

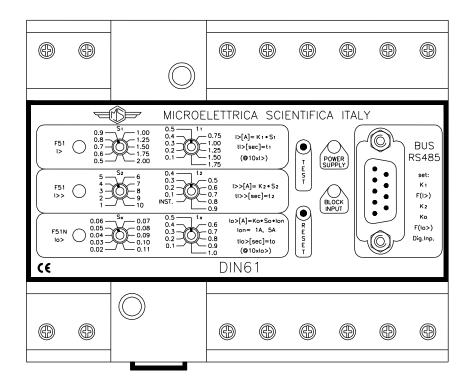
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MULTIFUNCTION DUAL LEVEL THREE PHASE OVERCURRENT + EARTH FAULT RELAY WITH SERIAL COMMUNICATION PORT

TYPE

DIN61

OPERATION MANUAL



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1. GENERAL UTILIZATION AND COMMISSIONING DIRECTIONS

Always make reference to the specific description of the product and to the Manufacturer's instruction.

Carefully observe the following warnings.

1.1 STORAGE AND TRANSPORTATION

Must comply with the environmental conditions stated on the product's instruction or by the applicable IEC standards

1.2 INSTALLATION

Must be properly made and in compliance with the operational ambient conditions stated by the Manufacturer.

1.3 ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

Must be made strictly according to the wiring diagram supplied with the Product, to its electrical characteristics and in compliance with the applicable standards particularly with reference to human safety.

1.4 MEASURING INPUTS AND POWER SUPPLY

Carefully check that the value of input quantities and power supply voltage are proper and within the permissible variation limits.

1.5 OUTPUTS LOADING

Must be compatible with their declared performance.

1.6 PROTECTION EARTHING

When earthing is required, carefully check its efficiency.

1.7 SETTING AND CALIBRATION

Carefully check the proper setting of the different functions according to the configuration of the protected system, the safety regulations and the co-ordination with other equipment.

1.8 SAFETY PROTECTION

Carefully check that all safety means are correctly mounted, apply proper seals where required and periodically check their integrity.

1.9 HANDLING

Notwithstanding the highest practicable protection means used in designing M.S. electronic circuits, the electronic components and semiconductor devices mounted on the modules can be seriously damaged by electrostatic voltage discharge which can be experienced when handling the modules.

The damage caused by electrostatic discharge may not be immediately apparent but the design reliability and the long life of the product will have been reduced. The electronic circuits produced by M.S. are completely safe from electrostatic discharge (15 KV IEC 255.22.2) when housed in their case; withdrawing the modules without proper cautions expose them to the risk of damage.



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1.10 MAINTENANCE

Make reference to the instruction manual of the Manufacturer; maintenance must be carried-out by specially trained people and in strict conformity with the safety regulations.

1.11 FAULT DETECTION AND REPAIR

Internal calibrations and components should not be alterated or replaced. For repair please ask the Manufacturer or its authorised Dealers.

Misapplication of the above warnings and instruction relieves the Manufacturer of any liability.

2. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS AND OPERATION

2.1 Input quantities are supplied to four current transformer

- 3 for phase current measurement rated 5A with burden 2mΩ (= 0,05VA @ 5A); Measurement is linear from 0,1 to 50A with resolution of 0,1A in the calculation of RMS value Permissible overload: 10A permanent, 200A for 1s. Recommended C.Ts. ≥3VA class 5P10
- 1 for measurement of residual current with taps for rated input Ion = 1 or 5A; Measurement is linear from 0,01 to 2 x Ion with resolution 0,004A in the calculation of the RMS value.

Ion = 1A : burden $10m\Omega$ (0,01VA @ 1A) Ion = 5A : burden $3m\Omega$ (0,075VA @ 5A)

If input is supplied by a core balance CT for high sensitivity Earth Fault detection, it is recommended to select a Ratio 100/1 Burden \geq 0,1VA

2.2 Power supply

Power supply input (terminals 1-2) is multivoltage autoranging 2kV isolated has no polarity and can accept any AC or DC voltage in the range \underline{a} or \underline{b} - Consumption \leq 3VA.



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2.3 Serial Communication

An RS485/RS232 serial communication port is available on relay's front. The communication is supported by a Jbus/Modbus compatible protocol.

The relay can be connected either directly to any IBM compatible P.C. via a dedicated cable or to an RS485 serial bus. The latter configuration allows the user to connect more than one relay to a P.C. via the same physical serial line.

A RS485/232 converter is available on request for connection to any IBM compatible P.C. or laptop.

A communication software (MODCOM) for Windows 3.11 and Windows 95 is available.

Please refer to the MODCOM instruction manual for more information.

The serial port provides the following functions/information:

- Control the test and Reset functions
- Read the actual R.M.S. measurement of the input quantities given as a number to be related to input current (see DATA BASE)
- Read the value of the different parameters as set on the rotary switches of relay's front face.
- Monitor the status of the digital input
- Monitor the status of the protection elements (normal/above set level/tripped).
- Monitor the self diagnostic function (E²P error, Calibration error)
- K₁ = Scale coefficient for the setting of the minimum pick-up level [I>] of the low set phase O/C
 element
- K₁ = 1 or 5
- K₂ = Scale coefficient for the setting of the minimum pick-up level [I>>] of the high set phase O/C
 element
- K₂ = 1 or 5 or Dis
- K_0 = Scale coefficient for the setting of the minimum pick-up level [lo>] of the Earth Fault current element
- $K_0 = 1 \text{ or } 5$
- F(I>) = Selection of the Time-Current operation characteristic of the how-set O/C element
- F(I>) = D, DL, SI, VI, EI
- F(lo>) = Selection of the Time-Current operation characteristic of the Earth Fault element
- F(lo>) = D, DL, SI, VI, EI
- DI = Selection of the operation mode of the Digital Inpu



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2.3.1 DIN61: DATA BASE

Continuition Con	Word number	Туре	Meaning	Range	Unit
68	(.Bit Number)	(I, O, I/O)			
Fig. O					
The color of the					
78.0 O					
1 SEZPROM error 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			·		
1	78.0	0	E2PROM status	0/1	1 => E2PROM error
80.0 O	78.1	0	Calibration status	0/1	
1 => test push button is pressed 80.1	78.2 => 78.15	/		/	/
1 => reset push button is pressed 80.2 O Status of input 1516 O/1 O => 1516 input is active 1 => 1516 input is active AND configured as blocking input 1 => 1516 input is not active OR configured as blocking input 1 => 1516 input is not active OR configured as blocking input 0 => 1516 input is not active OR configured as auto reset 1 => 1516 input is active AND configured as auto reset 1 => 1516 input is not active OR configu	80.0	0	Level of test push button	0/1	
80.2 O Status of input 1516 O/1 O => 1516 input is active	80.1	0	Level of reset push button	0/1	
Blocking input status	80.2	0	Status of input 1516	0/1	0 => 1516 input is active
80.4 => 80.15	80.3	0	Blocking input status	0/1	0 => 1516 input is active AND configured as blocking input 1 => 1516 input is not active OR not
as auto reset 1 => 1516 input is not active OR configured as active OR configured as autoreset 1 => 1516 input is not active OR configured as	80.4 => 80.15	/	Reserved	/	/
80.10 O Status of output relay #1 0/1 0 => Relay 1 open 1 => Relay 1 closed 80.11 O Status of output relay #2 0/1 0 => Relay 2 open 1 => Relay 2 closed 80.12 => 80.15 / Reserved / / 81.0 O Trip status, I >> 0/1 0 => I >> not tripped 1 => I > tripped 81.1 O Trip status, I >> 0/1 0 => I >> not tripped 1 => I >> tripped 81.2 O Trip status, O > 0/1 0 => O > not tripped 1 => I >> tripped 81.3 O Trip status, test 0/1 0 => Test trip 1 => No test trip 81.4 => 81.15 / Reserved / / 82.0 O Led 3 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 3 not flashing 1 => Led 3 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 1 => Led 1 flashing 1 => Led 1 flashing 1 => Led 2 flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 1 =>	80.4	0	Auto reset input status	0/1	1 => 1516 input is not active OR not
1 => Relay 1 closed		/		/	1
80.11 O Status of output relay #2 0/1 0 => Relay 2 open 1 => Relay 2 closed 80.12 => 80.15 / / / 81.0 O Trip status, I > 0/1 0 => I > not tripped 1 => I > tripped 81.1 O Trip status, I >> 0/1 0 => I >> not tripped 1 => I >> tripped 81.2 O Trip status, O > 0/1 0 => O > tripped 81.3 O Trip status, test 0/1 0 => Test trip 1 => No test trip 81.4 => 81.15 / Reserved / / 82.0 O Led 3 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 3 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.1 O Led 1 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 1 not flashing 1 => Led 1 flashing 1 => Led 1 flashing 1 => Led 2 flashing 82.2 O Led 2 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 2 flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.3 O Led 5 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 6 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing	80.10	0	Status of output relay #1	0/1	
80.12 => 80.15 / Reserved / / 81.0 O Trip status, I > 0/1 0 => I > not tripped 81.1 O Trip status, I >> 0/1 0 => I >> not tripped 81.2 O Trip status, O > 0/1 0 => O > not tripped 81.3 O Trip status, test 0/1 0 => Test trip 81.4 => 81.15 / Reserved / 82.0 O Led 3 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 3 not flashing 82.1 O Led 1 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 1 not flashing 82.2 O Led 2 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 2 not flashing 82.3 O Led 6 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 6 not flashing 82.4 O Led 5 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 3 flashing 82.5 O Led 4 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 4 not flashing 82.5 O Led 3 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 4 not flashing 82.5 O Le	80.11	0	Status of output relay #2	0/1	0 => Relay 2 open
81.0 O Trip status, I > 0/1 0 => I > not tripped 1 => I > tripped 81.1 O Trip status, I >> 0/1 0 => I > not tripped 1 => I > tripped 81.2 O Trip status, O > 0/1 0 => O > not tripped 1 => O > tripped 81.3 O Trip status, test 0/1 0 => Test trip 1 => No test trip 81.4 => 81.15 / Reserved / / 82.0 O Led 3 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 3 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.1 O Led 1 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 1 not flashing 1 => Led 1 flashing 1 => Led 2 flashing 82.2 O Led 2 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 2 not flashing 1 => Led 2 flashing 82.3 O Led 6 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 6 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.4 O Led 5 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 5 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.5 O Led 4 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 4 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing	80.12 => 80.15	/	Reserved	/	/
81.1 O Trip status, I >> 0/1 0 => I >> not tripped 1 => I >> tripped 81.2 O Trip status, O > 0/1 0 => O > not tripped 1 => O > tripped 81.3 O Trip status, test 0/1 0 => Test trip 1 => No test trip 81.4 => 81.15 / Reserved / / 82.0 O Led 3 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 3 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 1 => Led 1 flashing 1 => Led 2 flashing 1 => Led 3 flash		0	Trip status, I >	0/1	
81.2 O Trip status, O > 0/1 0 => O > not tripped 81.3 O Trip status, test 0/1 0 => Test trip 81.4 => 81.15 / Reserved / 82.0 O Led 3 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 3 not flashing 82.1 O Led 1 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 1 not flashing 82.2 O Led 2 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 2 not flashing 82.3 O Led 6 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 6 not flashing 82.4 O Led 5 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 5 not flashing 82.5 O Led 4 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 4 not flashing 82.5 O Led 4 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 4 not flashing 82.5 O Led 4 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 4 not flashing	81.1	0	Trip status, I >>	0/1	0 => I >> not tripped
81.3 O Trip status, test 0/1 0 => Test trip 1 => No test trip 81.4 => 81.15 / Reserved / / 82.0 O Led 3 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 3 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.1 O Led 1 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 1 not flashing 1 => Led 1 flashing 82.2 O Led 2 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 2 not flashing 1 => Led 2 flashing 82.3 O Led 6 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 6 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.4 O Led 5 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 5 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.5 O Led 4 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 4 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing	81.2	0	Trip status, O >	0/1	0 => O > not tripped
81.4 => 81.15 / Reserved / / 82.0 O Led 3 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 3 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.1 O Led 1 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 1 not flashing 1 => Led 1 flashing 82.2 O Led 2 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 2 not flashing 1 => Led 2 flashing 82.3 O Led 6 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 6 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.4 O Led 5 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 5 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.5 O Led 4 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 4 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing	81.3	0	Trip status, test	0/1	0 => Test trip
82.0 O Led 3 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 3 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.1 O Led 1 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 1 not flashing 1 => Led 1 flashing 82.2 O Led 2 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 2 not flashing 1 => Led 2 flashing 82.3 O Led 6 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 6 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.4 O Led 5 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 5 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.5 O Led 4 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 4 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing	81.4 => 81.15	/	Reserved	1	/
82.1 O Led 1 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 1 not flashing 1 => Led 1 flashing 82.2 O Led 2 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 2 not flashing 1 => Led 2 flashing 82.3 O Led 6 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 6 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.4 O Led 5 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 5 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.5 O Led 4 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 4 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing		0		0/1	
82.2 O Led 2 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 2 not flashing 1 => Led 2 flashing 82.3 O Led 6 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 6 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.4 O Led 5 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 5 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 82.5 O Led 4 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 4 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing	82.1	0	Led 1 flashing status	0/1	0 => Led 1 not flashing
82.3 O Led 6 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 6 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 0/1 0 => Led 5 flashing 0/1 0 => Led 5 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 0/1 0 => Led 4 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 0/1	82.2	0	Led 2 flashing status	0/1	0 => Led 2 not flashing
82.4 O Led 5 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 5 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 0/1 0 => Led 4 flashing 0/1 0 => Led 4 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing	82.3	0	Led 6 flashing status	0/1	0 => Led 6 not flashing
82.5 O Led 4 flashing status 0/1 0 => Led 4 not flashing 1 => Led 3 flashing	82.4	0	Led 5 flashing status	0/1	0 => Led 5 not flashing
	82.5	0	Led 4 flashing status	0/1	0 => Led 4 not flashing
02.0 => 02.10 / Keserved / /	82.6 => 82.15	/	Reserved	/	/
84 O I > tripping level 6002400 1200 => In ³	84	0		6002400	1200 => In ³
85 O I > tripping time 10175 0.01s	85	0			



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Word number (.Bit Number)	Type (I, O, I/O)	Meaning	Range	Unit
86	0	I >> tripping level	120012000	1200 => In ³
87	0	I >> tripping time	090	0.01s
88	0	O > tripping level	2401320	11998 => On ⁴
89	0	O > tripping time	10100	0.01s
106.0	I/O	Remote test command	0/1	0 => No Remote Test 1 => Remote Test
106.1	I/O	Remote reset command	0/1	0 => No Remote Reset 1 => Remote Reset
106.2106.15	/	Reserved	/	/
107	I/O	Blocking input time	05	0 => Dis 15 => 0.1s
108	I/O	Config. word	02	0 => I >> Dis. 1 => KI >> = 1 2 => KI >> = 5
109, Low byte	I/O	Config. byte	05	0 => I > Dis. 1 => I > D 2 => I > DL 3 => I > SI 4 => I > VI 5 => I > EI
109, High byte	I/O	Config byte	05	0 => O > Dis. 1 => O > D 2 => O > DL 3 => O > SI 4 => O > VI 5 => O > EI
110.0	I/O	Config bit	0/1	0 => Blocking input doesn't block I > 1 => Blocking input blocks I >
110.1	I/O	Config bit	0/1	0 => Blocking input doesn't block O > 1 => Blocking input blocks O >
110.2	I/O	Config bit	0/1	0 => Blocking input doesn't block I >> 1 => Blocking input blocks I >>
110.3	I/O	Config bit	0/1	0 => 15-16 input => Auto Reset 1 => 15-16 input => Blocking input
110.4110.15	/	Reserved	/	/
111122	1	Reserved for final factory test and calibration	/	/
111	0	ld word #1	Constant = 'DI'	ASCII
112	0	ld word #2	Constant = 'N6'	ASCII
113	0	Id word #3	Constant = '1 '	ASCII
114	0	Id word #4	Constant = ' '	ASCII
115	0	Id word #5	Constant = ' '	ASCII
123	I/O	Node address	163	1

¹ Phase currents are represented using a conventional unit. A value equal to 1200 corresponds to the nominal phase current (In).

² Zero sequence current is represented using a conventional unit. A value equal to 1200 corresponds to the nominal zero sequence current (On).

³ Phase tripping levels are represented using a conventional unit. A value equal to 1200 corresponds to the nominal phase current (In).

⁴ Zero sequence tripping levels are represented using a conventional unit. A value equal to 1200 corresponds to the nominal phase current (In).



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2.4 Digital Input (Terminals 15-16)

It is electrically connected to the power supply and can be operated only by a cold (not energized) contact.

The digital input is activated when its the terminals are shorted.

The function of the Digital Input (D.I.) can be programmed via the serial port as follows:

Programming "AutoReset"

The D.I. is used to control the reset mode of the output relays R1, R2.

If terminals 15-16 are shorted, reset after tripping takes place automatically as soon as the input current below the minimum pick-up level (I<[I>], Io<[Io>]).

If terminals 15-16 are open, reset after tripping is controlled via the Reset button on relay's front or via closing a N/O contact connected to terminals 15-16 (Remote Reset).

Programming "Block Input"

The D.I. is used to increase the trip time delay of the relay's functions by the additional programmable time TBI (sec)

[TBI] = 0.1 - 0.2 - 0.3 - 0.4 - 0.5 - Dis.

When programmed TBI = Dis, the pick-up of the output relay is blocked as long as the D.I. is active (terminals 15-16 shorted).

This function can be control one or more of relay's functions according to programming of D.I.:

D.I. = I> : D.I. when active increases the trip time delay of the function I> : tI>=[tI>]+[TI]

D.I. = l>>: as above tl>> = [tl>>]+[Tl]

D.I. = lo>: as above tlo> = [tlo>]+[TI]

D.I. = I>+Io>: as above I>=[II>]+[TI] and II>=[IIo>]+[TI]

D.I. = |+|>+|>> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+> + |+>

D.I. = l >>+ lo >: as above t >>= [t >>]+[T I] and t lo >= [t lo >]+[T I]



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2.5 Output relays R1 - R2

Relay R1 is operated by low-set O/C element and by O/C element (tl>> and tl>).

Relay R2 is operated by high set E/F element (tl₀>).

Two N/O contacts with a common point are controlled by relays R1 and R2 (one for each relay)

- Maximum continuos rating : 5A - 250V

Maximum switching power
 Maximum switching voltage
 1250VA (5A resistive)
 250Vac - 110Vdc

- Maximum make current : 20A - 0,5s

- Maximum DC brake current : 0,2A - 110Vdc L/R=40ms

2.6 Signalizations and controls (see Fig. 1)

2.6.1 Low set phase overcurrent element 1-F51

 $I > = S_1 \cdot K_1$: minimum pick-up phase current (input Amps) of relay R1

 $tl > = t_1$: trip time delay (sec) of relay R1 for phase O/C (*)

- ① - 10-step Rotary Switch for setting the value [S₁];

the scale coefficient [K₁] can be 1 or 5 according to programming (see § 2.3.1)

- ② - 10-step Rotary Switch for setting of the trip time delay [tl>] = [t₁]

The operation mode and the time current curve is selected by programming the parameter [FI>]. (see § 2.3.1)

[FI>] = D : standard independent Definite time

Relay's pick-up takes place when the actual current exceeds the set level [I>] for the set time [tI>] = [t₁]

[FI>] = DL : Long independent Definite time :

Relay's pick-up takes place when the actual current exceeds the set level [I>] for the set time [tI>] = 10 • [t₁]

[FI>] = SI : Standard dependent Inverse time :

Element's operation starts when the actual current exceeds the set level [I>] and relay's pick-up time delay tI> depends on the ratio of the actual current I to the set level [I>]:

$$tI> = \frac{10^{0.02}-1}{\left(I/[I>]\right)^{0.02}-1} \bullet [tI>] = \frac{0.047}{\left(I/[I>]\right)^{0.02}-1} \bullet [tI>]$$



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[FI>] = VI : Dependent Very Inverse time :

Same as for the setting SI with

$$tI > = \frac{10-1}{(I/[I>])-1} \bullet [tI>] = \frac{9}{(I/[I>])-1} \bullet [tI>]$$

[FI>] = EI : Dependent Extremely Inverse time :

Same as for the setting SI with

$$tI > = \frac{10^2 - 1}{(I/[I>])^2 - 1} \bullet [tI>] = \frac{99}{(I/[I>])^2 - 1} \bullet [tI>]$$

(*) In the dependent time operation mode SI, VI, EI, the set time $[t_1]$ corresponds to the actual relay's pick-up time delay when the fault current I is ten times the set level [I>]:

$$I = 10[I>] \Rightarrow tI> = [t_1]$$

-3- Red signal led F51 - I>

Operates when the actual current l≥[l>]; the led is :

a - Flashing during the trip time delay tl>

b - Illuminated on tripping after tl>

Reset from status - a - is automatic

Reset from status - b - is manual by the Reset button ①

(*) The status of the LEDs is memorized even on failure of power supply

2.6.2 High set phase overcurrent element 2-F51

 $l>> = S_2 \cdot K_2$: minimum pick-up phase current (input Amps) of relay R1

 $tl >> = t_2$: trip time delay (sec) of relay R1 for phase O/C

- (4) 10-step Rotary Switch for setting the value [S₂] the scale coefficient [K2] can be 1 or 5 or Dis. (= element disactivated) according to programming (see § 2.3.1)
- -\$\sigma\$ 10-step Rotary Switch for setting of the independent definite time delay [tl>>] = [t2]



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-6- Red signal Led F51-l>>

Operates when the actual current l≥[l>>]; the led is :

a - Flashing during the trip time delay tl>>

b - Illuminated on tripping after tl>>

Reset from status - a - is automatic

Reset from status - b - is manual by the Reset button ①

(*) The status of the LEDs is memorized even on failure of power supply

2.6.3 Earth Fault element F51N

lo> = S₀•K₀ : minimum pick-up phase current (neutral input Amps) of relay R2

 $tlo> = t_o$: trip time delay (sec) of relay R2 for earth fault (*)

-⑦- 10-step Rotary Switch for setting the value [S₀]; the scale coefficient [K₀] can be 1 or 5 according to programming (see § 2.3.1)

-8- 10-step Rotary Switch for setting of the trip time delay $[tlo>] = [t_o]$ The operation mode and the time current curve is selected by programming the parameter [Flo>]. (see § 2.3.1)

[Flo>] = D : Standard Independent Definite time

Relay's pick-up takes place when the actual current exceeds the set level [lo>] for the set time $[tlo>] = [t_o]$

[Flo>] = DL : Long Independent Definite time

Relay's pick-up takes place when the actual current exceeds the set level [lo>] for the set time [tlo>] = $10 \cdot [t_0]$

[Flo>] = SI : Standard Dependent Inverse time :

Element's operation starts when the actual current exceeds the set level [lo>] and relay's pick-up time delay tlo> depends on the ratio of the actual current lo to the set level [lo>]:

$$tIo > = \frac{10^{0.02} - 1}{\left(Io / [Io >]\right)^{0.02} - 1} \bullet [tIo >] = \frac{0.047}{\left(Io / [Io >]\right)^{0.02} - 1} \bullet [tIo >]$$

[Flo>] = VI : Dependent Very Inverse time :

Same as for the setting SI with

$$tIo > = \frac{10-1}{(Io/[Io>])-1} \bullet [tIo>] = \frac{9}{(Io/[Io>])-1} \bullet [tIo>]$$



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[Flo>] = EI: Dependent Extremely Inverse time: Same as for the setting SI with

$$tIo > = \frac{10^2 - 1}{(Io/[Io>])^2 - 1} \bullet [tIo>] = \frac{99}{(Io/[Io>])^2 - 1} \bullet [tIo>]$$

(*) In the dependent time operation mode SI, VI, EI, the set time [t_o] corresponds to the actual relay's pick-up time delay when the fault current I is ten times the set level [lo>] : $lo = 10[lo>] \Rightarrow tlo> = [t_o]$

-9- Red signal Led F51N-lo>

Operates when the actual current I≥[Io>]; the led is :

a - Flashing during the trip time delay tlo>

b - Illuminated on tripping after tlo>

Reset from status - a - is automatic

Reset from status - b - is manual by the Reset button ①

- (*) The status of the LEDs is memorized even on failure of power supply
- ⑩- Test push button

When pressed makes all the functions trip and all the leds lit-on

-(11) - Reset push button :

Press to reset after function's tripping the signal led and the output relay when Manual Reset is programmed

- (12) Green Led "Power Supply" : Illuminated in normal operation when power input is energized. Flashing when a relay's internal fault is detected by the autodiagnostic function.
- (13) Yellow Led "Block Input" : Flashing when terminals 15-16 are shorted

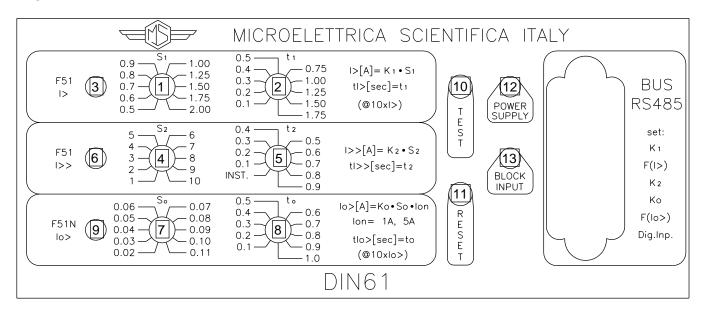


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Fig.1



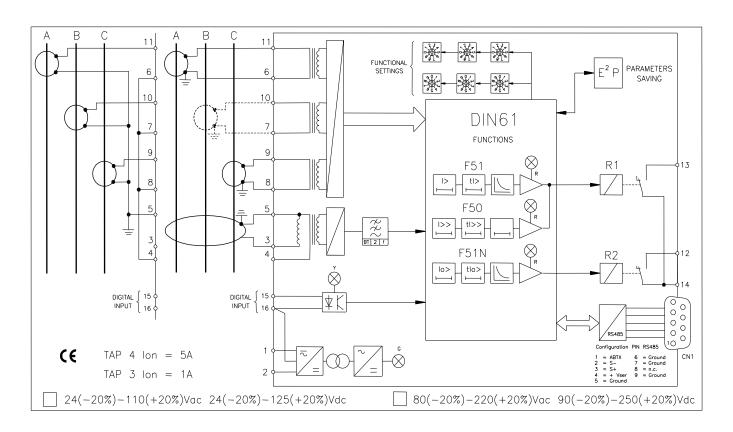


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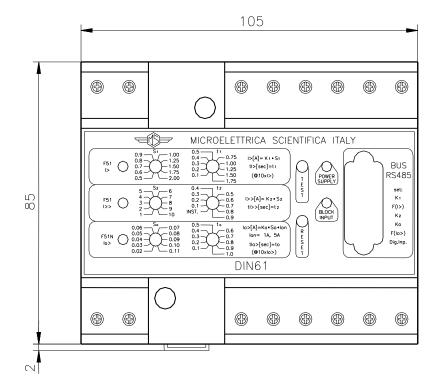
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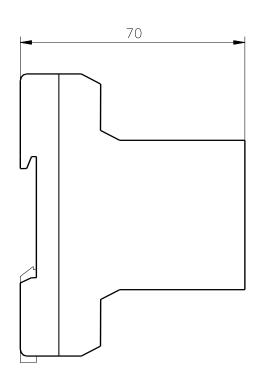
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3 CONNECTION DIAGRAM (SCE1465 Rev.1)



4 OVERALL DIMENSIONS (D46030 Rev.1)







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5 MAINTENANCE

No maintenance is required. Periodically a functional check-out can be made by operating the TEST button on relay's front. In case of malfunctioning please contact Microelettrica Scientifica Service or the local Authorised Dealer mentioning the relay's Serial N° reported in the label on relays enclosure.

6 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Reference standards
Dielectric test voltage
Impulse test voltage
Immunity to high frequency burst

Immunity to electrostatic discharge Immunity to sinusoidal wave burst Immunity to radiated E.M. field Immunity to 50-60 Hz magnetic field Immunity to impulse magnetic field Immunity to magnetic burst Resistance to vibration and shocks Rated current phase input Rated current residual current input Current overload Burden on current inputs Average power supply consumption Output relays

Operation ambient temperature Storage temperature

IEC 255, 801; CEI 41-1; IEEE C37; CE 2000 V, 50 Hz, 1 min. 5kV (MC), 1kV (MD) - 1,2/50μμs 1 kV (MC), 0,5 kV (MD) - 0,1 MHz 2,5 kV (MC), 1 kV (MD) - 1 MHz 15 kV 100 V - (0,01-1) MHz 10 V/m - (20-1000) MHz 1000 A/m 1000 A/m - 8/20μs 100A/m - (0,1-1) MHz 10-500 Hz - 1 g - 0,075 mm In = 1 or 5 AOn = 1 or 5 A200 a for 1 sec; 10 A continuos $Z_F=2m\Omega$ phase at In; $Z_0=3/10m\Omega$ at On=1/5A 2,5 VA rating 5 A; 250V AC Max switching power = 1250VA Max switching current = 5A (resistive) Max switching voltage = 250V AC - 110V DC Max make current= 0,2A, 110V DC, L/R=40ms

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The performances and the characteristics reported in this manual are not binding and can modified at any moment without notice