
ב	Current overload		400 A for 1 sec;	r 1 sec; 20A continuous				
1	Burden on current inputs		Fase : 0.1VA					
ב	Average power supply con	sumption	≤ 7 VA	·				
-	Output relays		A.C. resistive sw make = 30 A (pe break = 0.3 A, 1	ating 6 A; Vn = 250 V a.C. resistive switching = 1500VA (400V max) nake = 30 A (peak) 0,5 sec. reak = 0.3 A, 110 Vcc, /R = 40 ms (100.000 op.)				

□ RS485 (Back) 9600/19200/38400/57600 bps – 8,n,1 - 8,e,1 - 8,o,1 – Modbus RTU or IEC60870-5-103

□ RS232 (Front) 9600 – 8,n,1 – Modbus RTU

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